CHAPTER VII.

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.

§ 1. General.

1. Introduction.—A complete statistical account of the growth of the manufacturing industry in Australia cannot be given owing to the fact that prior to 1906 the necessary statistics were not collected by the several States on a definite and uniform basis. A standard classification of manufacturing industries was formulated at a conference of Australian Statisticians in 1902 and adopted by all States in 1906. Figures on this basis were prepared for 1907 and subsequent years.

Prior to the federation of the Australian States in 1901, the manufacturing industry in Australia was primarily engaged in the production of goods for local use, mainly of food commodities, furniture, bricks, clothing made from imported materials, printing, the repair rather than the manufacture of machinery, and the preliminary treatment of primary products, such as wool-scouring and sawmilling.

After federation, steady expansion of the manufacturing industry resulted from the removal of interstate trade barriers and the operation of a uniform protective tariff. This expansion was quickened as a result of the demands created by the 1914–18 War, the curtailment of imports, and the rapid growth of spending power within the community. New and more advanced development took place, iron and steel works and many related and subsidiary industries were established, extensive manufacture of machinery was begun, and a wide range of high-grade products—textiles, metal manufactures, electrical goods, etc.—was added to the list of commodities made in Australia.

A check was made to this expansion by the world-wide economic depression of 1929-33, but in 1933 returning general prosperity and the opportunities opened to local manufacturers by import restrictions, together with depreciation of Australian currency, gave renewed stimulus to manufacturing enterprise. As economic conditions improved, the tariff, revenue duties and primage were reduced, but without materially prejudicing the progress of local manufactures.

When war broke out in September, 1939, Australia became a major source of supply for British countries east of Suez and in meeting these demands, as well as those arising locally because of interruption of oversea importations, existing manufacturing industries expanded, and new enterprises were developed rapidly for the production of all classes of munitions, aircraft, ships, many new kinds of machinery and metal manufactures, scientific equipment, textiles, chemicals, etc. The outbreak of war with Japan, the basing of Allied armed forces in Australia, and Australian responsibilities for supplies in the South-west Pacific Area, gave added impetus to these developments, and manufacturing in Australia outstripped all previous levels.

The cessation of war production and the transition of industry to a peace-time basis temporarily retarded progress, but from 1945-46 onward there was renewed expansion of the manufacturing industries to which an inflow of capital from overseas contributed.

2. Decentralization of Manufacturing Industries.—Following upon a report by the Secondary Industries Commission, the Commonwealth Government called a conference of Commonwealth and State Ministers in August, 1945, to formulate a national policy for the decentralization of secondary industries. It was agreed that the State Governments should seek to promote decentralization along the lines appropriate to each, providing necessary services, assistance and concessions to the full extent of State resources. The Commonwealth undertook to collaborate in all matters of Commonwealth industrial policy

affecting the development and location of industry, to investigate in association with the States the prospects of developing secondary industries in selected areas, to advise the States of developments desirable for defence purposes, and to provide financial assistance for projects of national importance where the cost would be great relative to the State's resources.

The Commonwealth has assisted decentralization by allocating to private industry munitions and other defence buildings in decentralized areas and accommodating migrants in provincial centres with prospects of development. Oversea firms contemplating establishment in Australia are encouraged to select locations in rural areas or the less industrialized States.

- 3. Commonwealth Division of Industrial Development.—The functions of the Division of Industrial Development include the encouragement of industrial development, the exercising of Commonwealth responsibilities for the decentralization of industry, the promotion of industrial efficiency (especially the study of technical, production and managerial problems and the dissemination and application of new knowledge and methods), the encouragement of the development of technological institutes and the publication of studies of the structure and operation of Australian manufacturing industries. The Division was attached to the Ministry of National Development when formed in March, 1950, to plan the development of national resources and to promote decentralization and regional development in conjunction with the States, but was transferred to the Department of Trade in January, 1956.
- 4. Customs and Excise Tariffs and Bounties on Manufactures.—Particulars of Australian customs and excise tariffs, and the constitution and functions of the Australian Tariff Board in relation to matters affecting the industrial development of Australia, are given in Chapter X.—Trade.

Bounties are paid by the Commonwealth Government to encourage local manufacture of certain products. The statutory provisions usually fix a term of operation of the bounty, provide for payment at a rate varying according to changes in the corresponding customs duty, specify the annual maximum amount of bounty payable, and require the bounty to be withheld or reduced if a manufacturer's net profit in production of the commodity exceeds a certain rate or if rates of wages and conditions of employment in production of the commodity do not conform to prescribed standards.

- 5. Scientific Research and Standardization.—(i) The Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization. The function of this Organization, reference to which also appears in Chapter XXX., is to initiate and conduct research in connexion with industries in Australia, to train research workers, to establish industrial research student-ships and fellowships, to make grants in aid of pure scientific research, to establish industrial research associations in various industries, to provide for testing and standardization of scientific equipment, to conduct an information service relating to scientific and industrial matters, and to act for Australia in liaison with other countries in matters of scientific research.
- (ii) The Standards Association of Australia. This Association, which is referred to also in Chapter XXX., acts as the national standardizing organization of Australia and issues standard specifications for materials and codes of practice. Specifications and codes are prepared and revised periodically in accordance with the needs of industry, and standards are evolved and accepted by general consent.
- (iii) The National Association of Testing Authorities. The National Association of Testing Authorities organizes national testing facilities throughout Australia to serve private and governmental needs. Laboratories may register voluntarily in respect of tests within their competence and the Association ensures the maintenance of their standards of testing. It is expected that there will be general acceptance of certificates of tests issued in the name of the Association by the registered laboratories.

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6. Definitions in Factory Statistics.—The statistics relating to factories have been compiled from tabulations made by the several State Statisticians from returns supplied to them annually by manufacturers in accordance with the Statistical Acts of the States. A return must be supplied in respect of every factory, which is defined for this purpose as an establishment where four or more persons are employed or where power (other than manual) is used in any manufacturing process. This definition includes factories in educational and charitable institutions, reformatories, and other public institutions (except penitentiaries) but does not cover smallgoods makers, laundries, farriers, photography studios, florists and seedsmen, or most abattoirs. It should be noted that details relating to small establishments not classified for statistical purposes as factories are not included in the figures contained in this chapter.

If a manufacturing business is conducted in conjunction with any other activity, particulars relating to the manufacturing section only are included in the statistics. Where two or more industries are conducted in the same establishment, a separate return is obtained for each industry if practicable.

Manufacturers are requested to state in their returns particulars as to the number, age, wages, etc., of their employees, the value of premises and equipment, the horse-power of machinery, the value, and in most cases the quantities, of raw materials and fuel used, and quantities and values of principal materials and articles produced. The returns obtained from manufacturers are not intended to show a complete record of the income or expenditure of factories nor to show the profits or losses of factories collectively or individually.

The average number of persons employed is quoted on two different bases: the average during the period of operation and the average over the whole year. Of these, the former is simply the aggregate of the average number of persons employed in each factory during its period of operation (whether the whole or only part of the year). This average is used only in respect of details relating to classification according to the number of persons employed. The latter, which is used in all other instances, is calculated by reducing the average number working in the factories (irrespective of period of operation) to the equivalent number working for a full year.

Working proprietors are included in all employment figures other than those relating to monthly employment and age dissections, but salaries and wages paid in all cases exclude drawings by working proprietors.

The value of factory output is the value of the goods manufactured or their value after passing through the particular process of manufacture and includes the amount received for repair work, work done on commission and receipts for other factory work. The basis of valuation of the output is the selling value of the goods at the factory, exclusive of all delivery costs and charges and excise duties, but inclusive of bounty and subsidy payments to the manufacturer of the finished article.

The value of production is the value added to raw materials by the process of manufacture. It is calculated by deducting from the value of factory output the value (at the factory) of the materials used, containers and packing, power, fuel and light used, tools replaced, and materials used in repairs to plant (but not depreciation charges).

In the process of manufacture, many goods are treated in several industries, the output of one becoming the raw materials of another, so that such commodities are counted more than once in the aggregate value of output and of raw materials. Examples are raw sugar passing from the mills to the refinery, metals from the smelters which become raw materials in establishments concerned in the production of metal goods, and timber from the saw-mills used in furniture factories and in joinery. On the other hand, the aggregate value of production is assessed without duplication, the value added by each industry being taken into account once only. For this reason, the value of production, and not the value of the output, is used as a measure of activity in the manufacturing industries as a whole.

In the special case of Government factories and workshops, the value of output is, in most cases, estimated by adding 10 per cent. to the value of materials and fuel used and other factory costs, including salaries and wages paid.

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7. Classification of Factories.—In the compilation of statistical data relating to factories in Australia, a standard classification of manufacturing industries, formulated at a conference of Australian Statisticians in 1902 and revised from time to time, was used until the year 1929-30. A new classification was introduced in 1930-31, and this in turn was revised and extended (principally in respect of the placement and composition of sub-classes) in accordance with decisions of the Statisticians' Conference, 1945.

Owing to limitations of space, details published in general tables in this chapter are confined either to the sixteen classes of industry or to total factory activity. Particulars of certain of the sub-classes shown below are published in the latter portion of this chapter and full details for all sub-classes may be found in the Bulletin Secondary Industries, published annually.

The principal classes and sub-classes in the current classification of factories are as follows:—

CLASSIFICATION OF FACTORIES.

CLASS I.—TREATMENT OF NON-METALLIFEROUS MINE AND QUARRY PRODUCTS.

Coke Works.
Briquetting and Pulverized Coal.
Carbide.
Lime, Plaster of Paris, Asphalt.
Fibrous Plaster and Products.
Marble, Slate, etc.
Cement, Portland.
Asbestos Cement Sheets and Mouldings.
Other Cement Goods.
Other.

CLASS II.—BRICKS, POTTERY, GLASS, ETC. Bricks and Tiles. Earthenware, China, Porcelain and Terracotta. Glass (other than Bottles). Glass Bottles. Other.

CLASS III.—CHEMICALS, DYES, EXPLOSIVES, PAINTS, OILS, GREASE.

Industrial and Heavy Chemicals and Acids. Pharmaceutical and Toilet Preparations. Explosives (including Fireworks). White Lead, Paints and Varnish. Oils, Wegetable. Oils, Mineral. Oils, Animal. Boiling-down, Tallow-refining. Soap and Candles. Chemical Fertilizers. Inks, Polishes, etc. Matches. Other.

CLASS IV.—INDUSTRIAL METALS, MACHINES, CONVEYANCES.

Smelting, Converting, Refining, Rolling of Iron and Steel. Foundries (Ferrous).
Plant, Equipment and Machinery, etc. Other Engineering. Extracting and Refining of other Metals; Alloys. Electrical Machinery, Cables and Apparatus. Construction and Repair of Vehicles (10 groups). Ship and Boat Building and Repairing, Marine Engineering (Government and Other). Cuttery and Small Hand Tools. Agricultural Machines and Implements. Non-Ferrous Metals—Rolling and Extrusion. Founding, Casting, etc. Iron and Steel Sheets.

Non-Ferrous Metais—
Rolling and Extrusion.
Founding, Casting, etc.
Iron and Steel Sheets.
Sheet Metal Working, Pressing, and Stamping.
Pipes, Tubes and Fittings—Ferrous.
Wire and Wire Netting (including Nails).
Stoves, Ovens and Ranges.
Gas Fittings and Meters.
Lead Mills.

CLASS IV.—INDUSTRIAL METALS, MACHINES, CONVEYANCES—continued.

Sewing Machines. Arms, Ammunition (excluding Explosives). Wireless and Amplifying Apparatus. Other Metal Works.

CLASS V.—PRECIOUS METALS, JEWELLERY, PLATE. Jewellery. Watches and Clocks (including Repairs). Electroplating (Gold, Silver, Chromium, etc.).

CLASS VI.—Textiles and Textile Goods (NOT Dress).

Cotton Ginning.
Cotton Spinning and Weaving.
Wool—Carding, Spinning, Weaving.
Hosiery and Other Knitted Goods.
Silk, Natural.
Rayon, Nylon and Other Synthetic Fibres.
Flax Mills.
Rope and Cordage.
Canvas Goods, Tents, Tarpaulins, etc.
Bags and Sacks.
Other.

CLASS VII.—Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear).

Furriers and Fur-dressing.
Woolscouring and Fellmongery.
Tanning, Currying and Leather-dressing.
Saddlery, Harness and Whips.
Machine Belling (Leather or other).
Bags, Trunks, etc.

CLASS VIII .- CLOTHING (EXCEPT KNITTED).

Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing.
Waterproof and Oilskin Clothing.
Dressmaking, Hemstitching.
Millinery.
Shirts, Collars, Underclothing.
Foundation Garments.
Handkerchiefs, Ties and Scarves.
Hats and Caps.
Gloves.
Boots and Shoes (not Rubber).
Boot and Shoe Repairing.
Boot and Shoe Repairing.
Umbrellas and Walking Sticks.
Dyeworks and Cleaning, etc.
Other.

CLASS IX .- FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO.

Flour-milling.
Cereal Foods and Starch.
Animal and Bird Foods.
Chaffcutting and Corn-crushing.
Bakeries (including Cakes and Pastry).
Biscuits.
Sugar-mills.

CLASS IX.-FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO-

Sugar-refining. ougar-renning. Confectionery (including Chocolate and Icing Sugar). Jam, Fruit and Vegetable Canning. Pickles, Sauces, Vinegar. Bacon Curing. Butter Factories.

Cheese Factories

Condensed and Dried Milk Factories.

Margarine. Meat and Fish Preserving. Condiments, Coffee, Spices. Ice and Refrigerating.

Salt.

Aerated Waters, Cordials, etc. Breweries

Distilleries. Wine-making Cider and Perry. Malting. Bottling.

Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes, Snuff. Dehydrated Fruit and Vegetables.

Ice Čream. Sausage Casings. Arrowroot. Other.

CLASS X.—SAWMILLS, JOINERY, BOXES, ETC., WOOD TURNING AND CARVING.

Sawmills.
Plywood Mills (including Veneers).
Bark Mills. Joinery. Cooperage

Boxes and Cases.

Basketware and Wickerware (including Sea-grass Basketware and Wicketware (including Sea-grass and Bamboo Furniture).

Perambulators (including Pushers and Strollers).

Wall and Ceiling Boards (not Plaster or Cement).

Other.

CLASS XI.-FURNITURE OF WOOD, BEDDING, etc. Cabinet and Furniture Making including Billiard Tables and Upholstery.

Bedding and Mattresses (not Wire).

Furnishing Drapery. CLASS XI.—FURNITURE OF WOOD, BEDDING, ETC.continued.

Picture Frames

Other.

CLASS XII.—PAPER, STATIONERY, PRINTING, BOOKBINDING, ETC.

Newspapers and Periodicals. Printing-Government. General, including Bookbinding. Manufactured Stationery. Stereotyping, Electrotyping.
Process and Photo Engraving.
Cardboard Boxes, Cartons and Containers. Paper Bags. Paper-making Pencils, Penholders, Chalks, Crayons.

CLASS XIII.—RUBBER. Rubber Goods (including Tyres Made.)
Tyre Retreading and Repairing.

CLASS XIV.-MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Gramophones and Gramophone Records. Pianos, Piano-Players, Organs. Other.

CLASS XV .- MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS. Linoleum, Leather-cloth, Oil-cloth, etc. Bone, Horn, Ivory and Shell. Plastic Moulding and Products. Brooms and Brushes. Optical Instruments and Appliances.
Surgical and Other Scientific Instruments and Appliances Photographic Materials, (including Developing and Printing). Toys, Games and Sports Requisites. Artificial Flowers. Other.

CLASS XVI .-- HEAT, LIGHT, AND POWER. Electric Light and Power. Gas Works.

8. Factory Development since 1901-Australia.-The development of the manufacturing industries in Australia at intervals since 1901 is summarized in the following table:-

FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA.

				Salaries	Value of—							
Year.		Fac- tories.	Employ- ment.(a)	and Wages Paid.(b)	Materials and Fuel Used.	Output.	Pro- duction. (c)	Land and Build- ings.	Plant and Ma- chinery.			
		No.	'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.			
1901		11,143	198	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)	(d)			
1911		14,455	312	27,528	81,763	133,022	51,259	32,701	31,516			
1920-21		17,113	367	62,932	213,559	323,993	110,434	60,831	68,655			
1930-31		21,751	339	62,455	172,489	290,799	118,310	112,211	124,498			
1940-41		27,300	650	137,919	386,881	644,795	257,914	144,094	161,356			
1949-50		41.596	917	385,797	983,924	1,645,456	661,532	259,549	285,602			
1950-51	••	43,147	969	491,718	1,306,963	2,150,835	843,872	302,785	336,61 5			
1951-52		45,844	978	611,789	1,609,839	2,634,706	1,024,867	359,490	410,144			
1952-53		47,740	933	635,245	1,637,142	2,720,004	1,082,862	414,446	493,534			
1953-54		49,576	990	705,137	1,868,431	3,095,476	1,227,045	483,431	580,715			
1954-55		51,056	1.031	781,640	2,069,080	3,434,589	1,365,509	555,996	698,292			
1955-56		52,406	1,060	853,469	2,264,946	3,763,710	1,498,764	655,582	803,540			

⁽a) 1901 and 1911—average employment during period of operation. Later years relate to average employment over whole year. Working proprietors are included in all years. (b) Excludes drawings by working proprietors. (c) Value of output less value of materials and fuel, etc., used. (d) Not by working proprietors. available.

§ 2. Number of Factories.

1. Number of Factories in each State.—The following table shows the number of factories operating in each State in the years 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56:—

FACTORIES:	NUMBER
PACIUMED:	INCIVIDED.

	Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'iand.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39			9,464	9,250	3,087	2,067	2,129	944	26,941
1951-52			18,144	14,758	4,918	3,245	3,267	1,512	45,844
1952-53			19,251	15,154	5,068	3,339	3,424	1,504	47,740
1953-54		٠,٠	20,199	15,533	5,199	3,577	3,523	1,545	49,576
1954-55			20,837	15,861	5,284	3,750	3.727	1,597	51.056
1955-56			21,602	16.053	5,378	3,908	3,871	1.594	52,406

2. Number of Factories in Industrial Classes.—(i) Australia. The next table shows the number of factories in Australia during 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56 classified in the industrial classes agreed upon by the Conference of Statisticians in 1930. Details of some of the principal industries included in the table will be found in § 11, page 243.

FACTORIES: NUMBER IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, AUSTRALIA.

Class of Industry.	1938–39.	1951–52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955-56.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine						
and Quarry Products,	564	1.316	1,276	1,280	1,303	1,337
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	471	601	623	639	662	666
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints,	(ĺ	(ĺ	f	1
Oils, Grease	666	1,049	1,090	1,099	1,124	1,139
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Convey-		_				1
ances	7,255	14,513	15,672	16,868	17,842	18,860
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	290	662	681	720	746	782
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	611	1,246	1,270	1,336	1,356	1,362
VIL Skins and Leather (not Clothing or						
Footwear)	533	785	778	783	810	789
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	4,314	6,989	7,036	7,260	7,370	7,390
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	5,202	7,033	7,248	7,379	7,433	7,468
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood				6 760	2045	5005
Turning and Carving	2,822	5,546	5,790	5,769	5,845	5,895
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	1,149	2,052	2,157	2,180	2,200	2,203
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-	1016	0.004	0.00	2 170	2 224	2 202
binding, etc XIII. Rubber	1,816	2,084 430	2,121	2,179 465	2,224 495	2,303
VIV Musical Instruments	299	68	446	75	79	84
XIV. Musical Instruments	34		69			
XV. Miscellaneous Products	413	1,039	1,035	1,095	1,119	1,188
Total, Classes I. to XV	26,439	45,413	47,292	49,127	50,608	51,979
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	502	431	448	449	448	427
Grand Total	26,941	45,844	47,740	49,576	51,056	52,406

Although not the best index of manufacturing activity, the number of factories affords some indication of the development of secondary industries. Except for the two war years 1941-42 and 1942-43, when there were decreases, the number of factories increased each year from 1931-32 to 1955-56. In the latter year the number of factories in Australia reached the record total of 52,406 or nearly 95 per cent. more than in 1938-39.

(ii) States, 1955-56. The following table shows the number of factories in each State classified according to the nature of the industry:—

FACTORIES: NUMBER IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, 1955-56.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	·Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
L Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	445	447	100	171	121	62	1,337
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	327	151	57	61	53	53 17	666
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	32.	151) ,	01	, 33	17	000
Paints, Oils, Grease	563	344	70	76	63	23	1,139
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,			1		1 55		.,
Conveyances	7,852	5,573	1,912	1,591	1,484	448	18,860
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,		-			1 1		
Plate	357	255	42	54	68	6	782
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	100			1	!		
(not Dress)	490	738	29	48	42	15	1,362
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	367	293	52	38	31	8	789
ing or Footwear) VHI. Clothing (except Knitted)	3,472	2,528	535	366	417	72	7,390
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	2,736	2,043	1,044	720	620	305	7,468
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	2,730	2,043	1,011	120	020	303	7,400
Wood Turning and Carving	2,299	1,431	839	335	494	497	5,895
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	_,,	1,.01				171	0,000
etc	803	691	302	158	173	76	2,203
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,					l i		-
Bookbinding, etc	981	838	:189	147	117	31	2,303
XIII. Rubber	195	146	73	49	32	18	513
XIV. Musical Instruments	36	31	5	6	6	• • • • •	84
XV. Miscellaneous Products	563	455	56	43	56	15	1,188
Total Classes I. to XV	21,486	15,964	5,305	.3,863	3,777	1,584	51,979
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	. 116	89	73	45	94	10	427
Grand Total	21,602	16,053	5,378	3,908	3,871	1,594	52,406

§ 3. Classification of Factories according to Number of Persons Employed.

- 1. General.—The size classification of factories is based on the average weekly number of persons employed during the period of operation (including working proprietors). Prior to 1945–46 there was no dissection of the "over 100 employees" group, but for that and subsequent years this group was subdivided into the seven size groups shown in the table below.
- 2. States, 1955-56.—The following table shows, for each State, the number of factories classified according to the average number of persons employed:—

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO SIZE OF FACTORY, 1955-56.

Size of (Persons			N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			1	Number o	F FA CTOR	ues.			
Under 4			8,646	5,693	1,822	1,316	1,844	667	19,988
4			1,771	1,229	525	354	179	143	4,201
5 to 10			5,148	3,915	1,502	1,022	992	416	12,995
11 to 20			2,775	2,260	675	562	387	169	6,828
21 to 50		•.•	1,911	1,754	501	378	300	120	4,964
51 to 100			693	608	168	152	105	46	1,772
101 to 200			363	325	103	63	36	17	907
201 to 300			109	116	48	22 !	19	4	318
301 to 400			49	44	10	12	1	4	120
401 to 500			32	27	5	-8	4	2	78
501 to 750			43	50	9	6	2	2	112
751 to 1,000			28	11	6	4	1		50
Over 1,000	• •		34	21	4	9	1	4	73
Total		••	21,602	16,053	5,378	3,908	3,871	1,594	52,406

The relative importance of large and small factories is illustrated by a classification of the average number of persons employed according to the size of factory in which they work:—

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONS EMPLOYED ACCORDING TO SIZE OF FACTORY, 1955-56.

Size of Factory (Persons employed).	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Av	ERAC	GE NUMBI	er Emplo	YED DURIN	NG PERIOI	WORKER) .	
Under 4		16,447	11,116	3,778	2,753	3,739	1,359	39,192
4		7,084	4,916	2,100	1,416	716	572	16,804
5 to 10		35,802	27,408	10,503	7,109	6,676	2,881	90,379
11 to 20		40,436	33,006	9,927	8,117	5,743	2,483	99,712
21 to 50		59,240	55,581	15,465	12,175	9,730	3,686	155,877
51 to 100		48,100	42,758	11,736	10,852	7,467	3,201	124,114
101 to 200		51,071	46,084	14,563	8,948	4,980	2,435	128,081
2 01 to 300		26,476	28,206	11,712	5,596	4,585	982	77,557
301 to 400		16,896	15,341	3,606	4,251	319	1,319	41,732
401 to 500		14,032	12,092	2,312	3,495	1,745	925	34,601
501 to 750		26,301	31,080	5,338	3,455	1,281	1,391	68,846
751 to 1,000		23,956	9,495	5,342	3,444	841		43,078
Over 1,000		71,295	39,609	6,942	21,478	2,846	6,363	148,533
Total		437,136	356,692	103,324	93,089	50,668	27,597	1,068,500
Average per Factory		20.24	22.22	19.21	23.82	13.09	17.31	20.39

^{3.} Australia, 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56.—In the following table, factories in Australia are classified according to the number of persons employed in conformity with the practice prior to 1945-46.

FACTORIES: CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED, AUSTRALIA.

			Est	ablishme	ts Emplo	ying on tl	ne Averag	-		
		20 and	under.	21 to	21 to 100.		101 and upwards.		Total.	
	Year.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed,	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	Es- tablish- ments.	Persons em- ployed.	
1938-39 Number		21,982	129,505	4,013	170,971	946	272,022	26,941	572,498	
Average ment	per establish-		5.89		42.60		287.55		21.2	
Number Average	per establish-	37,634	224,763	6,635	271,611	1,575	489,579	45,844	985,95	
ment 1952–53—	per establish-		5.97		40.94		310.84	••	21.5	
Number Average	per establish-	40,066	230,549	6,234	257,099	1,440	453,657	47,740	941,30	
ment 1953-54—	• ••	••	5.75		41.24	••	315.04	••	19.7	
Number Average	per establish-	41,631	236,727	6,403	265,830	1,542	494,564	49,576	997,12	
ment 1954-55	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	5.69	••	41.52	• • •	320.73		20.1	
Number Average	per establish-	42,835	241,233	6,603	273,257	1,618	524,307	51,056	1,038,79	
ment 1955-56-		••	5.63	••	41.38		324.00	••	20.3	
Number Average	per establish-	44,012	246,087	6,736	279,991	1,658	542,428	52,406	1,068,50	
ment			5.59		41.57	٠	327.16		20.3	

§ 4. Power Equipment in Factories.

1. General.—Since 1936-37, statistics of power equipment in factories relate to the "rated horse-power" of engines ordinarily in use and engines in reserve or idle, omitting obsolete engines. In addition, particulars of the power equipment of Central Electric Stations are collected in greater detail. To avoid duplication, it is essential that some distinction should be made between Central Electric Stations and other classes of industries. In the following tables, Central Electric Stations have been treated separately from other factories.

In para. 2 below, 428 factories are shown in 1955-56 as using no power other than manual, the distribution of these factories among the various industries being as follows:—Fibrous Plaster and Products, 24; Galvanized Ironworking, Tinsmithing, 14; Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing, 103; Dressmaking, 10; Millinery, 7; Bakeries, 38; Cabinet and Furniture Making, 8; all other industries, 224.

2. Rated Horse-power of Engines in Factories other than Central Electric Stations.— The following table shows the number of factories using power-driven machinery, those using manual labour only, and the total rated horse-power of engines and electric motors ordinarily in use and in reserve or idle during 1955-56:—

FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS, 1955-56.

		Numbe	r of Establishm	ents.	Rated Horse-power of Engines and Motors.			
State.	-	Using Power.	Other.	Total.	Ordinarily in Use.(b)	In Reserve or Idle (omitting obsolete).		
New South Wales		21,517	7	21,524	1,842,794	317,411		
Victoria		15,938	58	15,996	1,268,055	157,887		
Queensland		5,161	160	5,321	475,798	65,354		
South Australia		3,808	58	3,866	335,690	44,024		
Western Australia		3,644	137	3,781	223,670	31,899		
Tasmania		1,578	8	1,586	233,655	32,413		
Australia		51,646	428	52,074	4,379,662	648,988		

⁽a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations. (b) Excludes motors driven by electricity generated in factories not classified as Central Electric Stations.

3. Rated Horse-power of Engines and Electric Motors Ordinarily in Use.—(i) According to Type, States. Particulars of the types and the total rated horse-power of engines, etc., ordinarily in use in each State are given below:—

FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE, 1955-56.

•		Stea	ım.	Intern	al Combu	stion.		Motors of Electr		
State.		Recipro- cating.	Tur- bine.	Gas.	Petrol or Other Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Pur- chased.	Own Genera- tion. (c)	Total. (b)
N.S.W. Victoria Queensland S. Australia W. Australia Tasmania	::	86,118 24,757 90,344 8,199 12,122 1,607	125,685 71,185 51,665 9,350 10,609	1,864	27,650 12,669 5,675	30,472 18,428 17,916 11,078 11,867 553	1,288	172,009	54,145 79,676	335,690
Australia		223,147	268,497	8,746	112,944	90,314	1,641	3,674,373	243,800	4,379,662

⁽a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations. column (c).

⁽b) Excludes particulars in

(ii) According to Type, Australia. In the following table, details of the total rated horse-power of the various types of engines in use are given for Australia for the years 1938-39, and 1951-52 to 1955-56.

FACTORIES(a): TYPES AND TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE, AUSTRALIA.

		Steam.		Internal Combustion.			İ	Motors o Electi		
Year.		Recipro- cating.	Tur- bine.	Gas.	Petrol or Other Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Pur- chased.	Own Genera- tion. (c)	Total.
1938-39 1951-52 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56	•••	268,409 232,512 232,570 237,533 225,192 223,147	84,149 149,435 171,824 170,914 202,162 268,497	32,916 13,684 10,268 8,457 7,407 8,746	17,971 122,704 109,172 109,919 103,954 112,944	55,799 160,142 150,342 109,293 93,465 90,314	1,826 1,666 1,771	1,017,912 2,764,321 2,913,521 3,135,395 3,398,135 3,674,373	205,729 214,617 255,917 226,625	1,478,772 3,444,624 3,589,363 3,773,282 4,032,010 4,379,662

⁽a) Includes Gas Works but excludes Central Electric Stations: column (c).

(iii) In Classes of Industry, 1955-56. The next table shows the total rated horse-power of engines and electric motors ordinarily in use in the various classes of industry in each State.

FACTORIES(a): TOTAL RATED HORSE-POWER OF ENGINES AND ELECTRIC MOTORS ORDINARILY IN USE(b), 1955-56.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metalli-							
ferous Mine and Quarry	0.00001		10000	10.010	16.440	45.040	
Products	84,771	58,666	16,556	19,210 8,857	16,442 11,322	15,248	210,893
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	47,508	31,878	8,384	8,837	11,322	2,052	1:10,001
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints, Oils, Grease	133,096	123,382	10,069	19,723	39,887	9,858	336,015
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	133,070	123,362	10,000	17,723	32,007	9,030	330,013
Conveyances	907,885	386.448	102,036	156,438	51,787	57 072	1,661,666
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	207,000	200,110	102,000	100,.00	03,.0.	37,072	1,001,000
Plate	5,125	5,421	460	1,163	631	60	12,860
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not				1	!]		12,000
Dress)	53,888	99,275	6,366	8,002	2,629	5,759	175,919
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-					1		
ing or Footwear)	18,756					506	52,070
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	23,227	29,143	4,179	3,332	2,250	1,064	
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	208,543	192,584	201,795	53,396	37,101	19,429	712,848
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	176046	100.001	01 000	20.400	45 071	40.404	
Wood Turning and Carving	176,046	122,831	91,222	32,122	46,271	40,431	508,923
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	17 542	17 606	0 166	6,246	4,200		
etc Deinting	17,542	17,686	8,166	0,240	4,200	1,615	55,455
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Bookbinding, etc.	68,998	88,901	9,389	14,213	5,563	79,716	266,780
WIII Dubban	47,929	52,757		3,461		323	
WIN Must al Tantauganta	2,276		47				2,874
XV. Miscellaneous Products	21,921		658			411	53,959
Av. Miscellaneous Froducts		20,255					33,737
Total, Classes 1. to XV	1,817,511	1,257,219	473,522	333,326	222,458	233,544	4,337,580
XVI. Gas Works	25,283	10,836	2,276	2;364	1,212	111	42,082
Grand: Total	1,842,794	1,268,055	475,798	335,690	223,670	233,655	4,379,662

⁽a) Excludes Central Electric Stations. (b) Excludes motors driven by electricity generated in factories not classified as Central Electric Stations.

⁽b) Excludes particulars in

4. Capacity of Engines and Generators installed in Central Electric Stations.—(i) According to Type, Australia. Particulars of the type and the capacity of engines and generators installed in Central Electric Stations in Australia in 1955-56 are given in the following table:—

CENTRAL ELECTRIC STATIONS: POWER EQUIPMENT, AUSTRALIA, 1955-56.

	Capacity of Engines and Generators.								
Particulars.	Steam.		Intern	al Comb					
	Recipro- cating.	Turbine.		Petrol or Other Light Oils.	Heavy Oils.	Water.	Total.		
Engines installed Rated H.P.	5,540	4,461,798	9,201	12,112	334,437	900,013	5,723,101		
Generators installed— Kilowatt capacity— Total installed kW Effective capacity ,,	4,062 3,674	3,247,097 2,985,789	5,895 4,420	8,394 6,579	226,747 208,820	647,855 646,035	4,140,050 3,855,317		
Horse-power equivalent— Total installed H.P. Effective capacity "	5,445 4,924	4,352,668 4,002,391	7,902 5,925	11,252 8,819	303,950 279,919	868,437 865,997	5,549,654 5,167,975		

Note.—The number of establishments classified as Central Electric Stations in 1955-56 was 332.

(ii) States. Details of the capacity of engines and generators installed in Central Electric Stations in each State in 1955-56 are given in the next table.

CENTRAL ELECTRIC STATIONS: NUMBER AND POWER EQUIPMENT, 1955-56.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	N.S.W. Vic.		S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.	
Central Electric Stations	No.	78	57	57	42	90	.8	332
Engines installed R	ated H.P.	2,341,111	1,332,095	655,964	(a)	359,751	(a)	5,723,101
Generators installed— Kilowatt capacity— Total installed Effective capacity	kW	1,660,800 1,534,128		483,413 369,190	(a) (a)	260,606 249,155	(a) (a)	4,140,050 3,855,317
Horse-power equivaler Total installed Effective capacity	at— H.P.	2,226,269 2,056,468	1,325,349 1,295,196	648,006 494,892	(a) (a)	349,337 333,987	(a) (a)	5,549,654 5,167,975

(a) Not available for publication.

§ 5. Employment in Factories.

1. Number Employed.—(i) General. All persons employed in the manufacturing activities of a factory, including proprietors who work in their own business and "outworkers" (see para. 4 (ii), page 221), are counted as factory employees, while those employed in selling and distributing, such as salesmen, travellers, collectors, carters employed solely on outward delivery of manufactured goods and retailing storemen, are excluded. Prior to 1945–46, the occupational grouping collected was (i) working proprietors; (ii) managers and overseers; (iii) accountants and clerks; (iv) enginedrivers and firemen; (v) workers in factory, skilled and unskilled; (vi) carters and messengers; and (vii) persons working regularly at home for the establishment. This grouping did not record separate details for technical staff (e.g., chemists, draftsmen, etc.) and supervisory staff and in 1945–46 the set-up on the collection form was amended to obtain the following groupings:—(i) Working proprietors; (ii) managerial and clerical staff including salaried managers and working directors; (iii) chemists, draftsmen and other laboratory and research staff; (iv) foremen and overseers; (v) skilled and unskilled workers; (vi) carters (excluding delivery only), messengers and persons working regularly at home.

Prior to the year 1928-29, average employment in factories was computed by dividing the sum of the number employed each week by the number of weeks worked. The figures therefore represented the average number employed over the period worked, which, for many factories, was less than a full year. Commencing with the year 1928-29, the figures represent the equivalent average number employed over a full year of fifty-two weeks. The classification of factories according to the number of persons employed (see § 3, p. 213), however, is still based on the old method, but for all other purposes the average number engaged over the full year is used.

(ii) Australia. Particulars of the numbers employed, the increase in employment and the rate per cent. of such increase are given for years 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56 in the following table:—

		Males.			Females.		Persons.			
Year.	Number Em-		Increase on Preceding Year.		Increase on Preceding Year.		Number Em-	Increase on Preceding Year.		
	ployed.	Number	Per Cent.	Em- ployed.	Number	Per Cent.	ployed.	Number	Per Cent.	
1938–39 1951–52 1952–53 1953–54 1954–55	412,591 741,971 723,404 758,508 788,691 811,847	3,989 15,920 -18,567 35,104 30,183 23,156	2.19 -2.50 4.85 3.98	152,515 235,546 209,857 231,034 242,391 248,651	1,957 - 7,321 - 25,689 21,177 11,357 6,260	1.30 - 3.02 -10.91 10.09 4.92 2.58	565,106 977,517 933,261 989,542 1,031,082 1,060,498	8,599 - 44,256 56,281 41,540	0.89 -4.53 6.03 4.20	

Note.-Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

(iii) States. The following table shows, for the same years, (a) the average number of persons employed in manufacturing industries in each State; (b) for each State, the percentage of the total number employed in factories in Australia; and (c) the number so employed per ten thousand of mean population in each State and Australia.

FACTORIES: EMPLOYMENT.

	_					<u> </u>		
Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
	Av	erage Nu	MBER EMPL	OYED DUR	NG FULL	YEAR (52 V	Weeks).	
1938–39		228,781	201,831	54,110	43,371	23,211	13,802	565,106
1951-52		405,994	324,143	94,349	83,907	45,097	24,027	977,517
1952-53		380,213	310,759	93,123	80,483	45,188	23,495	933,26
1953-54		402,595	331,277	98,119	85,503	47,459	24,589	989,542
1954-55		419,810	346,648	100,293	89,565	49,314	25,452	1,031,08
1955–56	• •	433,081	355,185	102,473	92,589	50,108	27,062	1,060,49
		1	Percentag	e of Aust	ralian To	OTAL.		·
1938-39		40.48	35.72	9.58	7.67	4.11	2.44	100
1951-52		41.53	33.16	9.65	8.58	4.62	2.46	100
1952-53		40.74	33.30	9.98	8.62	4.84	2.52	100
195354		40.68	33.48	9.92	8.64	4.80	2.48	100
1954-55		40.71	33.62	9.73	8.69	4.78	2.47	100
1955-56		40.84	33.49	9.66	8.73	4.73	2.55	100

FACTORIES: EMPLOYMENT-continued.

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			PER 10	,000 OF P	OPULATION.	•		
1938–39		836	1,078	537	729	497	581	81
1951–52		1,208	1,409	773	1,150	763	801	1,14
1952-53		1,112	1,315	746	1,074	737	761	1,06
1953–54		1,182	1,367	754	1,088	753	795	1,11
1954–55		1,213	1,393	757	1,109	746	813	1,13
1955-56		1,229	1,385	758	1,110	750	848	1,13

^{2.} Rates of Increase, 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56—The percentage increase on the average number of persons employed in the preceding year is shown below for each State:—

FACTORIES: ANNUAL PERCENTAGE INCREASE OF PERSONS EMPLOYED.

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39		1.74	0.02	3.82	-1.62	0.34	4.80	1.06
1951-52 1952-53	••	-0.24 6.35	2.32 -4.13	-0.24 -1.30	1.10	2.99 0.20	0.84 -2.21	0.89
1953-54		5.89	6.60	5.36	6.24	5.03	4.66	6.03
1954-55 1955-56	• •	4.28 3.16	4.64 2.46	2.22 2.17	4.75	3.91 1.61	3.51 6.33	4.20 2.85

Note.-Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

3. Persons Employed in Classes of Industry.—(i) Australia. The following table shows the average number of persons employed in factories in each industrial class in Australia for the years 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56:—

FACTORIES: PERSONS EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, AUSTRALIA.

	1	1		1		
Class of Industry.	1938–39.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine		l				
and Quarry Products	10,343	19,365	18,752	18,748	20,560	
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	15,709	20,912	19,571	21,708	22,549	22,914
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints,]					
Oils, Grease	19,816	38,248	36,139	37,988	41,324	44,718
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Convey-	,	-		1	1	i '
ances	177,677	389,252	376.398	397,713	422,124	444,274
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	3.726	5,953	5,398	5,970	6.029	
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	46,082	63,548	60,087	69,482	69,046	
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or	,		1		1	55,555
Enetmone)	10,767	14,324	14,126	14,676	14,502	13,810
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	86,092	116,705	105,681	112,520	112,802	
IV F - d Paral, and Takesea	83,846	122,734	120,668	123,073	125,934	
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood	05,040	122,754	120,000	123,073	125,554	120,473
Turning and Corning	30,739	59,664	56,984	58,932	61,153	61,914
VI Eveniture of Wood Podding ata	15,287	22,156	20,353	20,975	21,342	
	12,207	22,130	20,333	20,973	21,342	21,308
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-	39,913	56,455	53,219	56,119	59,777	62,713
binding, etc				14,962	16,325	
XIII. Rubber	7,502	14,021	12,288			
XIV. Musical Instruments	451	1,581	1,267	1,575	1,623	
XV. Miscellaneous Products	7,727	18,176	17,240	19,565	19,962	
Total, Classes 1. to XV	555,677	963,094	918,171	974,006	1,015,052	1,044,300
XVI. Heat. Light and Power	9,429	14,423	15,090	15,536	16,030	16,198
Grand Total	565,106	977,517	933,261	989,542	1,031,082	1,060,498

(ii) States. Particulars of the numbers employed in each industrial class are shown in the following table for each State:—

FACTORIES: PERSONS EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRIAL CLASSES, 1955-56.

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metalli-				:			
ferous Mine and Quarry Products	8,006	6,492	1,825	1,971	1,865	734	20,893
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	11,655	5,893	1,295	2,109	1,590	372	22,914
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	1.1,055	0,000	1,250	2,.02	1,070	0,2	22,717
Paints, Oils, Grease	19,891	16,577	1,769	3,243	2,782	456	44,718
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	1	1	'		1		1
Conveyances	197,730	132,270	35,215	50,705	19,410	8,944	444,274
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,							1
Plate	2,314	2,562	327	421	249	21	5,894
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	22 222	26 005	2,098	2.464	899	2,677	60 256
(not Dress) VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	23,323	36,895	2,090	2,464	1 699	2,077	68,356
ing or Footwear)	5,569	4,941	1,288	1,289	652	71	13,810
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	45,143	46,889	8,592	5,514	3,799	883	110,820
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	39,400	38,427	26,726	10,802	6,618	4,520	126,493
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.	55,	,		1.,	,	.,	
Wood Turning and Carving	20,701	15,428	10,678	4,810	6,535	3,762	61,914
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,							
etc	8,301	6,263	3,048	2,017	1,393	486	21,508
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	05005		5 207	2.004	2 500	2.567	60 510
Bookbinding, etc.	26,335	21,111	5,297	3,894	2,509	3,567 158	62,713
XIII. Rubber	7,376	6,771	1,774 36	34	220	138	17,287 1,739
XIV. Musical Instruments XV. Miscellaneous Products	1,338 9,179	9,827	591	763	419	188	20.967
		350,649	100,559	91,024	48,968	26,839	1,044,300
Total, Classes I. to XV.	426,261			[
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	6,820	4,536	1,914	1,565	1,140	223	16,198
Grand Total	433,081	355,185	102,473	92,589	50,108	27,062	1,060,498

4. Persons Employed According to Occupational Grouping.—(i) General. In the following table, the average number of persons employed in each State during 1955-56 are classified according to their occupational grouping. As mentioned previously, persons employed in factories are now classified on a basis different from that adopted prior to 1945-46. The nature of this change is indicated in para. 1 of this section (see p. 217).

FACTORIES: PERSONS EMPLOYED—OCCUPATIONAL GROUPING, 1955-56.

		Average Number of Persons Employed.									
State.		Working Pro- prietors.	Mana- gerial and Clerical Staff, etc.(a)	Chemists, Drafts- men, etc.	Foremen and Overseers.	Workers in Factory (Skilled and Un- skilled).	Carters (excluding Delivery only) and Messen- gers, etc. (b)	Total.			
New South Wales		16,053	50,325	6,024	18,426	339,969	2,284	433,081			
Victoria		14,056	38,287	5,511	15,262	279,848	2,221	355,185			
Queensland		4,677	9,764	911	3,790	82,848	483	102,473			
South Australia		2,732	10,826	1,467	4,062	73,112	390	92,589			
Western Australia		2,725	4,180	437	2,102	40,573	91	50,108			
Tasmania		998	2,651	459	1,212	21,590	152	27,062			
Total Males		36,432	71,497	13,544	41,540	644,322	4,512	811,847			
Total Females		4,809	44,536	1,265	3,314	193,618	1,109	248,651			
Total Persons	• ••	41,241	116,033	14,809	44,854	837,940	5,621	1,060,498			

⁽a) Includes salaried managers and working directors.

⁽b) Includes persons working regularly

- (ii) Outworkers. The term "outworker" or "homeworker" has acquired a special meaning in connexion with manufacturing industries, and embraces only persons to whom work is given out by factories to be done at home. Owing to the amended employment groupings adopted in 1945-46, persons working regularly at home for factories are now included with carters, messengers and others and separate details are no longer available. The number of "outworkers" employed by factories in 1944-45 was 1,049.
- 5. Monthly Employment, 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56.—(i) Australia. The following table shows the number of persons (excluding working proprietors) employed in factories on the pay-day nearest to the 15th of each month for the year 1938-39 and on the last pay-day of the month in the later years.

FACTORIES: MONTHLY EMPLOYMENT, AUSTRALIA.

(EXCLUDING WORKING PROPRIETORS.)

Month. 1938-39; 1951-52. 1952-53. 1953-54 MALES. July	739,450 741,435 743,638 746,139 750,285 747,230	768,382 770,312 771,715 774,071 777,304
July	3 741,435 5 743,638 6 746,139 7 750,285 2 747,230	770,312 771,715 774,071 777,304
August	3 741,435 5 743,638 6 746,139 7 750,285 2 747,230	770,312 771,715 774,071 777,304
September	743,638 746,139 750,285 747,230	771,715 774,071 777,304
0.1	746,139 750,285 747,230	774,071
October 393 977 714 494 470 904 715 339	750,285 747,230	777,304
	2 747,230	
November 395,192 716,300 680,398 719,230		
December 394,438 708,848 678,174 716,202	.	772,509
January 385,742 710,357 680,298 722,27		774,077
February 392,056 709,453 689,012 727,754	755,456	778,552
March 395,146 707,701 694,516 732,000	757,956	779,527
April 391,005 702,571 697,202 731,923	3 760,139	780,418
May 393,609 696,475 698,711 734,340	761,555	780,252
June 390,963 694,871 701,500 738,003	2 763,488	777,968
Females.		
July 147,282 243,646 201,464 212,322		
August 149,294 244,629 200,393 214,644		
September		
October 152,473 245,285 201,107 222,253		
November 152,806 242,831 201,346 224,672		
December 151,165 237,174 199,707 224,100	236,804	242,366
January 141,853 231,186 201,596 228,838		240,574
February 151,883 229,047 209,939 232,678	3 242,008	247,841
March		
April 152,614 216,845 211,725 234,173	239,460	244,588
May 150,693 212,036 211,392 232,333	3 238,450	243,989
June , 148,601 207,163 211,551 232,009	238,529	
Persons.		
July 534,975 954,019 890,134 916,43		1,007,26
August 539,273 956,285 883,275 922,082		1,011,169
September		1,015,004
October 546,450 959,709 881,008 937,593		1,018,91
November 547,998 959,131 881,744 943,902		1,021,886
December 545,603 946,022 877,881 940,302	984,034	1,014,87
January		1,014,651
February	997,464	1,026,393
March 550,000 933,188 907,986 968,354	1,000,529	1,026,736
April	999,599	1,025,000
May 544,302 908,511 910,103 966,673		1,024,24
June 539,564 902,034 913,051 970,011		

(ii) States. Particulars of the numbers employed in each State on the last pay-day of each month in 1955-56 are shown in the following table:—

FACTORIES: MONTHLY EMPLOYMENT, 1955-56.

(EXCLUDING WORKING PROPRIETORS.)

Mo	onth.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
				М	ALES.				,
July			309,781	242,423	82,643	72,723	40,554	20,258	768,38
August			310,780	243,763	82,344	72,459	40,698	20,268	770,31
September			310,767	244,121	82,589	72,832	41,066	20,340	771,71
October		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	311,662	244,944	82,726	72,991	41,061	20,687	774,07
November			313,484	246,012	82,273	73,389	41,294	20,852	777,30
December			312,894	245,609	77,487	73,787	41,298	21,434	772,50
December	• •	• •	312,034	243,009	77,407	13,161	41,230	21,434	/12,50
January			313,779	246,977	75,886	74,555	41,172	21,708	774,0
February			315,787	247,619	77,784	74,554	41,136	21,672	778,5
March			315,402	248,679	78,286	74,860	40,808	21,492	779,52
April			316,400	248,606	78,721	74,474	40,543	21,674	780,4
May			316,316	247,551	80,375	73,870	40,468	21,672	780,2
June			314,815	246,165	81,733	73,668	39,996	21,591	777,90
			l	Fen	ALES.	<u> </u>			!
····			ſ			1	1		7
July			101,822	93,553	16,723	15,626	6,565	4,594	238,88
August			102,862	93,971	17,283	15,694	6,543	4,504	240,8
September			104,477	94,749	17,193	15,819	6,603	4,448	243,2
October		• • •	105,158	95,032	17,579	16,005	6,644	4,422	244.84
November		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	105,070	95,266	16,983	16,055	6,750	4,458	244,5
December		• • •	103,448	93,833	17,013	16,706	6,598	4,768	242,3
December	• •	• •	103,110	75,055	17,013	10,700	0,570	7,700	272,3
January			101,824	93,742	16,319	16,961	6,567	5,161	240,5
February			104,108	97,927	17,338	16,791	6,647	5,030	247,8
March			103,268	98,116	17,281	16,618	6,743	5,183	247,20
April			103,031	96,680	16,356	16,302	6,776	5,443	244,58
May			103,667	95,666	16,657	15,796	6,700	5,503	243,98
June		• • •	103,164	94,941	16,737	15,713	6,490	5,503	242,5
			<u> </u>) Pe	RSONS.		<u> </u>		1
				1		1	1		
July			411,603	335,976	99,366	88,349	47,119	24,852	1,007,2
August			413,642	337,734	99,627	88,153	47,241	24,772	1,011,1
September			415,244	338,870	99,782	88,651	47,669	24,788	1,015,0
October			416,820	339,976	100,305	88,996	47,705	25,109	1,018,9
November			418,554	341,278	99,256	89,444	48,044	25,310	1,021,8
December			416,342	339,442	94,500	90,493	47,896	26,202	1,014,8
Tanuaru			415 602	340 710	92,205	01.516	47,739	26 060	1 014 6
January	• •	• •	415,603	340,719		91,516		26,869	1,014,6
February	• •	• •	419,895	345,546	95,122	91,345	47,783	26,702	1,026,3
March	• •	• •	418,670	346,795	95,567	91,478	47,551	26,675	1,026,7
April	• •		419,431	345,286	95,077	90,776	47,319	27,117	1,025,0
May			419,983	343,217	97,032	89,666	47,168	27,175	1,024,2
June			417,979	341,106	98,470	89,381	46,486	27,094	1,020,5

6. Distribution of Employees According to Age.—The extension of statistics of employment in factories, decided upon at the Conference of Australian Statisticians held in 1945, permits of a distribution of employees (excluding working proprietors) into seven age-groups from 1945-46 onwards, instead of three as in previous years. The particulars are collected as at June. The numbers employed in each age-group on the last pay-day in June, 1955 and 1956, are given below:—

FACTORIES: DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYEES ACCORDING TO AGE, JUNE, 1955 AND 1956.

	(EXCLUDING	WORKING	PROPRIET	ORS.)			
A ca Group			June, 1955.		June, 1956.			
Age Group.		Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	
Under 16 years		9,093	6,605	15,698	9,061	6,557	15,618	
16 years		13,137	8,547	21,684	13,025	8,163	21,188	
17 ,,		14,694	9,902	24,596	14,985	9,390	24,375	
18		15,341	9,994	25,335	15,348	10,102	25,450	
19 ,,		13,772	8,600	22,372	14,884	9,072	23,956	
20 ,,		12,838	7,710	20,548	13,635	7,801	21,436	
21 ,, and over		684,613	187,171	871,784	697,030	191,463	888,493	
Total		763,488	238,529	1,002,017	777,968	242,548	1,020,516	

The following table shows the age distribution in sexes for Australia in June, 1939, and 1952 to 1956.

FACTORIES: DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYEES IN JUNE, ACCORDING TO AGE, AUSTRALIA.

(EXCLUDING WORKING PROPRIETORS.)

		1	(EXCLU	DING WC	RKING PR	COPRIETOR	s.,		
In Jur	1 e.	Under 16 Years	16 Yéars.	17 Years.	18 Years.	19 Years.	20 Years.	21 Years and Over.	Total.
				Ŋ	MALES.			\ <u>-</u>	
1939(a)	•••	16,109	[76,418			298,436	390,963
1952		9,079	11,505	12,608	12,255	11,711	11,537	626,176	694,871
1953		9,011	12,451						701,500
1954		9,294				12,971	12,426	660,899	738,002
1955		9,093		14,694	15,341	13,772	12,838	684,613	763,488
1956		9,061			15,348	14,884	13,635	697,030	777,968
				F	EMALES.				
1939(a)		15,497			56,273			76,831	148,601
1952		5,669	7,185	8,364	8,854	8,296	7,732	161,063	207,163
1953		6,874	8,303	9,072					211,551
1954		7,228	8,945						232,009
1955		6,605							238,529
1956		6,557	8,163	9,390	10,102	2' 9,072	7,801	191,463	242,548
				P	ERSONS.				
1939(a)		31,606	1		132,691			375,267	539,564
1952		14,748	18,690	20,972	21,109	20,007	19,269	787,239	902,034
1953		15,885				21,006	20,238	789,311	913,051
1954		16,522							970,011
1955		15,698		24,596		22,372	20,548		1,002,017
1956		15,618				23,956	21,436	888,493	1,020,516
		(-) D-1-	11- C 1- 41-		16 20 year		ble concest	-1	

⁽a) Details for individual ages 16-20 years not available separately.

§ 6. Sex Distribution in Factories.

1. Average Number of Males and Females Employed. The following table shows the average number of males and females employed in factories in each State for 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56:—

FACTORIES:	MATEC	ANTO	DESMAN DE	EMBLOVED
FACIURIES:	MALES	AND	PEWALES	EMPLUILD.

State.		1938-39.	1951-52.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.
			Males.	•			
New South Wales	••	167,172	304,808	291,704	305,040	316,673	327,106
Victoria		136,218	233,699	228,724	240,698	251,675	258,006
Queensland		43,941	77,673	77,627	81,425	83,290	85,123
South Australia		35,406	68,045	67,114	70,657	73,714	76,144
Western Australia		18,704	37,812	38,614	40,439	42,294	43,340
Tasmania		11,150	19,934	19,621	20,249	21,045	22,128
Australia		412,591	741,971	723,404	758,508	788,691	811,847
			FEMALES	S.			
New South Wales		61,609	101,186	88,509	97,555	103,137	105,975
Victoria		65,613	90,444	82,035	90,579	94,973	97,179
Oueensland		10,169	16,676	15,496	16,694	17,003	17,350
South Australia		7,965	15,862	13,369	14,846	15,851	16,445
Western Australia		4,507	7,285	6,574	7,020	7,020	6,768
Tasmania		2,652	4,093	3,874	4,340	4,407	4,934
Australia		152,515	235,546	209,857	231,034	242,391	248,651

^{2.} Rate of Variation for each Sex.—The percentages of increase or decrease on the average numbers of males and females employed in the preceding year are shown below for the years 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56:—

FACTORIES: ANNUAL PERCENTAGE INCREASES OF MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED.

State.	1938–39.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.
		Males	•			
New South Wales	1.69	1.16	-4.30	4.57	3.81	3.29
Victoria	0.04	3.90	-2.13	5.24	4.56	2.52
Queensland	3.79	0.64	-0.06	4.89	2.29	2.20
South Australia	-2.39	1.80	-1.37	5.28	4.33	3.30
Western Australia	0.30	4.02	2.12	4.73	4.59	2.47
Tasmania	4.40	2.47	-1.57	3.20	3.93	5.15
Australia	0.98	2.19	-2.50	4.85	3.98	2.94
		Female	s.			
New South Wales	1.88	- 4.23	-12.53	10.22	5.72	2.75
Victoria	-0.03	- 1.56	- 9.30	10.42	4.85	2.32
Queensland	3.96	- 4.14	- 7.08	7.73	1.85	2.04
South Australia	1.98	- 1.81	-15.72	11.05	6.77	3.75
Western Australia	3.06	- 1.71	9.76	6.78		- 3.59
Tasmania	6.51	- 6.40	- 5.35	12.03	1.54	11:96
Australia	1.30	- 3.01	-10.91	10.09	4.92	2.58

Note.-Minus sign (-) indicates decrease.

3. Masculinity of Persons Employed in Factories.—The extent to which females are employed in the factories of Australia may perhaps be more clearly shown by giving the masculinity of persons employed in each State. The following table shows particulars for the years 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56:—

FACTORIES:	MASCULINITY(a)	OF PERSONS	EMPLOYED.
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	Үеаг.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938–39			271	208	432	445	415	420	271
1951-52			301	258	466	429	519	487	315
1952-53			330	279	501	502	587	506	345
1953-54			313	266	488	476	576	467	328
1954-55			307	265	490	465	602	478	325
1955-56		!	309	265	491	463	640	448	327

(a) Number of males per 100 females.

For a number of years prior to 1926-27, there were on the average 300 males employed in factories for every 100 females, but by 1932-33, as a result of the particularly severe effect of the depression on the heavier industries where males predominate in number, there were only 239 males employed to every 100 females. With the subsequent recovery of employment in the heavier industries, the proportion of males per 100 females increased to 271 in 1937-38 and 1938-39. The enlistment of men in the armed services and the expansion of industry and the consequential absorption of women brought about by the 1939-45 War caused a decrease in masculinity from 1938-39 to 1943-44. However, following the cessation of hostilities in 1945 and the return of servicemen to civilian life, the number of females employed in factories declined and masculinity increased. In 1955-56 there were 327 males to every 100 females employed in factories.

4. Employment of Females in Particular Industries.—(i) General. The majority of females in manufacturing industries are employed in four classes, namely:—IV., Industrial Metals, Machines, etc.; VI., Textiles; VIII., Clothing; and IX., Food, Drink and Tobacco. In 1955-56, these industries accounted for 78.45 per cent. of all females in factories. In two classes only did the number of females exceed the number of males, namely, in Class VI., Textiles, where there were 136 females to every 100 males and in Class VIII., Clothing, with 237 females per 100 males. The following tables show the average number of males and females employed in each of these classes in 1955-56:—

MALES AND FEMALES EMPLOYED IN PARTICULAR INDUSTRIES, 1955-56.

Class.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
		MALES.	·	<u></u>	' -		
IV. Industrial Metals, etc. VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	175,042	117,687	33,127	45,440	18,573	8,503	398,372
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted) IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco All Other Classes	9,465 12,784 27,611 102,204	16,103 14,250 28,036 81,930	742 2,520 22,759 25,975	1,211 1,754 7,874 19,865	484 1,224 5,210 17,849	1,008 365 3,094 9,158	29,013 32,897 94,584 256,981
Total	327,106	258,006	85,123	76,144	43,340	22,128	811,847
		FEMALES	١.				
IV. Industrial Metals, etc VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	22,688	14,583	2,088 1,356	5,265 1,253	837 415	441 1,669	45,902 39,343
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted) IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco All Other Classes	32,359 11,789 25,281	32,639 10,391 18,774	6,072 3,967 3,867	3,760 2,928 3,239	2,575 1,408 1,533	518 1,426 880	77,923 31,909 53,574
Total	105,975	97,179	17,350	16,445	6,768	4,934	248,651

(ii) Females Employed in Clothing Manufacture. The employment of females in the several industries of Class VIII., Clothing—in which class the largest number of females is employed—and the relation of their number to that of the males so employed are shown in the following table.

EMPLOYMENT	' IN CLOTHING	INDUSTRIES.	FEMININITY.	1955-56.
DIATE POLITICIAL	. IN CLUTINIA	INDOSTRES.	DETAINING ATT I'	1733-30.

	New	South V	Vales.	ļ	Victoria		Ot	her Stat	es.
Industry.	Males.	Fe- males.	Femininity.	Males.	Fe- males.	Feminity.	Males.	Fe- males.	Feminity.
Tailoring and Ready-made									
Clothing	3,075	14,353	467	2,969	7,376	248	1,150	3,664	319
Waterproof and Oilskin	1	1	İ	1	1	1	1	1	-
Clothing	119	666	560	137	355	259	12	61	508
Dressmaking, Hemstitching	209	2,044	978	1,291	8,034	622	159	2,900	1,824
Millinery	241	1,344	558	195	789	405	37	432	1,168
Shirts, Collars, Undercloth-	}	1	}	1	1	,	1	1	1
ing	440	3,935	894	771	5,591	725	164	1,785	1,088
Foundation Garments	120	1,338	1,115	185	1,496	809	22	170	773
Handkerchiefs, Ties and	Ī			i		1		ļ	
Scarves	156	984	631	92	388	422	32	121	378
Hats and Caps	575	609	106	229	205	90	28	121	432
Gloves	117	333	285	32	185	578	33	125	379
Boots and Shoes (not Rub-			İ	İ				,	1
ber)	3,474	3,669	106	5,349	5,590	105	1,889	1,526	81
Boot and Shoe Repairing	1,507	107	7	724	37	5	698	45	6
Boot and Shoe Accessories	198	94	47	381	225	59	47	8	17
Umbrellas and Walking	_	1		ļ		ł	!		
Sticks	57	109	191	27	75	278	16	46	288
Dyeworks and Cleaning (in-	l	i	ĺ			l	1	l	1
cluding Renovating and	_			1	ì	i	_	1	1
Repairing)	2,443	2,421	99	1,766	1,930	109	1,576	1,921	122
Other	53	353	666	102	363	356	••		•••
Total	12,784	32,359	253	14,250	32,639	229	5,863	12,925	220

(a) Number of females per 100 males.

§ 7. Child Labour in Factories.

- 1. Conditions of Child Labour.—The employment of young persons in factories in the States is regulated by Acts of Parliament, as is the case with the employment of female labour. The object of the restrictions imposed is to ensure, amongst other things, that a proper period shall be devoted to primary education, and that the early years of labour shall not exhaust the worker before the attainment of full growth.
- 2. Number of Children Employed, 1939, 1955 and 1956.—In the returns for the various States, the term "child" denotes any person under sixteen years of age. The decline in the number of children employed from the peak of 33,553 reached in June, 1940, to 15,618 in June, 1956, was probably caused by several factors, including (i) the raising of the school leaving age in New South Wales and Tasmania, (ii) fewer children available for employment owing to the decline in the birth rate and (iii) the high level of employment which enabled parents to keep their children at school beyond the statutory leaving age.

The following table shows the number of children of each sex employed in manufacturing industries in June of the years mentioned.

FACTORIES: CHILDREN(a) EMPLOYED, JUNE.

		1939.			1955.		1956.			
State.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons	
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	5,759 6,167 1,790 1,296 705 392	7,084 5,005 1,334 1,053 521 500	12,843 11,172 3,124 2,349 1,226 892	2,579 2,908 1,754 855 876 121	1,982 2,381 1,124 723 319 76	4,561 5,289 2,878 1,578 1,195	2,538 2,888 1,749 872 901 113	1,860 2,338 1,199 723 361 76	4,398 5,226 2,948 1,595 1,262 189	
Australia	16,109	15,497	31,606	9,093	6,605	15,698	9,061	6,557	15,618	

(a) Under sixteen years of age.

3. Industries Employing Child Labour.—The distribution of children employed in factories in June, 1956 and the proportion of children employed to total employees are given in the following table according to the class of industry:—

FACTORIES: CHILDREN(a) EMPLOYED, BY CLASSES, AUSTRALIA, JUNE, 1956.

Class of Industry.	Children	Employed.		nployees.	Proportion (per cent.) of Children Employed to Total Employees.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress) Clothing (except Knitted) Food, Drink and Tobacco Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Bookbind-	4,186 499 546 1,023 729 473	775 1,256 2,575 722 82 64	387,352 28,775 27,344 87,760 53,788 15,569	45,090 39,156 75,780 29,499 3,014 3,604	1.08 1.73 2.00 1.17 1.36 3.04	1.72 3.21 3.40 2.45 2.72 1.78
ing	722 883	550 533	45,123 132,257	17,022 29,383	1.60 0.67	3.23 1.81
Total	9,061	6,557	777,968	242,548	1.16	2.70

⁽a) Under sixteen years of age.

4. Apprenticeship.—In all the States, Acts are in force for the regulation of the age at which children may be employed in gainful occupations. Legislative provision is also made for the regulation of apprenticeship under the various State Factories Acts or Arbitration Acts. These Acts, while laying down general principles, leave to the wages tribunals the actual determination of the conditions under which apprentices may be employed.

§ 8. Salaries and Wages Paid and Value of Production.

Note.—In all tables relating to salaries and wages paid in factories the amounts drawn by working proprietors are excluded.

- 1. General.—The importance of the manufacturing industries of Australia is indicated by the fact that the total value of their output for 1955-56 was £3,763,710,000, of which £2,125,819,000 was the value of the materials used, including containers, etc., tools replaced and repairs to plant and buildings, and £139,127,000 the value of the power, fuel and light used. The difference between the sum of the last two amounts and the value of output, namely, £1,498,764,000, represents the value of production as defined by the Conference of Statisticians at Sydney in 1925, i.e., "the value of consumable commodities produced during the year, deducting, so far as possible, the value of goods consumed in process of production." The total amount of salaries and wages paid in factories in 1955-56 was £853,469,000. This figure, which excludes amounts drawn by working proprietors, was the highest ever recorded and shows an increase of £71,829,000 or 9.19 per cent. on that for the previous year.
- 2. Salaries and Wages Paid.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1955-56. The amounts of salaries and wages paid in the various classes of industry in each State are shown in the following table.

⁽b) Excludes working proprietors.

FACTORIES: SALARIES AND WAGES PAID, 1955-56. (£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-					,		
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-		i i		İ			
ducts	7,587	5,654	1,408	1,724	1,510	602	18,485
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	10,413	5,122	985	1,843	1,336	323	20,022
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,		į.		ł	;		
Paints, Oils, Grease	18,437	15,317	1,358	2,891	2,705	461	41,169
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,				l	t l		
Conveyances	176,950	116,851	25,173	44,519	14,769	7,493	385,755
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,					!		
Plate	1,698	1,971	193	322	154	13	4,351
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods				l			
(not Dress)	16,023	25,783	1,156	1,771	602	1,681	47,016
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-		0044	000	1.000	504		10.000
ing or Footwear)	4,366	3,944	899	1,082	504	57	10,852
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	26,112	28,286	4,066	2,983	1,805	506	63,758
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	30,305	30,651	21,224	7,850	4,771	3,410	98,211
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,		44.540	~	0.500	4	2245	45.000
Wood Turning and Carving	15,938	11,712	7,113	3,732	4,653	2,745	45,893
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	c 000	4.450	1700	1 400	امردا	200.7	14001
etc.	6,202	4,458	1,766	1,402	866	297	14,991
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	00 477	10 204	2 020	3,137	1.020	2 501	53,256
Bookbinding, etc	22,477	18,384	3,828		1,929	3,501	
XIII. Rubber	6,935 1,137	6,328	1,281	915	18	143	15,767
XIV. Musical Instruments	7,229	7,348	379	529	247	126	15,858
XV. Miscellaneous Products							
Total, Classes I. to XV.	351,809	282,049	70,852	74,722	36,034	21,358	836,824
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	7,214	4,895	1,608	1,515	1,173	240	16,645
Grand Total	359,023	286,944	72,460	76,237	37,207	21,598	853,469

⁽ii) Totals and Averages, 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56.—The following table shows the total amount of salaries and wages paid, and the average amount paid per employee in each State, for each of the years indicated. The figures exclude working proprietors and the amounts drawn by them:—

FACTORIES: TOTAL AND AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES PAID.

	Year.		N.S.W.	Vic. Qld. S. Aust.			W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			Тот	AL AMOU	VT PAID ((£'000).			
1938–39			44,606	36,027	10,887	8,169	4,574	2,480	106,743
1951-52			263,652	202,586	51,906	53,558	25,384	14,703	611,789
1952-53			265,910	210,878	57,59h	56,546	28,344	15,976	635,24
1953-54			293,586	236,037	63,433	63,110	31,590	17,381	705,13
1954–55			326,615	262,750	68,300	70,373	34,738	18,864	781.640
1955-56	• •		359,023	286,944	72,460	76,237	37,207	21,598	853,469
			Av	ERAGE PE	R EMPLOY	EE (£).	<u>' </u>	` <u> </u>	
1938-39			201.77	185.64	210.78	195.57	207.90	188.31	196.3
1951-52			673.13	650.79	576.57	656.54	594.67	637.29	650, 6
1952-53			728.14	709.15	649.94	724.52.	664.59	707.89	710.2
1953-54			7.58.65	743.29	678.35	761.27	703.26	734.60	742.6
1954-55			804.43	790.00	714.83	810.32	74417	771.27	789.3
1955-56			860.91	841.16	740.93	848.43	785.23	828.65	837.3

In comparing the figures in the preceding table, regard should be paid to the nature of certain industries which are carried on to a greater extent in some States than in others. In Victoria, for instance, a large number of hands is employed in Class VIII., Clothing, comprising a relatively high percentage of women and children. The highest average wages per employee in 1955-56 were paid in New South Wales, South Australia and Victoria, in that order.

The average earnings per employee rose annually from 1938-39 to 1943-44 when a level of £291 was attained as a result of war-time conditions. In 1944-45, the average dropped to £285 and remained at this level in 1945-46. From 1945-46, average earnings rose each year and in 1955-56 reached a record level of over £837.

⁽iii) Total and Average Earnings of Males and Females, 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56. Particulars for these years are given in the table on the following page.

FACTORIES: TOTAL AND AVERAGE SALARIES AND WAGES—MALES AND FEMALES.

Year:	ŀ	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W: Aust:	Tas.	Aust.
	-		TOTAL A	MALES.	D (£'000).			
1938-39 1951-52 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56	::	38,272 220,885 224,745 245,749 274,467 302,880	29,006 163,688 171,897 190,573 213,377 234,784	9,920 46,087 51,519 56,608 61,125 64,918	7,488 47,194 50,594 56,299 62,942 68,213	4,129 22,870 25,756 28,684 31,748 34,236	2,234 13,056 14,249 15,320 16,736 19,146	91,049 513,780 538,760 593,233 660,395 724,177
			Average P	ER MALE E	MPLOYEE (£)).		
1938-39 1951-52 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56	::	239.24 756.84 807.77 844.05 906.61 967.45	224.47 736.68 793.11 833.71 891.40 955.00	238.59 625.91 701.45 733.34 773.47 802.89	220.95 716.25 779.90 824.49 883.13 925.47	235.49 643.68 711.80 754.20 797.80 839.62	212.09 687.09 761.21 791.86. 833.05 904.78	231.84 725.57 782.87 820.98 877.84 933.92
			TOTAL	FEMALES AMOUNT PA				
1938-39 1951-52 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56		6,334 42,767 41,165 47,837 52,148 56,143	7,021 38,898 38,981 45,464 49,373 52,160	967 5,819 6,072 6,825 7,175 7,542	681 6,364 5,952 6,811 7,431 8,024	2,514 2,588 2,906 2,990 2,971	246- 1,647 1,727 2,061 2,128- 2,452	15,694 98,009' 96,485 111,904 121,245 129,292
		А	verage Pi	er Female I	Employee (£).		
1938-39 1951-52 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56		103.66 428.40 473.28 499.19 514.94 540.06	108.25 436.60 483.46 510.96 529.63 547.42	96.00 354.96 400.48 418.23 431.68 445.22	86.44 405.70 451'.80 465.95 477.12 496.84	99.58 351.30 400.32 421.93 434.21 449.61	93.19 404.71. 448.58 477.84 487.12 500.06	103.92 422.04 467.79 493.10 509.56 530.23

(iv) Managers, Clerical Staff and Other Employees. A further analysis of salaries and wages paid is given in the following table for 1955-56 and shows the amounts paid to managerial and clerical staff including salaried managers and working directors, chemists, draftsmen and other laboratory and research staff, and those paid to other employees. As previously mentioned, amounts drawn by working proprietors are excluded in all cases:—

FACTORIES: SALARIES AND WAGES PAID TO MANAGERS, CLERICAL STAFF, ETC., AND OTHER EMPLOYEES, AUSTRALIA, 1955-56.

Class of Industry.		, Clerical hemists, nen, etc.	All Other Employees.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	£'000.	
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous Mine and Quarry					
Products	2,157	349	15,868	111	
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	1,630	403	17,333	656	
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives, Paints, Oils, Grease.	8,910	1,887	26,406	3,966	
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances	52,634	10,886	308,183	14,052	
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	478	167·	3,259	447	
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	4,223	1,758	22,257	18,778	
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing or Footwear)	1,238	249	7,856	1,509	
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	4,223	2,168	20,191	37,176	
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	12,055	3,391	69,865	12,900	
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc., Wood Turning and		,	1		
Carving	4,441	946	39,956	550.	
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc	1,401	440	11,732	1,418	
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Bookbinding, etc	6,669	2,209	37,808		
XIII. Rubber	2,181	492	11,608	1,486	
XIV. Musical Instruments	171.	68	1,040.	161	
XV. Miscellaneous Products	2,122	698	9,729	3,309	
Total, Classes 1. to XV	104,533	26,111	603,091	103,089	
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	1,584,	72	14,969	20	
Grand Total	106,117	26,183	618,060	103,109	
Average paid per employee	1,247.84	571.66	895.25	520.65	

3. Power, Fuel and Light Used.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1955-56. The expenditure by factories on power, fuel and light, including the value of lubricants and water, is of considerable importance; in 1955-56 it amounted to a new high level of £139,127,000, an increase of £10,745,000 as compared with the previous year and over nine times the corresponding value in 1938-39. The following table shows the value of power, fuel and light, etc., used in the different classes of industry:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED(a), 1955-56. (£'000.)

Class of Industry,	N.S.W.	Vic.	O'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Class of Industry.	11.5.11.	V 10.	Q land.	J. Aust.	W. Aust.	143.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-		1	ĺ				}
ducts	2,479	1,785	623	848	758	271	6,764
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	3,415	1,997	354	550	574	140	7,030
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,							
Paints, Oils, Grease	4,611	3,530	268	816	1,838	132	11,195
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances	25,738	5,525	1,580	4,717	888	1,407	20.055
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	23,730	3,323	1,360	4,/1/	000	1,407	39,855
Plate	124	112	10	34	13	1	294
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	1			"		•	2,74
(not Dress)	1,407	1,848	56	184	46	143	3,684
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-							٠.
ing or Footwear)	406	411	66	129	62	4	1,078
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted) IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	873	786 5,208	157	124	84 938	36 439	2,060 16,467
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	5,915	3,208	2,721	1,246	936	437	10,407
Wood Turning and Carving	1.403	607	385	151	313	295	3,154
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,							-,
etc	164	93	40	38	23	6	364
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,				i			
Bookbinding, etc	1,117	1,502	127	256	80	1,192	4,274
VIV Musical Instruments	948 70	888 12	143 (b)	(b)	(b) 18	17	2,111 82
XV. Miscellaneous Products	443	421	10	50	11	4	939
1111 Misserianous 110dans	143	721					
Total, Classes 1. to XV.	49,113	24,725	6,540	9,240	5,646	4,087	99,351
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	17,456	9,873	5,440	3,590	3,407	10	39,776
Grand Total	66,569	34,598	11,980	12,830	9,053	4,097	139,127

⁽a) Includes value of lubricants and water.

(ii) Values of Items, 1955-56. The following table shows the values of the various items of power, fuel and light used in factories in each State, during the year:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF ITEMS OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED(a), 1955-56. (£'000.)

Particulars.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Coal, Black		21,230	2,712	6,514	(b) 3,623	2,956	1,242	38,277
, Brown			7,025					7,025
Brown Coal Briquettes	• •		2,347			1		2,347
Coke		12,587	1,138	397	2,479	178	218	16,997
Wood		449	680	431	394	420	195	2,569
Fuel Oil		6,055	7,704	1,232	2,279	1,829	433	19,532
Tar (Fuel)		830	238	6	98	15	21	1,208
Electricity		17,763	9,122	2,490	2,946	1,920	1,671	35,912
Gas		3,053	911	137	238	77	36	4,452
Other (Charcoal, etc.)	::	1,582	789	123	297	1,247	121	4,159
Water	::	1,923	1,172	285	250	210	80	3,920
Lubricating Oils	'	1,097	760	365	226	201	80	2,729
Total		66,569	34,598	11,980	12,830	9,053	4,097	139,127

⁽a) Includes value of lubricants and water. of Leigh Creek coal.

⁽b) Less than £500.

⁽b) Includes £1,028,000, the value of 417,000 tons

(iii) Quantities of Fuel Used, 1955-56. The following table shows the quantities of fuel used in factories in each State during the year:—

FACTORIES: QUANTITIES OF FUEL USED, 1955-56.

Particulars.	Unit.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Coal, Black Brown	'000 tons	5,394	411 8,551	1,544	(a) 840	586	249	9,024 8,551
Brown Coal Briquettes	"	2.051	487		261	22		487 2,527
Wood Fuel Oil	'000 gals.	208 96,956	377 132,901	255 15.820	159	330 27,127	98 5.650	1,427
Tar (Fuel)	,,	28,182	4,893	226	2,600	503	453	36,857

(a) Includes 417,000 tons of Leigh Creek coal.

(iv) Total Value, 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56. The next table shows the amounts expended on power, fuel and light during these years:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF POWER, FUEL AND LIGHT USED.(a) (£'000.)

Year.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Australia.
1938-39	7,652	4,000	1,423	1,018	1,169	438	15,700
1951-52	48,664	21,990	8,286	10,409	5,173	2,107	96,629
1952-53	53,630	25,626	9,624	11,806	6,175	2,476	109,337
1953-54	58,447	29,080	10,655	12,500	6,972	2,804	120,458
1954-55	60,925	31,767	11,620	12,897	8,046	3,127	128,382
1955-56	66,569	34,598	11,980	12,830	9,053	4,097	139,127

(a) Includes value of lubricants and water.

4. Value of Materials Used.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1955-56. The value of materials used (which includes the value of containers, packing, etc., the cost of tools replaced and repairs to plant) in factories in Australia in 1955-56 reached £2,125,819,000, representing 56.5 per cent. of the value of the final output (see para. 5). The following table shows the value of the materials used in various classes of industry in each State:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF MATERIALS USED, 1955-56. (£'000.)

		(- 000,					
Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	05 400	40.004	2 422	4 005	0.00	1 170	47.262
ducts	25,428	10,984	3,122	4,005	2,685	1,139	47,363
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	9,090	5,216	604	1,831	826	210	17,777
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	04.400	010	5 100	11 770	27.056		200 (21
Paints, Oils, Grease	84,426	77,018	7,169	11,739	27,856	1,413	209,621
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,			44.000	05.440	40.00		
Conveyances	377,194	182,134	46,079	95,148	18,337	17,211	736,103
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,			1	2.0	11		4000
Plate	1,794	2,660	102	260	75	5	4,896
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	1		1				
(not Dress)	40,130	61,582	4,158	4,106	2,946	4,555	117,477
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	i		i				
ing or Footwear)	12,727	11,092	2,881	5,760	1,234	109	33,803
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	44,522	47,467	5,827	3,242	2,185	319	103,562
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	158,062	165,265	130,426	34,854	26,491	15,557	530,655
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,			1				
Wood Turning and Carving	37,268	24,671	14,643	10,683	7,474	5,684	100,423
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	1	ĺ	1				1
etc	12,423	8,634	3,545	2,646	1,769	438	29,455
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	1		1	1			l
Bookbinding, etc	42,360	38,803	6,114	5,017	2,867	6,575	101,736
XIII. Rubber	19,366	17,457	4,001	1,454	302	189	42,769
XIV. Musical Instruments	2,007	262	12	5	2		2,288
XV. Miscellaneous Products	11,405	15,378	473	819	303	73	28,451
Total, Classes 1. to XV.	878,202	668,623	229,156	181,569	95,352	53,477	2,106,379
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	7,880	6,223	2,428	1,627	1,008	274	19,440
Grand Total	886,082	674,846	231,584	183,196	96,360	53,751	2,125,819

(ii) Total Amount, 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56. The following table shows the values of materials used in factories for these years:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF MATERIALS USED. (£'000.)

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938–39		120,502	82,971	42,596	20,309	9,604	5,321	281,303
1951-52	- ::	647,291	477,617	150,427	139,198	58,652	40,025	1.513,210
1952-53		627,954	476,489	187,572	133,818	63,943	38,029	1.527.805
1953-54		721,311	548,111	211,451	152,590	72,468	42,042	1,747,973
19 54- 55		802,617	616,666	224,336	169,136	80,583	47,360	1,940,698
1955-56		886,082	674,846	231,584	183,196	96,360	53,751	2,125,819

5. Value of Output.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1955-56. The value of the output of factories in the various classes in each State in 1955-56 is shown in the following table. It represents the selling value at the factory (excluding delivery costs and charges) of goods made or processed during the year, including by-products. In addition, it includes the amount received for other work done such as repair work, assembling and making up for customers. The difference between the sum of the values of the materials and of the power, fuel and light used, and the value of output is the real value of factory production (see para. 6).

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT, 1955-56. (£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	. Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	41.000	22.176	C 430	0.020	(02)	2 526	00 670
ducts II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	41,859 29,077			8,638 5,507	6,031 3,541	2,536 790	
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	29,077	15,075	2,723	3,307	3,341	790	30,713
Paints, Oils, Grease	143.943	120,507	11,356	19,779	41,790	2,604	339,979
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,		120,000	12,00	,	,	_,	,
Conveyances	682,366	361,813	88,146	163,947	41,191	33,857	1,371,320
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,							
Plate	4,869	6,148	429	815	381	27	12,669
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not Dress)	68,529	108,719	6,204	7,242	4,122	7,795	202,611
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	00,525	100,719	0,204	1,242	4,122	1,193	202,011
ing or Footwear)	19,816	17,942	4,381	7,506	2,026	193	51,864
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	88,343				5,171	1,116	208,090
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	231,758	230,694	173,738	49,340	36,992	22,398	744,920
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,				4			
Wood Turning and Carving	66,674	45,143	27,118	16,908	15,239	10,988	182,070
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	22,540	16,648	6,407	4,925	3,251	944	54,715
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	22,540	10,040	0,407	4,523	3,231	747	34,713
Bookbinding, etc.	85,214	72,606	12.833	11,063	6.599	16,745	205,060
XIII. Rubber	30,147	29,771	6,628	3,087		450	
XIV. Musical Instruments	4,224		47	36			4,986
XV. Miscellaneous Products	24,475	29,132	1,090	1,867	734	262	57,560
Total, Classes I. to XV.	1,543,834	1,171,095	360,027	308,555	167,787	100,705	3,652,00 3
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	50,953	30,297	11,617	8,407	7,359	3,074	111,707
Grand Total	1,594,787	1,201,392	371,644	316,962	175,146	103,779	3,763,710

(ii) Total, 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56. The following table shows the value of output in each State during these years:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT. (£'000.)

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39	 218,420	152.967	63,321	35,005	19.549	11,158	500,420
1951-52	 1,139,346	833,967	250,043	232,853	106,571	71,926	2,634,706
1952-53	 1,139,326	860,147	295,405	234,813	119,310	71,003	2,720,004
1953-54	 1,299,801	985,505	332,361	265,311	134,587	77.911	3.095.476
1954-55	 1,446,669	1,100,656	356,017	293,061	149,585	88,601	3,434,589
1955-56	 1.594.787	1,201,392	371,644	316,962	175,146	103,779	3,763,710

6. Value of Production.—(i) In Classes of Industry, 1955-56. The value of production for any industry was defined at the Conference of Statisticians at Sydney in 1925 as "the value of consumable commodities produced during the year, deducting, so far as possible, the value of goods consumed in process of production."

In accordance with this definition, it was agreed that a deduction consisting of the costs of raw material, containers, power, fuel, light, lubricants, water, tools replaced, repairs to plant and depreciation should be made from the "value of output". All these deductions with the exception of depreciation are included in the items "value of materials used" and "value of fuel used" as defined above. On account of the difficulty experienced in securing accurate figures for depreciation, it was agreed that no deduction should be made on this account for the present. The value of production as given in the following tables is obtained therefore, by deducting "value of materials used" and "value of fuel used" from the "value of output".

The figure thus calculated is, however, not the net value of production. The amount of depreciation, particulars of which are shown in § 9, para. 4, was recorded as £67,939,000 for 1955-56. Many miscellaneous expenses, such as taxation, insurance, advertising and other sundry charges, have not been taken into account. Therefore, it must not be inferred that when wages and salaries are deducted from the value of production the whole of the "surplus" is available for interest and profit.

The value of factory production, therefore, approximates "net value added" in the manufacturing process. It amounted in 1955-56 to £1,499 million to which Class IV., Industrial Metals, etc., with £595 million made the greatest contribution. The total value of production in 1955-56 showed an increase of £133 million (9.74 per cent.) over the figure for 1954-55 and £1,295 million over the value of production recorded in 1938-39.

The following table shows the value of production in 1955-56 in each State for the various classes of industry.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PRODUCTION, 1955-56. ('000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	13,952	10,407	2,685	3,785	2,588	1,126	34,543
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	16,572	7,862	1,767	3,126		440	31,908
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	10,372	7,002	1,707	3,120	2,141	440	31,500
Paints, Oils, Grease	54,906	39,959	3,919	7,224	12,096	1,059	119,163
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	1		-,	,,],	-,	,
Conveyances	279,434	174,154	40,487	64,082	21,966	15,239	595,362
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	1 1			,			•
Plate	2,951	3,376	317	521	293	21	7,479
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods					1		
(not Dress)	26,992	45,289	1,990	2,952	1,130	3,097	81,450
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-		- 400			امت ا		46000
ing or Footwear)	6,683	6,439	1,434	1,617	730	80	16,983
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	42,948	44,817	6,511	4,529		761	102,468
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	67,781	60,221	40,591	13,240	9,563	6,402	197,798
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	20,002	19,865	12.000	6074	7.453	£ 000	78,493
Wood Turning and Carving	28,003	19,803	12,090	6,074	7,452	5,009	10,473
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	9,953	7,921	2,822	2,241	1,459	500	24,896
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	3,333	7,521	2,022	2,241	1,435	300	24,050
Bookbinding, etc.	41,737	32,301	6,592	5,790	3,652	8.978	99,050
XIII. Rubber	9,833	11,426	2,484			244	25,894
XIV. Musical Instruments	2,147	377	35	31			2,616
XV. Miscellaneous Products	12,627	13,333		998		185	
Total, Classes I. to XV.	616,519	477,747		117,746	66,789		1,446,273
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	25,617	14,201	3,749			2,790	52,491
· ·							
Grand Total	642,136	491,948	128,080	120,936	69,733	45,931	1,498,764

(ii) Total and Averages, 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56. The value of production and the amount per person employed and per head of population are shown in the following table. For Australia as a whole, the value of production per head of population increased from £29.34 per head in 1938-39 to £160.89 per head in 1955-56. For value per person employed, the increase was not quite so pronounced (from £360 per head in 1938-39 to £1,413 in 1955-56).

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PRODUCTION.

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
			V	LUE. (£'(000.)			
1938–39	::	90,266 443,391 457,742 520,043 583,127 642,136	65,996 334,360 358,032 408,314 452,223 491,948	19,302 91,330 98,209 110,255 120,061 128,080	13,678 83,246 89,189 100,221 111,028 120,936	8,776 42,746 49,192 55,147 60,956 69,733	5,399 29,794 30,498 33,065 38,114 45,931	203,417 1,024,867 1,082,862 1,227,045 1,365,509 1,498,764
			Per Par	SON EMPL	OYED. (£.))		
1938-39 1951-52 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1955-56	::	395 1,092 1,204 1,292 1,389 1,483	327 1,032 1,152 1,233 1,305 1,385	357 968 1,055 1,124 1,197 1,250	315 992 1,108 1,172 1,240 1,306	378 947 1,089 1,162 1,236 1,392	391 1,240 1,298 1,345 1,497 1,697	360 1,048 1,160 1,240 1,324 1,413
		1	PER HEAD	OF POPUL	ATION. (£.)		
1938-39	::	33.00 132.12 133.84 152.70 168.56 182.20	35.25 145.28 151.55 168.53 181.75 191.80	19.14 74.79 78.64 84.78 90.59 94.69	22.98 114.14 119.00 127.50 137.50 144.93	18.80 72.31 80.28 87.44 93.93 104.23	22.72 99.79 98.72 106.85 121.78 143.90	29.34 120.02 123.79 137.86 150.22 160.89

645,295 3,763,710

7. Value of Output and Cost of Production.—As the total value of the output for Australia for 1955-56 was recorded as £3,763,710,000, there remained, after payment of £2,125,819,000 for the value of the materials used, £853,469,000 for salaries and wages and £139,127,000 for power, fuel and light, a balance of £645,295,000 to provide for all other costs and overhead expenses such as rent, interest, insurance, pay-roll tax, income tax, depreciation, etc., as well as drawings by working proprietors and profit. The following table gives corresponding particulars for each State for the year 1955-56:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF OUTPUT AND COST OF PRODUCTION, 1955-56.

State.		Materials Used. (a)	Used. and Light. Wa		Balance. (Output less Materials, Fuel and Wages.)(c)	Total Value of Output.						
Value and Cost, etc. (£'000.)												
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania		886,082 674,846 231,584 183,196 96,360 53,751	66,569 34,598 11,980 12,830 9,053 4,097	359,023 286,944 72,460 76,237 37,207 21,598	283,113 205,004 55,620 44,699 32,526 24,333	1,594,787 1,201,392 371,644 316,962 175,146 103,779						

 ⁽a) Includes the value of containers, packing, etc., also the cost of tools replaced and repairs to plant.
 (b) Includes lubricants and water.
 (c) See paragraph preceding this table.

139,127 853,469

.. 2,125,819

Australia

§ 9. Value of Land, Buildings, Plant and Machinery.

1. General.—The following statement shows the value of land and buildings and of plant and machinery used in connexion with manufacturing industries during the year 1955-56:—

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND, BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), 1955-56. $(\mathfrak{L}'000.)$

							
Value of—	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Land and buildings	260,268	214,921	52,602	48,353	32,859	46,579	655,582
Plant and machinery	298,913	258,295	85,777	63,596	56,534	40,425	803,540
Total	559,181	473,216	138,379	111,949	89,393	87,004	1,459,122

⁽a) Includes estimated value of rented premises and plant.

The values recorded in this section are generally the values apportioned in the books of the individual firms after allowance has been made for depreciation, but they include estimates of the capital value of premises and plant rented. The totals shown in the table consequently do not represent the actual amount of capital invested in the items specified.

2. Value of Land and Buildings.—(i) Total for Australia. The following table shows for Australia as a whole, the approximate value of land and buildings occupied in connexion with manufacturing industries for 1938-39, and 1951-52 to 1955-56.

FACTORIES:	VALUE	OF LAND AND	BUILDINGS(a),	AUSTRALIA.
		(.000°£)		

Class of Industry.	1938-39.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953-54.	.1954–55.	:1955–56.
I. Treatment of Non-metalliferous						
Mine and Quarry Products	2,779	6,905	7.431	8,091	-9,103	11,228
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	2,953	6,761	7,723	8,535	9,849	11,301
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	1	·		•		,
Paints, Oils, Grease	7,377	25,262	30,996	36,931	44,658	61.863
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	1		,		, ,	! '
Conveyances	34,841	117,513	137,724	159,325	184,934	218,667
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	633	2,037	2,311	2,523	2,888	3,233
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not	ĺ		'	1	1	! '
Dress)	6,000	20,845	22,482	25,443	29,651	31,931
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing	i "	1	1		"	1
or Footwear)	2,096	5,382	5,734	6,072	6,452	6,288
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	10,624	24,768	26,359	28,584	31,163	33,920
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	33,273	68,916	78,278	86,625	94,070	108,335
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,		1	1	1	1	. ,
Wood Turning and Carving	4,107	14,505	16,361	18,297	21,225	23,141
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	2,533	6,812	7.256	8,069	8,981	9,915
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-		1	1	· .	1	
binding, etc.	10,639	24,691	27,284	30,444	34,156	40,256
XIII. Rubber	1,676	4,620	5,530	6,668	7,430	8.581
XIV. Musical Instruments	105	380	398	468	528	621
XV. Miscellaneous Products	:1,433	6,266	6,705	7,570	8,299	9,946
Total, Classes I. to XV	721,069	335,663	382,572	433,645	493,387	579,226
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	-9,851	23,827	31;874	49,786	62,609	76,356
Grand Total	:130,920	359,490	414,446	483,431	555,996	655;582

⁽a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS(a), 1955-56. (£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	4 400	2 200				~ .	
ducts	4,122	3,309	837	824	1,520	616	11,228
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc	5,634	2,624	717	913	1,202	211	11,301
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	40 500				1 1	201	
Paints, Oils, Grease	30,629	21,737	1,258	2,596	4,652	991	61,863
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,					1		l
Conveyances	97,372	70,716	13,554	19,745	9,623	.7,657	218,667
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,		1			l _ i		
Plate	1,165	1,538	112	230	167	21	3,233
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	1			1	1 1		
(not Dress)	11,079	18,079	.676	863	565	669	.31,931
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	ł	į	ŀ	Į.	1		1
ing or Footwear)	2,581	.2,468	290	58.7	244	.118	6,288
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	14,691	13,239	2,308	1,733	1,500	449	33,920
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	35,113	35,345	18,303	8,644	6,976	3,954	108,335
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	1 '	1	'	1		,	
Wood Turning and Carving	9,360	6,154	2,238	2,309	1,930	1,150	23,141
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	1			1	'	•	1
etc	3,823	3,367	1,057	745	716	207	9,915
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	.,	.,	-,,		'		{
Bookbinding, etc.	16,781	14,462	2,281	1,904	1,259	3,569	40,256
XIII. Rubber	3,345	3,570	856	417	7,277	116	8,581
XIV. Musical Instruments	417	166	6	12	20		621
XV. Miscellaneous Products	4.443	4,644	209	341	225	84	9,946
1.2 ** 1.1.2.00********************************	1,115	1,01	200) -,,,,
Total, Classes 1. to XV	2/0 555	201 419	44.702	11.062	20 976	70 9/3	579,226
Total, Classes 1. 10 AV	240,555	201,418	44,702	41,863	30,876	19,812	3/9,220
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	19,713	13,503	7,900	6,490	1,983	26,767	76,356
a						46.550	655.500
Grand Total	260,268	214,921	52,602	48,353	32,859	46,579	655,582

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

⁽ii) In Classes of Industry in States, 1955-56. The following table gives particulars of the various classes of industry in each State.

(iii) Totals in each State. The following table shows the value of land and buildings in each State for the years 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56:—

FACTORIES:	VALUE	OF	LAND	AND	BUILDINGS.(a)
		(£'	000.)		

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39 1951-52 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55	57,353 153,662 176,576 196,724 221,519 260,268	42,026 119,465 135,324 158,389 186,324 214,921	12,299 28,610 34,720 40,003 46,187 52,602	8,711 28,507 31,904 36,579 42,133 48,353	6,814 16,747 20,960 24,739 30,230 32,859	3,717 12,499 14,962 26,997 29,603 46,579	130,920 359,490 414,446 483,431 555,996 655,582

(a) Includes estimated value of rented premises.

Prior to 1929-30, the increase in the value of land and buildings was uninterrupted, rising from £23 million in 1903 to £118 million in 1929-30, a growth of £95 million in 27 years. During the three years ended 1932-33, there was a decline of £12 million to £105.8 million, but since that year the value has risen annually and it stood at £655.6 million in 1955-56.

3. Value of Plant and Machinery.—(i) Total for Australia, 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56. The following table shows for Australia the approximate value of plant and machinery used in factories.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), AUSTRALIA. (£'000.)

Chan a C.T. Aust	1	1051.50	1052.53	1052.51	1054.55	1055 56
Class of Industry.	1938–39.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
L Treatment of Non-metalliferous		44.544	1 4 4 4 4 7 7	45.000	20.505	20.510
Mine and Quarry Products	7,028	11,911	16,155	17,829	20,625	23,512
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc. III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	3,145	7,461	8,811	9,741	11,000	12,319
Paints, Oils, Grease	6,754	30,559	39,024	53,528	97,508	125,016
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	1 .,,,,,,,		05,021	00,020	2.,000	120,010
Conveyances	33,038	112,940	131.857	148.178	168,651	202,286
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery, Plate	197	955	1,012	1,002	1.094	1,219
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods (not					,	
Dress)	6,658	23,973	25,030	27,567	29,658	31,155
VII. Skins and Leather (not Clothing	'	, - i				
or Footwear)	973	3,642	3,894	4,034	4,153	4,225
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	2,557	10,403	11,181	12,363	13,452	14,340
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	32,101	66,712	77,512	90,624	101,700	115,904
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,						
Wood Turning and Carving	3,907	15,869	17,851	19,002	21,827	23,626
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding, etc.	728	2,483	2,692	2,870	3,186	3,388
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing, Book-					10.00	
binding, etc.	9,188	33,613	38,129	41,866	46,129	51,405
XIII. Rubber	1,368	4,171	4,875	5,677	6,843	8,971
XIV. Musical Instruments	12	302	305	458	444	509
XV. Miscellaneous Products	758	4,674	5,075	5,968	6,614	7,459
Total, Classes I. to XV	108,412	329,668	383,403	440,707	532,884	625,334
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	35,250	80,476	110,131	140,008	165,408	178,206
Grand Total	143,662	410,144	493,534	580,715	698,292	803,540

(a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

Except for the years 1930-31 to 1933-34, when decreases were recorded, there has been a continuous increase in the value of plant and machinery in factories in Australia. The increase in 1955-56 of £105.2 million over 1954-55 extended over all industrial classes. The greatest increase occurred in Class IV., Industrial Metals, Machines, Conveyances.

(ii) Totals in each State. The following table shows the value of plant and machinery in each State during the years 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56. During 1955-56 increases occurred in all States, New South Wales showing the largest increase, £40.3 million.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY.(a) (£'000.)

Year.	Year. N.S.W.		Vic. Q'land.		S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.	
1938-39	::	62,693 166,437 207,733 233,022 258,596 298,913	38,627 128,934 147,365 181,058 226,347 258,295	18,095 41,290 51,670 64,160 76,367 85,777	9,750 32,177 40,111 46,788 52,145 63,596	8,095 20,716 24,035 28,195 54,958 56,534	6,402 20,590 22,620 27,492 29,879 40,425	143,662 410,144 493,534 580,715 698,292 803,540	

(a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

(iii) Value according to Class of Industry, 1955-56. The following table shows the value of plant and machinery used in factories in each State during 1955-56 according to class of industry.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY(a), 1955-56. (£'000.)

							,
Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer-							
ous Mine and Quarry Pro-	11,030	4,586	2,330	2,876	2,049	641	23,512
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	6,229	2,854	995	798	1,234	209	12,319
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	0,225	2,054	993	/30	1,234	209	12,319
Paints, Oils, Grease	43,506	46,930	1,901	5,654	24,348	2,677	125,016
IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	43,300	40,550	1,501	3,034	24,546	2,077	123,010
Conveyances	104,347	53,270	9,350	20,545	5,778	8,996	202,286
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,	104,547	33,270	7,350	20,545	3,776	0,550	202,200
Plate	480	544	37	100	50	8	1,219
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods	400	344	, ,,	100	30		1,219
(not Dress)	10,459	17,951	943	556	411	835	31,155
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-	10,100	.,,,,,,	1 743	1 330	1 1	055	31,100
ing or Footwear)	1,728	1,469	370	426	195	37	4,225
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	5,412	6,165	1.137	873	560	193	14,340
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	32,323	32,253	34,719	7,868	5,528	3,213	115,904
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.,	02,020	,	0.,	,,,,,,	5,520	0,210	110,501
Wood Turning and Carving	8,207	5,228	3,574	1,731	2,290	2,596	23,626
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,	.,	-,	, ,,,,,	-,	-,	_,	
etc	1,193	1.056	462	348	256	73	3,388
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,	1,	.,					1
Bookbinding, etc.	15,386	20.581	2.843	2,607	1.558	8,430	51,405
XIII. Rubber	2,870	4,846	616	402	145	92	8,971
XIV. Musical Instruments	413	89	3	1 1	3		509
XV. Miscellaneous Products	2,876	4,045	112	319	80	27	7,459
Total, Classes I. to XV	246,459	201,857	59,392	45,104	44,485	28,027	625,334
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	52,454	56,428	26,385	18,492	12,049	12,398	178,206
Grand Total	298,913	258,295	85,777	63,596	56,534	40,425	803,540

(a) Includes estimated value of rented plant and machinery.

^{4.} Depreciation of Land and Buildings and Plant and Machinery, 1955-56.—The following table shows the allowance made for the depreciation of land and buildings and plant and machinery used in connexion with the manufacturing industries in each State as recorded by factory proprietors at the annual census of factory production.

FACTORIES: ALLOWANCE FOR DEPRECIATION OF LAND AND BUILDINGS AND PLANT AND MACHINERY, 1955-56.

(£'000.)

Class of Industry.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
I. Treatment of Non-metallifer- ous Mine and Quarry Pro-							
	1,204	412	255	332	155	20	2 200
II. Bricks, Pottery, Glass, etc.	618	306	134	94	155	28	2,386
III. Chemicals, Dyes, Explosives,	010	300	134) 94	121	28	1,301
	3,700	3.586	242		0.500	440	11 100
Paints, Oils, Grease IV. Industrial Metals, Machines,	3,700	3,300	242	625	2,532	418	11,103
1v. industrial Metals, Machines,	0.740	F 100	055				40
Conveyances	9,740	5,199	955	2,387	530	955	19,766
V. Precious Metals, Jewellery,		۱ 40		_			
Plate	32	43	3	6	3		87
VI. Textiles and Textile Goods			l			1	
(not Dress)	1,052	2,005	74	70	47	91	3,339
VII. Skins and Leather (not Cloth-			l		1		
ing or Footwear)	116	106	24	36	12	1	295
VIII. Clothing (except Knitted)	471	479	82	55	48	22	1,157
IX. Food, Drink and Tobacco	2,789	3,334	2,827	663	505	330	10,448
X. Sawmills, Joinery, Boxes, etc.	· ·	ĺ	!	1			
Wood Turning and Carving	757	510	318	171	208	318	2,282
XI. Furniture of Wood, Bedding,							
etc ,.	99	71	43	27	23	3	266
XII. Paper, Stationery, Printing,						- 1	
Bookbinding, etc.	1.290	2,142	249	183	165	687	4,716
XIII. Rubber	742	630	125	72	25	13	1,607
XIV. Musical Instruments	41	8					49
XV. Miscelianeous Products	307	603	10	30	10	2	962
Total, Classes I. to XV.	22,958	19,434	5,341	4,751	4,384	2,896	59,764
XVI. Heat, Light and Power	5,141	255	1,254	562	732	231	8,175
The savery angulation to the savery and save	3,141		1,234		132	231	0,173
Grand Total	28,099	19,689	6,595	5,313	5,116	3,127	67,939

5. Land and Buildings, Plant and Machinery—Values, Additions and Replacements, Depreciation, 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56.—The following table summarizes the recorded totals for Australia, in this section, and also includes particulars of additions and replacements.

FACTORIES: VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS, PLANT AND MACHINERY, AUSTRALIA.

(£'000.)

			lues as at une.(a)		nd Replace- ring year.	Depreciation allowed during year.		
Year.		Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	Land and Buildings.	Plant and Machinery.	
1938–39		130,920	143,662	5,578	17,781	1,911	8,736	
1951-52	• • •	359,490	410,144	37,702	96,370	3,634	30,479	
1952-53		414,446	493,534	48,006	119,790	4,683	33,039	
1953-54		483,431	580,715	55,668	128,453	5,673	41,524	
1954-55		555,996	698,292	58,311	170,762	6,568	49,916	
1955-56		655,582	803,540	82,808	156,535	8,030	59,909	

⁽a) Includes estimated value of rented premises, plant and machinery.

§ 10. Principal Factory Products.

The factory production of certain commodities is shown in the monthly and quarterly publications of this Bureau and in the bulletin Secondary Industries.

The following table shows the total recorded production of some of the principal articles manufactured in Australia during the years ended 30th June, 1954 to 1956. A more complete list, together with values, where available, is published in the bulletin Secondary Industries.

QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA.

Artic	le.			Unit of Quantity.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955-56.
Acid— Nitric Sulphuric Aerated and Carbonated	i Water	 s		Ton '000' gals. '000 sq. yds.	11,501 731,897 56,624 26,074	11,777 835,146 59,648 28,077	14,216 896,472 60,852 26,679
Asbestos Cement Buildi	ng Snee	LS	••	000 sq. yas.	20,074	20,077	20,079
Bacon and Ham Bags, Leather, Fibre, etc.	c.—	••	••	'000 1ь.	75,379	78,820	75,641
Handbags— Leather				No.	957,810	935,001	848,144
Plastic			• • •	,,	470,379	591,485 125,298	848,144 800,217 122,228
Other	• •		• •	,,	134,873	125,298	122,22
School Bags Suitcases(a)	• •	• •	••	**	137,316 1,165,399	104,993 1,241,906	102,338 1,311,676
			• • •	"	2,902	1,348	1,311,07
All other				•	253,590	335,575	292,042
Baking Powder	••			lb.	771,227	701,395	617,10
Bath Heaters—				Ma	10.045	17 000	17.07
Electric Gas	• •	••	• •	No.	19,045 27,360	17,886 27,626	17,076 27,560
	••	::	• • •	"	27,360 42,325 156,509 89,387	27,626 41.191	27,560 40,532
Bathing Suits	• •		• •	Doz.	156,509	222,473 117,414	228,089
Baths, C.I.P.E.	• •	• •	• •	No.	89,387	117,414	104,998
Baths, C.I.P.E. Batteries, Wet Cell type Beer (excluding Waste B	laar)	••	••	'000 "gals.	1,398,985 208,557	1,501,788 221,679	1,403,12° 227,490
Door (energoing trubte r		::	••	'000 lb.	150,475	150,816	158,55
Blankets				'000	1,202	1,532	1,554
Boots, Shoes and Slipp	ers (not	Rubber	r)—		40.500		
	• •	••	• •	'000 pairs	18,582 1,895	17,901	18,000
C11'	• •	• •	• •	, ,,	8,633	1,980 7,324	1,809 7,977
	• •	• • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Ton (2,000 lb.)	274.307	7,324 272,455	277,638
Brassieres				Doz.	416.889	404,893 838,579 19,715	421,142
	• •	• •		2000	801,998 18,539	838,579	840,343
	• •	••	• •	Gross	18,539 82,257	86,531	19,862 87,594
	••	• • •	::	Ton	156,117	188,010	205,79
a					0.614	10.000	
Candles Cardigans, Sweaters, etc	• •	• •	• •	Cwt. Doz.	8,611 996,701	10,369 1,029,250	10,01
Cement, Portland		••	• • •	Ton.	1,700,127	1,919,802	1,051,285 2,034,554
	• •	::	::		49,043	45,178	38,68
Cigarettes				'00й 1ь.	18,303	22,859	27,16
Cleansing and Scouring				~	121,232	115 250	105.04
Soap based (Incl. San Other	a soap)	•••	• •	Cwt.	(c)	115,350 43,823	105,046 72,236
Cloth—	••	••	• •	"	(6)	43,023	12,23
Cotton				'000 sq. yds.	33,618	34,424	40,15
Woollen and Worsted	(d)	••	••	•	35,027	31,067	30,279
Coke— Metallurgical				Ton	2,010,404	2,046,790	2,058,420
A41	• •	::	• •	,,,	943,344	1,099,859	1,031,13
Confectionery—	••	• •	• • •	+			
Chocolate	• •	••	• •	'000 1Ь.	62,599	56,994	62,40
	• •	• •	••	,,	76,872	81,506	83,069
Coppers— Electric				No.	29,935	28,381	27,075
Gas	• •	• •	••	140.	28.047	27,400	27,480
T	••		•••		85,300 3,967	86,487	68,827
Cordials and Syrups	• •		• •	'000' gals.	3,967	4,537	4,590
Corsets and Corselets		• •	• •	Doz.	155,408	141,265	156,83
Cosmetic Creams and L Face Creams	onons-			Cwt.	5,412	5,110	4,70
Hand Creams and Lo	tions	• •	• •	, CW1.	4,800	6,175	7.14
Other Skin Creams ar			::	1	9,102	8,221	6,06
Custard Powder	• •	• •	• •	'000 1ь.	6,155	5,535	5,94
Cycles, Assembled	• •	• •		No.	85,063	91,125 {	89,03

⁽a) Includes Kitbags. (b) Excludes Tooth and Industrial Metal and Bristle. (c) Not available. (d) Includes Mixtures.

QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA—continued.

				331	KALIA—com	mucu.		
	Art	icle.			Unit of Quantity.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
Dynamos—					37-	293	264	289
Alternators Generators	• • •	::	::	::	No.	9,331	264 8,473	6,394
Electricity Enamels, Nat	ural and	Synthetic	::		Mill. kWh '000 gals.	13,707 2,699	15,172 3,642	16,670 4,126
Engines— Diesel, other	er than M	Tarine			No.	3,787	2,667	2,757
Petrol— Marine Other (a)				• •	,,	1,357 23,680	1,380 45,608	1,246 100,585
Essences, Fla	vouring-	·		••	" Gal.	103,804	116,577	118,642
Industrial					,,	237,312	270,348	319,591
Face Powder Fans, Electric Fats, Edible— Dripping	: ::	::	::	::	Cwt. No.	3,396 42,283	4,336 63,265	2,694 127,659
Other					Cwt.	357,802 264,267	367,517 291,989	360,835 369,712
Fibrous Plast Fish, Tinned Floorboards	er Sheets (including			::	'000 sq. yds. '000 1b.	16,185 6,605	17,784 6,646	18,125 6,008
Australian Imported T	imper	••		••	'000 super. ft.	110,536 3,845	115,640 4,474	118,502 2,973
Flour, Self-ra Flour, Wheat Fruit Juices—	ising en (b) Natural	::	::	::	Cwt. Ton (2,000 lb.) '000 gals.	1,116,278 1,609,058 3,161	1,102,480 1,553,019 2,874	1,090,005 1,571,305 3,016
Gas Gloves—		••	••		Mill. cubic ft.	42,100	43,465	44,578
Dress— Leather	••				Doz. pairs	12,113	6,454	4,115
Other Work, all ty	pes	::		::	Doz.	112,892 214,596 15,563	58,749 269,408	52,035 293,874
Golf Clubs	••	••	••	••	Doz.	15,563	14,861	12,781
Handkerchiefs Men's Women's					,,	1,234,162	1,313,327	1,181,261 1,264,711
Hats and Cap Hose, Rubber	s Gordon	••	::	::	'000 lin. ft.	1,538,067 530,521	1,375,669 510,382	483,817 3,131
	Other	'	••	::	39 39	5,420 7,111 29,887	5,071 9,716 24,893	9,449 25,475
Ice					Ton	877,803	766,557	601,027
Ice Cream Iron and Steel	<u></u>	::		:•	'000 gals.	13,678	14,796	16,018
Pig Iron Steel Ingots		••		::	*000 tons	1,827 2,117	1,869 2,209	1,911 2,320
Blooms and Irons, Electric	Billets		••		No.	1,921 229,910	1,953 278,777	2,111 327,536
Jams					¹000 Ib.	85,687	81.699	84,096
Jelly Crystals	••	••	••	••	"	11,028	11,799	12,793
Kalsomine	••	••	••	••	,,	3,396	3,089	1,918
Lacquer, Clear			••	::	Gal. Cwt.	1,306,661 40,973	4,476,489 40,472	1,498,695 42,446
Lawn Mowers Electric	- .	-			No.	21,922	25,418	18,861
Petrol Hand	• •		• •	::	,r,	9,849 85,867	29,423 106,005	77,929 106,712
Leather— Dressed from	n Hides–	Sold by N	/leasurer		'000 sq. ft.	55,087	54,069	55,126
Dressed from	n Skins		••	::	'000 lb. '000 sq. ft.	297 26,811	208 25,641	132 23,883 1,213
Harness, Sk Sole and Be	irt, etc. lting		••	• • •	'000 lb.	1,546 38,675	1,433 35,001	33,701
Upholstery Lime—Agricul	 tural	•••	••	::	'000 sq. ft. Ton	38,675 7,843 108,746	7,103 111,170	3,389 123,338
Hydrate Ouick	ed .	::	••		,,	44,047	48,644 128,639	54,172 117,578
Linseed Oil—e	xtracted	from Location	al Crush	ing	'000 gals.	123,774 338 3,946	438 3,539	1,448 2,631
Lubricating O	il	••	• •	••	tons	57,003	64,465	67,531
(a) Exclude	s Motor	Car. Mot	or Cycle	Tr	actor and Aero F	noines	(b) Includes V	Vheatmeal for

(a) Excludes Motor Car, Motor Cycle, Tractor and Aero Engines.

(b) Includes Wheatmeal for Baking and Sharps.

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QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA—continued.

AUSI	KALIA-conti	nuea.		
Article.	Unit of Quantity.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955-56.
Malt, Barley	'000 bus.	7,078	7,517	7,782
Margarine— Table	'000 lb.	21,866	21,972	26,552
Other	No.	49,939 262,930 418,811	49,171 315,741 476,395	43,443 296,494
Mattresses—Wire Inner Spring	"	418,811	476,395	501,133
Soft Filled, etc	1	30/,110	380,463	363,167
Meat, Tinned	'000 lb.	161,113	165,394	157,969
Milk— Concentrated (Whole)	**	43,599 94,944	22,560 86,225 59,269 13,914 127,709	31,038 99,368 67,361
Condensed	**	68,643	59,269	99,368 67,361
Mops, Floor	Gross	68,643 11,964	13,914	1 13,768
Motor Bodies made	No.	114,878	127,709	139,098 94,953
Motor Bodies Assembled	'000 gals.	43,077 182,319	62,408 412,955	617,356
Motors, Electric	No.	972,887	1,183,066	1,116,840
Nails	Ton Doz.	22,008 588,730	24,214	25,058
Neckties	Ton	60,406	491,455 73,608	516,835 79,015
Oatmeal (including Rolled Oats)	Cwt.	400,095	322,985	79,015 365,980
Paint—Qil	'000 gals,	5,180 31,930	6,098	6,553
Water Peanut Butter and Paste	'000 lb.	4,313	28,955 4,627	24,388 4,736
Perambulators	No.	153,048	155,433	160,374
Pickles	'000 pints	6,896	6,765	7,721
Pigments—Colours ground in oil	Cwt.	19,047 172,807	17,592 184,853	20,025 165,300
White Lead	,,,	13		
Other, including Dry Colours	1	337,794	389,185	369,613
Plywood, A inch basis	'000 sq. ft. Ton (2,000 lb.)	161,581 335,890	186,604 315,028	300,699 332,564
Fruit Preserved (b) Vegetables Preserved	'000 1ь.	338,562 40,265	319,235 51,116	304,299 77,822
Pyjamas— Men's and Boys' (Suits only)	Doz.	273 423	330 556	279,734
Women's and Girls' (inc. Nightdresses)	,,	273,423 322,010	339,556 343,464 18,361	359,780
Racquet Frames (all types)	1	1 22.224	18,361	16,651
Refrigerators—Commercial	No.	1,442	1,656	1,756
Domestic Rice (Cleaned)	Cwt.	274,487 904,207	280,577 916,702	247,360 1,166,027
Ropes and Cables (excluding Wire)	1	115,182	125,727	128,873
Rugs	'000	138	141	142
Sauce	'000 pints	25,711 61,205 108,382	28,482 72,377 103,553	28,668
Sausage Casings	Cwt.	61,205	72,377	79,769
Sauce. Sausage Casings Semolina Shirts (Men's and Boys')	Doz.	1,240,069	1,410,573	129,536 1,309,501
Sink Heaters	No.	24,907	23,799	24,842
Soap and Detergents—	Cwt.	215 971	242 741	227.040
Soap—Personal Toilet Household		315,871 622,607	342,741 747,487	327,949 744,109
Industrial (Incl. Wool Scouring) (c)	,,	622,607 (d) 286,705	172,998	197,590
Extracts and Powders—Household	,,	821,612	926,156	822,988
Industrial Detergents—Personal Toilet	**	68,629	81,338	87,455 6,000
Household	"	11 1	7,932 99,225	92.806
Industrial	,,	} (e) {	19,777	22,499
Extracts and Powders— Household	1	"	ام دا	34,698
Industrial	**	[] [} 44,369 {	39,131
Socks and Stockings—				-
Men's, Youths' and Boys' Women's, Maids' and Girls'	Doz. pairs	} 5,258,153{	1,664,072 2,421,538	1,559,865 2,303,543
Infants' and Babywear (including Anklets)	, ,,		1,126,949	1,063,380
Soup—Tinned	'000 pints	25,509	27,616	35,316
Dry-Mix Spades and Shovels	'000 lb. Doz.	2,800 25,322	2,893 32,058	3,771 33,873
Starch—Edible	Cwt.	334,298	357,557	391,766
Inedible	· ·	90,339	92,004	96,929
Steel, Structural, Fabricated	Ton	137,557	162,793	218,124
Stoves, Ovens and Ranges— Domestic Cooking—		ł		
Electric (f)	No.	81,508	85,589	92,258
Gas	,,	43,040	58,758	57,097
Curan Daw (04 - at titue)	Ton	50,376 1,254,387	49,758 1,327,546	47,300 1,171,713
Refined	,,	449,015	481,639	482,660
Sulphate of Ammonia	,,	70,811	78,434	75,321
Superphosphate	,,	1,771,196	1,960,605	2,125,803
	<u></u>			

⁽a) Includes Malted Milk and Infants' and Invalids' Foods. (b) Includes Canned Apple, all types. (c) Includes industrial flakes and chips. (d) Includes soft and liquid not separately described. (e) Not available. (f) Includes Stovettes, Cookers, etc.

QUANTITY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES PRODUCED IN FACTORIES: AUSTRALIA—continued.

A -	ticle.			Unit of	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
AI	ucie.			Quantity.	1955-54.	1934-33.	1933–36.
Talcum Powder Tallow—	••	••	••	Cwt.	30,183	30,454	35,824
Edible				,,	388,222	507,477	681,057
Inedible	• •	••	• •	,,	1,101,114	1,126,770	1,346,145
Television Sets		• •		No.	•••		(a) 2,636
Tiles, Roofing—							52.500
Cement	• •	• •	• •	'000	44,651	53,720	53,782
Terracotta	• •	• •	• •	,,	63,782	63,934	64,746
Timber— From Native Logs—							
Hardwood	_			'000 super. ft.	1,157,124	1,184,992	1,180,936
Softwood	• •	••	• •		242,974		
From Imported Los	···	••	• •	,,	242,914	264,296	268,785
Hardwood	; 			ļ	20,627	28,748	27,894
Softwood	••	••	• •	. "	1 20,027	20,740	27,074
Toasters, Electric (Do	mestic)	••		No.	156,909	156,037	173,549
Tobacco	шезису	••	••	'000 іь.	23,400	21,466	18,836
Tomato Juice		• • •	• • •	Gal.	622,314	1,237,714	1,208,758
Towels	••	::	• •	Doz.	659,987	666,403	767,751
Transformers and Con	verters—		• •	Doz.	035,567	000,403	707,731
Above 20 k.v.a.				No.	2,949	3.099	3,462
Below 20 k.v.a.	• •		• •		309,901	375,717	628,147
Twine (all types)			• • •	Cwt.	107,629	116,059	133,694
Tyres, Pneumatic-	• •	• •	• • •		107,000	,,	100,05
Motor Car and Mot	or Cycle			No.	2,214,041	2,737,172	2,907,492
Truck and Omnibus				,,,	509,663	587,739	544,807
All Other (excl. Bicy		••		,,	165,868	190,365	184,273
Umbrellas					430,422	478.144	570,156
Underwear				'000' doz.	4,239	4,328	4,460
Vacuum Cleaners (Do	mestic)			No.	57.275	59,968	55,674
Varnishes				'000 gals.	3,135	3,188	4,167
Washing Machines, He	ousehold.	Electric		No.	146,259	166,312	165,558
Weatherboards-	,		•••	-,,-	- 10,20	100,512	,
Australian Timber				'000 super. ft.	24,880	23,529	23,910
Imported Timber] - ;	3,271	3,264	2,150
Wheatmeal(b)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	• • • •	Ton (2,000 lb.)	137,732	128,863	110,635
Wheelbarrows (Metal)	::	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		No.	78,874	84,631	73,031
Wireless-		• •			,-,-		,
Cabinets—					1	j	
Wood				٠,,	85,061	86,210	(c) 101,454
Other				, ,,	304,452	310,684	281,685
Receiving Sets (inclu	ding Rac	liograms)		,,	438,978	456,034	458,012
Wool Scoured—	-	• ,	- 1	"	·	•	, .
For Sale		·		'000 ГБ.	40,536	40,994	38,808
For use in own work	:S			,,	38,246	37,610	40,875
On Commission	••			",	57,785	57,643	65,025
Wool Tops	••		••	"	32,755	30,886	35,640
Yarn(d)			- 1				
Cotton				.,	38,102	41,493	40,543
Woollen	••		1	",	19.868	19,790	20,033
Worsted				"	26,077	22,897	23,180
Zinc Oxide (See Pigme	nts)		Ì				

(a) Production commenced late in 1955-56. Number produced in 1956-57 was 126,498.
(b) Excludes Wheatmeal for Baking included with Flour.
(c) Includes Television Cabinets.
(d) Including mixtures predominantly of the fibre mentioned.

§ 11. Individual Industries.

1. General.—Particulars in pp. 212-239, §§ 2-9 afford a general view of the magnitude of industries in the sixteen groups adopted by the Conference of Statisticians in 1930. While it is not possible, within the limits of this work, to give a detailed account of each industry, particular industries dealt with hereunder are of special importance because of the employment which they provide for labour and capital or for other features of special interest. Where there are only one or two establishments in a particular industry in the State or the Commonwealth, details of activities are not published, but are combined with some other factory group so that operations of individual concerns will not be disclosed.

The statistics in the following tables should be read in the light of the following definitions.

Factory. A factory is taken to be a manufacturing establishment in which four or more persons are employed or in which power, other than manual, is used.

Average Number of Persons Employed. All persons employed in the manufacturing activities of a factory are counted as factory employees, including working proprietors and "out-workers". The average number of persons employed means, in general, the average number over the whole year and not the average over the period worked.

Value of Materials Used. This item includes the value, in the usual sense, of the materials used, stores used, containers, tools replaced, and materials used in repairs to plant.

Value of Fuel, etc., Used. This item includes also the cost of power and light used, of lubricants and of water.

Value of Output. The amounts given under this heading represent the selling value, at the factory, of goods made or processed during the year, including by-products, also the value of other work done.

Value of Production. The value of production is obtained by deducting "Value of materials used" and "Value of fuel used", as defined above, from the "Value of output". This method of valuing factory production has been adopted by the Statistical offices throughout Australia.

Rated Horse-power of Engines Used. Statistics of power used in factories other than Central Electric Stations relate to the "rated horse-power" of engines ordinarily in use.

For more detailed definitions see § 1, par. 6 of this chapter, page 209.

Details of some of the principal articles produced in factories in Australia during the years 1953-54 to 1955-56 are shown in the table in the preceding pages (§ 10).

2. Portland Cement and Cement Goods.—The manufacture of Portland Cement and Cement goods is an important industry included in Class I. Particulars for the three industries under this general heading are shown for 1955-56 and for a series of years in the following table.

PORTLAND CEMENT, ASBESTOS CEMENT SHEETS, ETC., AND OTHER CEMENT GOODS.

Australia, 195

. Items.			Portland Cement.	Asbestos Cement Sheets and Mouldings.	Other Cement Goods.	Total.
Number of factories			16	14	459	489
Number of persons employed .			3,223	2,668	5,276	11,167
Salaries and wages paid	. 1	E'000	3,048	2,509	4,487	10,044
Value of power, fuel, etc., used .	. 1	E'000	4,357	246	189	4,792
Value of materials used		E'000	6,353	5,154	10,492	21,999
Value of production		E'000	7,097	4,057	8,306	19,460
Total value of output		E'000	17,807	9,457	18,987	46,251
Value of land and buildings .		£'000	2.831	1,043	2,254	6,128
Value of plant and machinery .		£'000	11.217	1,642	2,683	15,542
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in		h.p.	83,749	9,971	14,995	108,715

Australia.

Items.	1938-39.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.
Number of factories		559	504	479	480	489
Number of persons employed	3,932	9,851	9,352	9,304	10,444	11,167
Salaries and wages paid £'000	897	6,469	6,942	7,435	8,704	10,044
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	562	2,418	3,436	3,950	4,445	4,792
Value of materials used £'000		12,698	14,303	16,013	19,418	21,999
Value of production £'000	2,385	11,169	12,197	14.198	17,009	19,460
Total value of output £'000	4,489	26,285	29,936	34,161	40,872	46,251
Value of land and buildings £'000	1.350	3,466	3.890	4,206	4,726	6,128
Value of plant and machinery £'000		6,455	10,018	10,796	13,208	15,542
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	1	1		1		1
use h.p.		81,691	91,880	89,260	95,870	108,715

3. Chemicals, Drugs and Medicines.—In 1945-46, the classification of factories was amended to provide for the separate tabulation of factories engaged in the production of Industrial and Heavy Chemicals and Acids and those engaged in producing Pharmaceutical and Toilet Preparations, which previously had been combined. Details for each of these industries are given in the next two tables for 1955-56 with comparative figures for previous years. However, it should be noted that in order to avoid the publication of confidential information, particulars relating to Industrial and Heavy Chemicals include details for the Explosives industry.

INDUSTRIAL AND HEAVY CHEMICALS AND ACIDS (INCLUDING EXPLOSIVES). 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	137	81	16	10	13	1	258
Number of persons employed	6,092	6,577	299	829	(a)	(a)	14,107
Salaries and wages paid £'000	6,230	6,021	238	823	(a)	(a)	13,574
Value of power, fuel, etc.,					' '	()	1
used £'000	1,924	796	57	582	(a)	(a)	3,462
Value of materials used £'000	19,412	12,104	379	1.130	(a)	(a)	33,506
Value of production £'000	15,988	10,697	516	2.238	(a)	(a)	29,895
Total value of output £'000	37,324	23,597	952	3,950	(a)	(a)	66,863
Value of land and buildings £'000	8,224	6,564	186	733	(a)	(a)	15,987
Value of plant and machi-						()	10,000
nery £'000	15,096	9,748	193	1,577	(a)	(a)	27,125
Horse-power of engines ordinarily							
in use h.p.	47,665	43,514	1.830	5,420	(a)	(a)	101,527

AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1945-46.	1951-52.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	165 10,228 3,450 618 6,007 6,627 13,252 11,697 10,964	219 11,504 8,539 2,110 21,097 17,180 40,387 8,828 12,507	229 11,253 8,928 2,210 19,538 16,879 38,627 11,923 19,612	234 11,765 9,907 2,757 25,158 20,643 48,558 13,389 23,573	248 13,032 11,833 3,043 29,004 25,095 57,142 14,190 25,607	258 14,107 13,574 3,452 33,506 29,895 66,863 15,987 27,125
in use	h.p.	69,399	76,890	85,254	90,807	95,188	101,527

(a) Not available for publication; included in total for Australia.

PHARMACEUTICAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories		61	5	13	2	3	206
Number of persons employed	3,271	2,435	118	486	(a)	(a) (a)	6,400
Salaries and wages paid £'000	2,270	1,937	65	310	(a)	(a)	4,635
Value of power, fuel, etc.,	1						
used £'000	83	145	1	28	(a)	(a)	259
Value of materials used £'000	. 7,137	4,936	296	1.088	(a)	(a)	13,565
Value of production £'000	10,190	4,229	154	562	(a)	(a)	15,279
Total value of output £'000	17,410	9.310	451	1,678	(a)	(a)	29,103
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,817	3,476	34	344	(a)	(a)	6,830
Value of plant and machi-	,	, , ,				• •	, , , , , ,
nerv £'000	1.038	1,453	17	152	(a)	(a)	2,686
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	, -,	-,	1		"	()	_,,,,,,
in use h.p.	3,923	8,712	79	1,437	(a)	(a)	14,301

Australia.

Items.		1945–46.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955~56.				
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	57 5,402 4,790 10,249 1,534	208 6,149 3,433 150 9,877 10,314 20,341 3,332	206 5,363 3,468 197 9,784 10,188 20,169 3,931	208 6,012 3,898 238 12,017 12,969 25,224 4,755	210 6,233 4,255 223 12,729 14,380 27,332 6,022	206 6,400 4,635 259 13,565 15,279 29,103 6,830				
Value of plant and machinery	£'000		1,286	1,569	1,793	2,129	2,686				
Horse-power of engines ordinal		}	1			1					
in use	h.p.	6,324	10,618	12,238	12,777	13,592	14,301				

⁽a) Not available for publication; included in the total for Australia.

^{4.} White Lead, Paints and Varnish.—The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years.

WHITE LEAD, PAINTS AND VARNISH. 1955-56.

				Í	L	_	
Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	82	55	17	13	10	1	178
Number of persons employed	3,186	1,651	323	528	(a)	(a)	5,804
Salaries and wages paid £'000	3,014	1,499	250	446	(a)	(a)	5,300
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£'000	261	77	16	24	(a)	(a)	384
Value of materials used £'000	12,145	6,708	1,739	2,355	(a)	(a)	23,504
Value of production £'000	6,485	3,596	1,117	1,332	(a)	(a)	12,874
Total value of output £'000	18,891	10,381	2,872	3,711	(a)	(a)	36,762
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,499	1,918	260	650	(a)	(a)	5,563
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,338	1,287	245	334	(a)	(a)	3,261
Horse-power of engines ordinarily					' '		

7,553

1,418

1,744

(a)

(a)

25,050

13,672

h.p.

AUSTRALIA. 1955-56. 1938-39. 1951-52. 1953-54. Items. 1952-53. 1954-55. 174 4,934 3,757 337 Number of factories 102 158 175 5,322 178 175 . . 4,622 3,346 258 14,657 8,583 5,804 5,300 Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid ... 2,271 5,141 £'000 535 45 2,275 3,378 4,636 376 21,553 384 Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used £'000 £'000 16,623 18,603 23,504 12,874 36,762 5,563 3,261 8,112 25,038 3,213 £,000 1,585 9,891 11,980 33,909 Value of production 3,905 761 324 Total value of output £'000 23,498 28,831 Value of land and buildings £'000 3,669 2,113 4,066 2,230 5,089 2,892 Value of plant and machine y Horse-power of engines ordinarily in h.p. 1.842 7,696 21,412 22,769 25,050 22,719 24,178

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

5. Soap and Candle Factories.—The following table shows particulars of factories in the Soap and Candle industry in each State for 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years:—

SOAP AND CANDLES.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	44	28	9	5	3	3	92
Number of persons employed	1,997	674	284	132	(a)	(a)	3,167
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,832	663	191	115	(a)	(a)	2,858
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£'000	191	178	19	11	(a)	(a)	406
Value of materials used £'000	6,764	4,089	668	291	(a)	(a)	12,057
Value of production £'000	5.159	2,115	544	166	(a)	(a)	8,147
Total value of output £'000	12,114	6,382	1,231	468	(a)	(a)	20,610
Value of land and buildings £'000	657	840	106	82	(a)	(a)	1,743
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,032	1,723	141	62	(a)	(a)	3,001
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	·	,		i			
in use h.p.	5,675	3,310	874	543	(a)	(a)	10,711

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
Number of factories	65	88	89	89	91	92
Number of persons employed	2,620	3,440	3,028	3.058	2,962	3,167
Salaries and wages paid £'000	501	2,555	2,460	2,544	2,589	2,858
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	76	453	475	427	420	406
Value of materials used . £'000	1,568	8,384	8,846	10.214	11.941	12,057
Value of production £'000	1.886	4,638	6,324	6,732	7,425	8,147
Total value of output £'000	3,530	13,475	15,645	17,373	19,786	20,610
Value of land and buildings £'000	666	1,301	1,487	1,565	1,619	1,743
Value of plant and machinery £'000	577	1,693	1,985	2,244	2,653	3,001
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	1	,,	1,7.00		_,,,,,	1 7,000
use h.p.	5,267	8,769	8,606	8,795	8,676	10,711
Materials used—	.,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1	1 -,	1 -,	1
Tallow	535,511	1,134,935	1,024,772	1,120,828	1,151,146	1.162.578
Alkali for Soap (a) ,,	194,869	403,241	386,176	377,451	421,401	390.757
Coconut oil-refined and unrefined	,	100,212	1,	1	,	050,70
cwt.	138,954	113,203	95,825	86,576	93,498	83,346
Articles produced—	111,10	110,200	, ,,,,,,,	1,	1 20,120	05,510
Soap (excl. Sand Soap) ,,	908,797	1,263,981	1,179,871	1,225,183	1,263,226	1 269 648
Cleansers and Scourers (incl. Sand	300,	1,200,001	1,11,5,5.1	1,240,100	1,,200,,220	1,20,,0.0
Soap) cwt.	123,702	124,432	123,429	121,232	115,350	105,046
Soap Extracts and Powders ,,	191,232	929,310	885,158	890,241	1,007,494	910,443
Candles made	28,649	16,931	14,256	8,611	10,369	10,011
	,,,,,,		. , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,		

(a) Includes Soda Ash.

Note.—Preliminary figures of production in 1956-57 were Soap, 1,219,000 cwt.; Soap Extracts and Powders, 866,000 cwt.; and Cleansers and Scourers 77,000 cwt.

6. Chemical Fertilizers.—The following table shows particulars of the factories engaged in the manufacture of chemical fertilizers in each State during 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years. Details of the consumption, imports and exports of fertilizers will be found in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production.

CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS. 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	15	9	8	8	6	 '	54
Number of persons employed	1,016	1,459	(a)	983	977	(a)	4.911
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,035	1,506	(a)	948	884	(a)	4,809 939
Value of power, fuel, etc., used£'000	426	231	(a)	103	145	(a)	939
Value of materials used . £'000	3,825	7,108		5,203	5,009	(a)	24,098
Value of production £'000	1,889	3,320	(a)	1,845	2,407	(a)	10,267
Total value of output £'000	6,140	10,659		7,151		(a)	35,304
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,720	816	(a)	600	1,868	(a)	7,033
Value of plant and machinery £'000	2,675	1,261	(a)	3,319	2,165	(a)	11,645
Horse-power of engines ordinarily					- 1	1	
in use h.p.	16,625	14,697	(a)	8,786	7,684	(a)	58,044
	!I				t	1_	

Australia.

Items.	1938-39.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955-56.
Number of factories	36	49	51	51	53	54
Number of persons employed	2,540	4,325	4,483	4,531	4,735	4,911
Salaries and wages paid £'000	601	3,361	3,759	3,988	4,372	4,809
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	114	´589	786	842	852	939
Value of materials used . £'000	3,231	20,297	21,100	20.521	21,519	24.098
Value of production £'000	1,600	5,998	7,255	8.109	8,794	10,267
Total value of output £'000	4.945	26,884	29,141	29,472	31,165	35,304
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,449	4,244	4,794	6,067	6,512	7.033
Value of plant and machinery £'000	2,353	5,804	6,218	8,067	9,270	11,645
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	,		, , , , , ,		. ,=	,
use h.p.	18,165	38,220	39,850	41,644	47,595	58,044

- (a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.
- 7. Iron and Steel Works and Engineering.—(i) General. In 1945-46, the classification of factories was amended to provide for the tabulation in four separate groups of those industries previously included under Iron and Steel, and Engineering. The first group (Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel) covers blast furnaces, steel works and rolling mills. The second group, Foundries (Ferrous), covers those engaged in the founding of iron and steel. The third group (Plant, Equipment and Machinery including Machine Tools) covers those industries engaged in the production of boilers, engines, machines and machinery, machine tools, structural steel fabrications, steel furniture, etc. The fourth group (Other Engineering) includes jobbing and general engineers, not elsewhere included. Detailed statistics for the four groups mentioned are shown in the following tables.
- (ii) Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel. In the following table particulars are shown for each State for 1955-56 and for Australia in selected years for the group Smelting, Converting, Refining and Rolling of Iron and Steel.

SMELTING, CONVERTING, REFINING AND ROLLING OF IRON AND STEEL. 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	(b) 14	11		(b) 2			(b) 28
Number of persons employed	18,873	1,633		(a)	(a)		20,805
Salaries and wages paid £'000	20,124	1,636		(a)	(a)		22,037
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	16,013	376		(a)	(a)		17,864
Value of materials used £'000	99,367	1,514		(a)	(a)		101,416
Value of production £'000	41,031	2,259	[(a)	(a)		44,269
Total value of output £'000	156,411	4,149		(a)	(a)		163,549
Value of land and buildings £'000	5,839	581		(a)	(a)		6,457
Value of plant and machinery £'000	28,194	793		(a)	(a)		29,154
Horse-power of engines ordinarily			1				i
in use h.p.	350,649	9,410	1	(a)	(a)		363,751

AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1945-46.	1951–52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	195455.	1955-56.
Number of factories	· · ·		27	30	32	33	33	(b) 28
Number of persons employed			10,413	14,192	16,188	16,688	17,842	20,805
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	4,164	11,904	14,455	15,609	18,238	22,037
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	2,777	11,186	14,085	15,430	15,670	17,864
Value of materials used		£,090	19,134	53,342	76,983	88,802	94,928	101,416
Value of production		£'000	7,393	20,311	27,336	27,995	34,381	44,269
Total value of output		£,000	29,304	84,839	118,404	132,227	144,979	163,549
Value of land and buildings		£'000	2,197	4,064	5,278	6,508	6,615	6,457
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	5,669	14,992	20,753	24,279	26,394	29,154
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	in us	e h.p.	198,317	218,857	248,440	287,618	339,135	363,751

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. reduction in the number of establishments is due to combined returns being furnished where formerly separate returns were submitted for Blast Furnaces, Steel Furnaces and Rolling Mills operated by the one establishment.

Particulars of the production of pig-iron and steel will be found on page 241 and in Chapter XXVII.—Mineral Industry.

(iii) Foundries (Ferrous). Particulars covering those industries classified as founding of iron and steel are shown for each State for 1955-56 and for Australia in selected years in the following table:—

FOUNDRIES—FERROUS. 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Víc.	Q'land,	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	89	220		24	18		373
Number of persons employed	2,831	2,849	683	547	524		7,434
Salaries and wages paid £'000	2,635	2,614	525	490	442		6,706
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	314	317	44	106	137		918
Value of materials used . £'000	1,922	2,294		314			5,396
Value of production £'000	3,739	3,815	826	628			9,652
Total value of output £'000	5,975	6,426		1,048			15,966
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,247	1,605	385	191			3,564
Value of plant and machinery £'000	996	1,452					3,234
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1	_,	'		1		,
in use h.p.	11,019	10.914	3,235	3,026	2,544		30,738

Australia.

Items.	1945–46.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955-56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery . £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	1,612 161 1,210 2,341 3,712 988 619	365 7,243 5,252 633 4,331 7,622 12,586 1,736 1,574 25,107	373 6,584 4,989 642 4,026 7,337 12,005 2,144 1,923 24,467	357 6,611 5,129 702 4,057 7,469 12,228 2,299 2,123 25,415	368 7,099 6,116 796 4,881 8,983 14,660 2,623 2,342 26,451	373 7,434 6,706 918 5,396 9,652 15,966 3,564 3,234 30,738

(iv) Plant, Equipment and Machinery (including Machine Tools). The next table shows particulars for this group for each State during 1955-56 and for Australia in selected years.

PLANT, EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY (INCLUDING MACHINE TOOLS). 1955–56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	1,037	635	131	162	92	5	2.062
Number of persons employed	26,725	23,231	6,436	9,033	3,069	205	2,062 68,699
Salaries and wages paid £'000	25,068	21,388	4,820	7,914	2,503	179	61,872
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	972	842	209	434	109	4	2,570
Value of materials used . £'000	38,978	31,625	5,853	13,596	3,149	309	93,510
Value of production £'000	40,528	34,355				241	98,574
Total value of output £'000	80,478	66,822	13,183	26,736	6,881	554	194,654
Value of land and buildings £'000	14,568	12,211	1,760		1,824	188	34,019
Value of plant and machinery £'000	10,605	9,736	1,645	2,756	1,372	147	26,261
Horse-power of engines ordinarily) ')]	}] [J	
in use h.p.	89,091	73,671	17,933	25,919	10,697	569	217,880

Australia.

Items.			1945-46.	1951–52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.
Number of factories			1,038	1,684	1,787	1,911	1,980	2,062
Number of persons employed	٠.		46,123	64,066	60,140	60,840	64,588	68,699
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	14,259	45,434	45,414	47,620	54,561	61.872
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	605	1.937	2,095	2,219	2,378	2,570
Value of materials used		£'000	16,455	68,943	63,134	68,288	80,462	93,510
Value of production		£'000	21,044	71.810	70,790	75,997	87,040	98,574
Total value of output		£'000	38,104	142,690	136,019	146,504	169,880	194,654
Value of land and buildings		£'000	7,227	19.383	22,332	25,259	28,687	34.019
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	7,046	17,870	19,784	21,335	23,548	26,261
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	in use	h.p.	101,810	196,664	197,031	198,300	201,626	217,880

(v) Other Engineering. Details covering jobbing and general engineering works not elsewhere included are shown for each State for 1955-56 and for Australia in selected years in the following table.

OTHER ENGINEERING. 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	787	845	158	179	158	93	2,220
Number of persons employed	6,356	9,991	1,592	3,815	989	1,702	24,445
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	5,283	8,680	1,069	3,335	701	1,409	20,477
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	,	-,	•	1	1		
£'000	191	285	34	103	33	52	698
Value of materials used £'000	5,740	11,224	1,242	3,973	822	1,533	24,534
Value of production £'000	8,958	14,260	1,707	4.726	1,153	2,145	32,949
Total value of output £'000	14,889	25,769	2,983	8,802	2,008	3,730	58,181
Value of land and buildings £'000	3,671	5,609	654	1,921	517	833	13,205
Value of plant and machinery £'000	2,364	4,287	537	1,317	294	564	9,363
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1		j	1	1		
in use h.p.	17,489	32,076	4,142	12,202	3,045	9,292	78,246

Australia.								
Items.			1945-46.	1951–52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	195455.	1955-56.
Number of factories			963	1,853	1,975	2,041	2,128	2,220
Number of persons employed			13,112	20,398	20,005	20,981	22,540	24,445
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	3,634	13,124	13,804	15,100	17,491	20,477
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	162	413	460	530	599	698
Value of materials used		£'000	3,599	14,268	14,041	16,427	20,834	24,534
Value of production		£'000	5,432	20,681	21,551	23,755	28,025	32,949
Total value of output		£'000	9.193	35,362	36,052	40,712	49,458	58,181
Value of land and buildings		£'000	2,369	7,021	8,285	9,900	11,289	13,205
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	2.091	5.434	6,366	7,044	8.070	9,363
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	in use		26,095	56,397	59,024	62,774	66,406	78,246

8. Extracting and Refining of Non-ferrous Metals: Alloys.—The following table shows particulars of establishments engaged in metal extraction and ore reduction including secondary recovery of metals, but excluding blast furnaces engaged in production of pig iron from iron ore, for each State during 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years. It should be noted that as "Ore Beneficiation and Concentration", formerly included as part of this section of Manufacturing Industry, was transferred to the Mining Industry in 1952-53 details for that and later years are not comparable with those for 1951-52 and earlier years.

EXTRACTING AND REFINING OF NON-FERROUS METALS: ALLOYS. 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	25	21	5	2		3	56
Number of persons employed	1,332	306	532	(b)	1 1	(b)	7,029
Salaries and wages paid. £'000	1.446	301	636	(b) (b)	l I	(b) (b)	7,434
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	1 1		i	` ′	1	• 1	•
£'000	493	42	684	(b)	۱ ۱	(b)	3,753
Value of materials used . £'000	14,703	2,989	17,026	(b) (b) (b)	!	(b) (b)	70,000
Value of production £'000	2,430	713	2,849	(b)	l I	(b)	17,787
Total value of output £'000	17,626	3,744	20,559	(6)		(b) (b)	91,540
Value of land and buildings £'000	808	221	953	(b) (b)	l i	(b)	6,155
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,260	144	1,272	(b)	!	(b)	13,367
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	i ' i		•	1	1	`-'	•
in use h.p.	8,134	67.1	20.712	(b)		(b)	79,696

			TUSIKAL					
Items.			1938–39.	1951-52.	1952-53. (c)	1953–54. (c)	1954-55. (c)	1955~56. (c)
Number of factories			42	67	59	59	62	56
Number of persons employed			5.532	7.812	6.958	6,592	6.782	7.029
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	1,613	6,515	6,085	6,069	6,432	7,434
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£,000	598	3,130	2,803	3,063	3,253	3,753
Value of materials used		£'000	16,844	71,097	44,481	53,711	62,859	70,000
Value of production	• •	£'000	3,892	27,496	14,163	12,648	14,148	17,787
Total value of output		£'000	21,334	101,723	61,447	69,422	80,260	91,540
Value of land and buildings		£'000	1,177	2,075	2,669	2,743	3,044	6,155
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	3,526	4,936	4,371	5,390	6,019	13,367
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	in use	h.p.	54,450	81,567	70,424	65,067	66,280	79.696

⁽a) In Western Australia the majority of the plants are worked at the mines and are therefore not included. (b) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (c) See text above table.

^{9.} Electrical Machinery, Cables and Apparatus.—The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years.

Items.

ELECTRICAL	MACHINERY,	CABLES	AND	APPARATUS.
	1955	5–56.		

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	530	354	67	67	66	15	1,099
Number of persons employed .	29,588	10,069	1,643	1,555	797	189	43,841
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	25,305	8,268	1,191	1,176	581	142	36,663
Value of power, fuel, etc. used £'000	1,373	342	31	34	19	9	1,808
Value of materials used £'000	52,846	17,339	2,557	1,366	749	272	75,129
Value of production £'000	40,195	12,031	1,906	1,620	958	326	57,036
Total value of output £'000	94,414	29,712	4,494	3,020	1,726	607	133,973
Value of land and buildings £'000	13,344	5,054	500	532	413	149	19,992
Value of plant and machinery £'000	9,849	3,060	436	282	130	97	13,854
Horse-power of engines ordinarily			l ,		ļ j	,	
in use h.p.	56,148	18,328	5,111 i	1,960	1,374	358	83,279
		AUSTRAL	IA.				
Items.		1938–39.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.
Number of factories		360	928	965	1.028	1,064	1,099
Number of persons employed		10,666	36,772	31,949	38,377	42,007	43,841
Salaries and wages paid	£'000	2,031	24,277	22,903	28,969	33,403	36,663
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	£'000	105	976	991	1,391	1,651	1,808
Value of materials used	£'000	3,195	40,704	36,668	58,237	69,962	75,129
Value of production	£'000	3,655	38,244	38,633	49,032	54,637	57,036
Total value of output	£'000	6,955	79,924	76,292	108,660	126,250	133,973
Value of land and buildings	£'000	1,627	9,631	11,270	13,829	16,885	19,992
Value of plant and machinery	£'000	897	6,957	8,168	9,709	11,915	13,854
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	use h.p.	12,043	62,814	66,512	74,088	81,058	83,279

10. Railway and Tramway Workshops (Government and Local Authority).—The railway and tramway workshops, which form an important part of Class IV., are chiefly owned by State Governments and Local Authorities. Workshops (fourteen in 1955-56) controlled by non-public bodies are not included in the figures below:—

TRAMCARS AND RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK.(a) 1955-56.

Vic. Q'land, S. Aust. W. Aust. Tas.

Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of power of engines ordinarily	15,443 14,232 435 7,736 16,705 24,876 5,850 8,865	7,363 6,581 207 4,946 8,835 13,988 1,883 1,115	13 6,542 4,793 127 2,869 5,694 8,690 753 1,023	15 4,395 3,900 151 2,615 4,677 7,443 1,424 1,718	26 3,700 2,947 113 1,734 3,509 5,356 502 1,018	7 914 706 28 655 984 1,667 664 333	125 38,357 33,159 1,061 20,555 40,404 62,020 11,076 14,072
in use h.p.	43,387	21,391	17,278	20,536	10,933 1	3,250	116,775
		AUSTRAL	IA.				
Items.		1938-39.	1051 52	1952–53.	1953–54.	100. 00	1
		1750-57.	1931-32.	1932-33.	1933-34.	1934-55.	1955-56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	117 27,310 6,721 226 4,976 8,021 13,223	126 38,499 26,281 812 15,151 31,375 47,338	123 39,073 28,002 907 16,706 33,875 51,488	124 39,262 28,425 994 17,093 34,354 52,441	1934–35. 38,599 30,777 1,025 18,818 37,505 57,348	125 38,357 33,159 1,061 20,555 40,404 62,020

⁽a) Government and Local Authority only.

A railway workshop in the Northern Territory is chiefly engaged in making repairs to rolling stock, etc., no new goods being manufactured. Particulars of this establishment are not included in any of the tables in this chapter.

11. Motor Vehicles.—The industries catering for the motor trade are included in Class IV., Industrial Metals, Machines and Conveyances. In the table below a summary is given of the principal statistics for 1955-56 for each branch of industry associated with the motor trade of Australia.

MOTOR VEHICLES: CONSTRUCTION, ASSEMBLY, REPAIRS, ETC., AUSTRALIA. 1955-56.

Items.			Construc- tion and Assembly.	Repairs.	Motor Bodies. (a)	Motor Acces- sories.	Total.
Number of factories			70	8.075	1,344	218	9,707
Number of persons employed			18,148	52,751	25,822	9,238	105,959
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	17,931	35,667	22,368	8,016	83,982
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	804	1,098	766	521	3,189
Value of materials used		£'000	30,091	36,928	50,263	9,651	126,933
Value of production		£'000	25,750	54,669	32,755	13,285	126,459
Total value of output		£'000	56,645	92,695	83,784	23,457	256,581
Value of land and buildings		£'000	10,043	39,772	11,365	5,055	66,235
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	7,704	10,909	8,119	5,658	32,390
Horse-power of engines ordinari	y in i	ise h.p.	45,844	56,876	69,409	30,834	202,963

(a) Includes motor body repairing, panel beating, duco spraying, etc.

In the next table similar details are shown on a State basis for 1955-56 and for Australia for selected years for these industries combined.

MOTOR VEHICLES: CONSTRUCTION, ASSEMBLY, REPAIRS, ETC. 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	4,039	2,476	1,195	854	868	275	9,707
Number of persons employed	35,021	35,176	10,068	17,291	6,414	1,989	105,959
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	26.636	29,850	6,382	15,142	4,585	1,387	83,982
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	1,021	1,197	198	558	182	33	3,189
Value of materials used . £'000	34,549	46,422	6,683	31,189	6,632	1,458	126,933
Value of production £'000	43,193	41,462	11,983	20,635	7,087	2,099	126,459
Total value of output £'000	78,763	89,081	18,864	52,382	13,901	3,590	256,581
Value of land and buildings £'000	26,190	21,846	5,088	7,198	4,204	1,709	66,235
Value of plant and machinery £'000	10,670	11,530	1,742	6,548	1,520	380	32,390
Horse-power of engines ordinarily		,	´	, ,	'		, -
in use h.p.	56,200	83,694	11,616	36,883	12,507	2,063	202,963

Australia.

Items.			1945–46.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
Number of factories		••	3,592	6,587	7,422	8,302	8,993	9,707
Number of persons employed			39,706	82,123	82,609	89,913	98,343	105,959
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	10.582	51,799	54,666	62,454	73,073	84,082
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	395	1,610	1,987	2,477	2,798	3,189
Value of materials used		£'000	12,143	70,967	74,405	94,173	108,119	126,933
Value of production		£'000	15,818	78,808	86,305	101,054	112,541	126,459
Total value of output		£'000	28,356	151,385	162,697	197,704	223,458	256,581
Value of land and buildings		£'000	9,878	30,799	38,718	45,835	55,451	66,235
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	3,758	14,982	20,129	23,397	26,073	32,390
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in us	e h.p.	56,117	126,228	139,253	146,930	160,001	202,963

The table below shows the production and imports of motor bodies for 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1956-57:—

PRODUCTION AND IMPORTS OF MOTOR BODIES(a): AUSTRALIA.

	1938–39.	1951–52.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.	1956–57. (b)
Motor Bodies(a)— Made No. Assembled from Panels imported	79,436	98,470	90,822	114,878	127,709	139,098	125,548
or made elsewhere No. Imported (d) No.	(c) 532	29,205 101,628	21,566 7,568	43,077 26,874	62,408 37,924	94,953 19,041	74,329 7,062

(a) Excludes sidecars. (b) Preliminary—subject to revision. (c) Not available. (d) Includes bodies on complete vehicles imported.

12. Agricultural Machines and Implements.—Owing to the extensive agricultural activities conducted in Australia and the demand for modern mechanized farm equipment, the manufacture of agricultural implements constitutes an important branch of Australian

industry. The articles manufactured include a wide range of implements for tillage, seeding and planting, and the harvesting of crops. Other farm machinery made includes windmills, chaff-cutters and machinery used in the dairying industry.

The following table shows details of establishments classified as agricultural implement works in each State for 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years.

AGRICULTURAL MACHINES AND IMPLEMENTS.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	129	84	45	36	30		324
Number of persons employed	2,155	6,338	1,437	1,641	367		11,938
Salaries and wages paid. £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used	1,851	5,868	998	1,357	290	••	10,364
£'000	88	430	50	92	10		670
Value of materials used £'000	1,963	8,403	964	1,550	202		13,082
Value of production £'000	2,627	8,280	1,437	1,899	407		14,650
Total value of output £'000	4,678	17,113	2,451	3,541	619		28,402
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,846	2,312	608	651	357		5,774
Value of plant and machinery £'000	956	2,689	416	500	112		4,673
Horse-power of engines ordinarily		1					1
in use h.p.	7,657	20,311	5,553	5,402	955		39,878

Australia.

Items.			1938-39.	1951–52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
Number of factories			161	257	270	293	308	324
Number of persons employed			6,563	12,481	11,608	11,930	12,182	11,938
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	1,373	9,044	8,838	9,473	10,206	10,364
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	82	555	600	637	695	670
Value of materials used		£'000	1,485	13.521	11,103	12,988	13.572	13.082
Value of production		£'000	1,836	13.051	12,787	13,924	14,558	14,650
Total value of output		£'000	3,403	27,127	24,490	27,549	28,825	28,402
Value of land and buildings		£,000	997	3,320	3,701	3.918	5.038	5,774
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	911	3,365	3.526	3,627	4,282	4,673
Horse-power of engines ordinari	ly in		13,346	34,598	37,372	39,843	39,858	39,878

13. Wireless and Amplifying Apparatus.—The introduction of wireless broadcasting in 1923 gave rise to a new industry in Australia. Early statistical details of the industry are not available as they were grouped together with other electrical apparatus. In 1930-31, a new classification of factories was adopted and "Wireless Apparatus" was shown as a separate industry. The industry is confined mainly to New South Wales and Victoria, but is becoming increasingly important in South Australia. The number of broadcast listeners' licences increased from a third of a million in 1930-31 to over 2,100,000 at 30th June, 1957 and this increase reflects the advancement of the industry during that period. At the 30th June, 1957, 74,000 television viewers' licences had been issued. During the 1939-45 War, considerable expansion took place in the industry to meet the requirements of the fighting services and apart from a slight drop in output in 1945-46, and in 1952-53 this expansion has continued.

WIRELESS AND AMPLIFYING APPARATUS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1938–39.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily Wireless receiving sets made(a) Television receiving sets made	 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	72 4,828 754 23 1,356 1,123 2,502 558 305 2,710 163,821	141 8,733 5,361 184 8,487 7,023 15,694 1,586 980 12,055 358,379	149 6,912 4,707 179 7,661 6,042 13,882 1,713 969 10,596 298,955	162 8,125 5,751 199 9,782 7,454 17,435 2,011 1,132 9,274 438,978	175 8,550 6,398 205 10,076 8,624 18,905 2,300 1,242 8,930 456,034	181 9,171 7,051 231 10,363 8,907 19,501 3,428 1,761 9,624 458,012 2,636

⁽a) Including radiograms and car radios.

Note.—There were 368,500 wireless receiving sets (including radiograms) and 126,600 television receiving sets made in 1956-57.

- 14. Cotton.—(i) General. Cotton has been grown in Australia since 1860, but never on a very large scale. The average annual quantity of unginned cotton produced during the five years ended 1938-39 was 18 million lb. and slightly over 3.5 million lb. in the five years ended 1955-56. Arising out of the development in the local manufacture of cotton materials and the further expansion following the outbreak of war in 1939, plans were completed for an extension of the area devoted to the cultivation of this crop. The downward trend which commenced with the war in the Pacific persisted until recent years but production has recently risen and in 1954-55 amounted to 3,597,000 lb. The growing of cotton, which is restricted to Queensland, is referred to in some detail in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production.
- (ii) Ginning. The ginning and marketing of cotton is controlled by the Queensland Cotton Board. The Board operates ginneries and processes by-products. The production of raw cotton is insufficient for local factory requirements and is supplemented by imports from overseas, chiefly (in 1956-57) from India, Pakistan, Brazil, Mexico, Peru and the United States of America.
- (iii) Spinning and Weaving. The post war expansion in the spinning and weaving section of the cotton industry marks an important stage in its development. New factories have been established and Australia is now producing an extensive range of cotton goods, including duck and canvas from cotton or flax, denims, drill, etc., tyre cord and tyre cord fabric. The number of establishments engaged in cotton spinning and weaving in Australia and other particulars of the industry are shown in the following table for the years 1938-39, and 1951-52 to 1955-56.

COTTON SPINNING AND WEAVING: AUSTRALIA.

Items.		1938-39.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	33 3,589 493 50 1,357 2,386 704 736 9,128	94 8,840 5,297 554 20,803 9,272 30,629 3,695 4,214 32,285	93 7,673 5,090 551 14,747 8,126 23,424 3,951 4,370 36,517	96 9,470 6,602 690 18,083 10,809 29,582 4,104 4,411 33,201	96 9,582 6,845 706 18,505 11,343 30,554 5,078 4,355 34,356	97 9,598 7,297 703 18,571 11,877 31,151 5,719 4,637 34,657

15. Wool Carding, Spinning and Weaving.—The importance of this industry is emphasised by the fact that Australia is the world's chief source of wool and the development of the woollen industry since its establishment at an early period in Australian history is of singular interest. The production consists chiefly of woollen cloth and tweed, worsted cloth, rugs, blankets and yarn, all of which have acquired a reputation for purity and durability.

WOOL CARDING, SPINNING AND WEAVING.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	49 6,585 4,361 415 11,500 6,956 18,871 2,583 3,139 18,361	81 11,273 7,634 716 20,365 12,642 33,723 4,363 6,287 42,123	472 33 1,451 812 2,296 195 387	41 1,032 726 1,799 39 116	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	145 21,899 14,409 1,345 39,532 24,082 64,959 7,713 10,673

⁽a) Not available for publication, figures are included in total for Australia.

WOOL CARDING, SPINNING AND WEAVING-continued.

Australia.

Items.			1938-39. (a)	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.
Number of factories	••		90	181	171	164	151	145
Number of persons employed			19,608	21,244	19,729	22,619	21,844	21,899
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	2,888	11,543	12,028	14,382	13,945	14,409
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	393	1,057	1,175	1,329	1.288	1.345
Value of materials used		£'000	7,331	44,064	34,655	45,033	38,938	39,532
Value of production		£'000	4,791	16,272	19,226	23,237	21,898	24,082
Total value of output		£'000	12,515	61,393	55,056	69,599	62,124	64,959
Value of land and buildings		£'000	2,380	6,161	6,242	6,894	7,369	7,713
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	3 370	7.881	8,183	9,086	10.053	10,673
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	y in u	se h.p.	42,944	69,232	67,911	68,715	66,817	71,752
Articles produced—		-	1	,		,		
Woollen and worsted cloth (b)(c	000'(sa. vds.	31,768	29,790	29,400	35.027	31,067	30,279
Blankets and rugs (b)		'''000	1,279	1,382	1,035	1,340	1,673	1,800

⁽a) Includes Woolscouring Works in Victoria and Tasmania and Woolscouring Fellmongeries in South Australia. (b) Includes production in other industries. (c) Includes mixtures.

16. Hoisery and Other Knitted Goods.—Details for each State for 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years are shown in the following table:—

HOSIERY AND OTHER KNITTED GOODS.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	207	429	6	10	9	3	664
Number of persons employed	7,337	15,105		102		84	23,409
Salaries and wages paid £'000	4,734	9,883	317	44	97	42	15,117
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000	218 10.391	452 19,680	1,413	63	221	54	687 31,822
Value of production £'000	8,704	17,695	539	77	164	57.	27,236
Total value of output £'000	19,313	37,827	1,960			114	59,745
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,745	6,257	178	38	83	38	9,339
Value of plant and machinery £'000	2,230	5,612	230		45	15	8,159
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	6,329	12,930	600	191	195	70	20,315

AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1938–39.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955-56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	 	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	313 18,159 2,332 133 4,284 3,809 8,226 1,962 1,931 8,884	548 21,342 11,179 480 24,517 18,028 43,025 5,602 5,894 19,677	587 20,694 11,641 588 23,939 21,164 45,691 6,329 6,038 17,997	645 23,937 14,277 684 30,372 26,155 57,211 7,253 7,201 18,478	661 24,614 15,117 656 31,317 27,535 59,508 8,643 7,917 20,884	664 23,409 15,117 687 31,822 27,236 59,745 9,339 8,159 20,315

The following quantities of yarn were used in these establishments during 1955-56:—Worsted or woollen, 8,210,946 lb.; wool or worsted and cotton, 175,841 lb.; wool or worsted and rayon, 672,393 lb.; wool or worsted and nylon, 62,980 lb.; other wool or worsted mixtures, 171,147 lb.; cotton, 10,067,639 lb.; mercerised cotton, 451,797 lb.; cotton and rayon, 19,429 lb.; rayon, spun, 1,202,420 lb.; rayon filament, 4,390,778 lb.; silk, 31,808 lb.; nylon, spun, 553,929 lb.; nylon filament, 2,454,549 lb.; other yarns, 770,794 lb. Production of garments and stockings is shown in § 10 (see p. 240).

17. Tanning, Currying and Leather Dressing.—(i) Details of Industry. In Class VII. the most important industry is tanning. Formerly the production of tanneries in Australia was confined to the coarser sorts of leathers, but there are now very few kinds which cannot be produced locally, and an export trade has been built up in some varieties.

TANNING, CURRYING AND LEATHER DRESSING.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	68	40	13	10	5	<u> </u>	137
Number of persons employed	1,811	2,127	621	216	(a)	(a)	4,972
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,724	1.933	463	185	(a)	(a)	4,468
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	179	167	35	21		(a)	415
Value of materials used £'000	4,553	4,186	1,529	500	(a) (a)	(a)	11,180
Value of production £'000	2,191	2,667	648	354	(a)	(a)	6,082
Total value of output £'000	6,923	7,020	2,212	875	(a)	(a)	17,677
Value of land and buildings £'000	880	1,053	105	90	(a)	(a)	2,176
Value of plant and machinery £'000	909	866	240	158	(a)	(a)	2,231
Horse-power of engines ordinarily					''	.,	-,
in use h.p.	12,914	12,281	3,628	1,658	(a)	(a)	31,590

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955-56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of land and buildings Value of loant and machinery £'00	4,375 920 88 0 2,983 0 1,522 0 4,593 0 814	143 5,274 3,889 352 8,796 5,912 15,060 1,857 1,703	141 5,240 4,163 382 9,488 5,983 15,853 1,983 1,832	142 5,445 4,464 417 10,477 6,672 17,566 2,055 1,990	140 5,393 4,518 408 10,675 6,743 17,826 2,219 2,128	137 4,972 4,468 415 11,180 6,082 17,677 2,176 2,231
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.r		28,980	30,314	31,182	31,708	31,590

(ii) Materials Used and Articles Produced. The quantities of materials used and leather produced in tanneries in each State in 1955-56 are shown in the following table:—

TANNERIES: MATERIALS USED AND PRODUCTION, 1955-56.

Particular	s.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust,
Materials used—			ļ- 					-,
Hides (cattle)—		l <u>.</u>	1			1		
Yearling	No.	115,013					(a)	186,703
Light Hides(b)	,,	323,736				(a)	(a)	1,202,994
Heavy Hides(c)	,,	419,661	463,665	194,125	64,834	(a)	(a)	1,205,284
Skins—		1				1		
Calf	. ,,	664,610			3,805	, (a)	(a)	1,130,545
Goat	. ,	377,436	(a)	(a)				408,425
Sheep, including	Pelts ,,	2,185,380			(a)	(a)		3,454,146
Marsupial	,,	98,616	24,225	(a)	(a)			113,657
Bark used—	.,	1				1		
Wattle	tons	3,222	4,832	846	328	(a)	(a)	9,253
Mallet and Othe	r ,,	(a)	900	(a)		280		1,238
Tanning extract (ve	g.) used	2,532	2,901	1,884	(a)	835	(a)	8,441
Articles produced—		1 1	′		` ` `	i E	• •	•
Leather made—		l)			1 1		1
Sole and Belting	lb.	10.503.923	13,586,938	5.824.003	(a)	2,741,422	(a)	33,701,455
Harness, etc.	,,	255,939		544,352	(a)	(a)		1,212,909
T Inhalasan	sq. ft.	(a)	2,959,905	(a)	(a)	(a)		3,389,431
Dressed and U	nner from		_,,.	(-7	()	[(-) [-,,
Hides-	pp	ļ]		
Sold by Mea	surement-	į				! ;		
D-4 " 4	. sq. ft.	(a)	2,179,294		(a)	i i		3,105,934
All Other	•		20,093,084			(a)	(a)	52,020,181
	eight "(all	10,010,000	20,033,00	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,,	(4)	(**)	,,
kinds)	. lb.	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	131,705
Dressed from ski		(4)	. (6)	()	(12)	(4)	(4)	
Calf	6	4,043,984	2,623,625	870,557	(a)	(a)	(a)	7,566,642
Cont	-	(a)	(a)	(a)				1,801,192
Sheen	. ,,,,	9.080.539		(a) 1	(a)	(a)	• • •	13.951.357
Moraunial	. ,, ,,	168,309	117,553	(a)	(a)	(a)		475.160
Maisupiai ,	. ,, ,,	100,309	117,555)	(4)	(4)	(6)	• •	475,100

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. 45 lb. (c) Over 45 lb.

18. Tailoring and Ready-made Clothing.—Statistics showing the distribution of this industry between States in 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years are shown in the following table:—

TAILORING AND READY-MADE CLOTHING.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	965	614	130	104	122 825	17 202	1,952
Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000	17,428	10,345 6,245	2,212 994	1,575	359	103	32,587 18,261
Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc.,	9,792	0,243	994	708	339	103	10,201
used £'000	209	130	21	. 20	1 11	2	393
Value of materials used £'000	19,401	12,976	1,969	950	573	72	35,941
Value of production £'000	15,461	9,957	1,695	1,097	588	142	28,940
Total value of output £'000	35,071	23,063	3,685	2,067	1,172	216	65,274
Value of land and buildings £'000	4,960	2,981	561	555	352	75	9,484
Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,472	987	124	120	36	7	2,746
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	4,763	3,123	504	427	177	23	9,017

Australia.

Items.	1938-39	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
Value of power fuel, etc., used £'\text{Value of materials used } £'\text{Yalue of production } £'\text{Yalue of production } £'\text{Value of land and buildings } £'\text{Yalue of land and buildings } £'Yalue of lan	1,177 26,499 3,168 72 4,947 000 4,812 9,831 000 9,831 000 3,176 000 3,168 72 4,947 3,100 3,100 3,100 3,100 4,812 3,100 3,100 3,100 4,812 3,100 3,100 3,100 4,812 3,100 3,100 3,100 4,812 3,100 3,100 3,100 4,812 3,100 3	1,998 36,226 16,132 329 30,078 23,719 54,126 7,398 2,431 11,093	1,961 32,209 15,681 363 28,767 23,581 52,711 7,573 2,469 10,693	1,963 33,264 17,215 380 33,598 26,076 60,054 8,251 2,523 9,339	1,985 33,384 17,968 390 34,237 28,031 62,658 8,917 2,663 9,198	1,952 32,587 18,261 393 35,941 28,940 65,274 9,484 2,746 9,017

19. Dressmaking and Millinery Establishments.—Particulars of dressmaking and millinery establishments in Australia for the years 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56 are shown in the following table:—

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY: AUSTRALIA.

Items.			1938-39.	1951-52.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954-55	1955-56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery	::	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	869 16,398 1,653 33 2,610 2,592 5,235 2,052 189	1,423 20,912 8,412 149 12,123 12,700 24,972 4,588 1,032	1,405 18,913 8,490 170 11,746 13,193 25,109 4,726 1,065	1,433 19,197 9,230 187 13,634 14,392 28,213 5,033 1,108	1,411 18,014 8,975 176 13,109 14,501 27,786 5,256 1,123	1,410 17,675 9,063 177 13,029 14,585 27,791 5,788 1,174
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	y in u	se h.p.	1,732	4,899	4,790	4,858	4,740	4,697

20. Shirts, Collars and Underclothing.—Particulars of this industry are shown below for each State for 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years:—

SHIRTS, COLLARS AND UNDERCLOTHING.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	. 165	178	20	22	17		404
	. 4,375	6,362	930	(a) (a)	522	(a)	12,686
Salaries and wages paid £'00	00 2,453	3,634	410	(a)	235	(a) (a)	6,957
Value of power, fuel, etc.,		1	ł	1		\ <i>y</i>	,,,,,,
used £'00	0 44	60	6	(a)	4	(a)	119
Value of materials used £'00	0 6.475	8,321	667	(a) (a)	398	(a)	16,112
Value of production £'00	0 3,904	6,122	641	(a)	349	(a)	11,328
Total value of output £'00	0 10,423	14,503	1,314	(a) (a)	751	(a)	27,559
Value of land and buildings £'00		1,542	163	(a)	103	(a)	2,999
Value of plant and machi-		1 '		1	1	()	_,-,-,-
nery £'00	00 434	577	60	(a)	46	(a)	1,146
Horse-power of engines ordinari					, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	()	1,,,,,
in use h.		2.811	260	(a)	180	(a)	4,881

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

SHIRTS, COLLARS AND UNDERCLOTHING—continued.

Australia. 1938-39, 1951-52, 1952-53, 1953-54, 1954-55. Items. 1955-56 Number of factories 404 12,745 6,702 106 12,686 6,957 119 Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid ... 11,081 12,640 9,657 11,156 £'000 5,361 4,397 76 1,143 5,684 92 £.000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used 15,020 £'000 2.651 12.333 9.670 12.077 iiź Value of production 1,761 10,927 4,435 • 946 231 21,546 2,417 905 26,053 2,719 1,053 17,270 Total value of output £'000 21,130 Value of land and buildings £'000 2,091 885 2,151 846 2,999 1,146 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p. 1,874 5,189 4,779 4,320 4,468 4.881

21. Boots and Shoes.—(i) Details of Industry. The boot and shoe factories hold an important place both in regard to employment afforded and extent of output. The following tables refer to boot and shoe factories as distinct from those devoted to repairing, except in Tasmania, where it has been necessary to include details of boot and shoe repairing, in order to avoid disclosure of confidential information for that State. Factories engaged in the manufacture of sand shoes, goloshes and gum, etc., boots of rubber are not included here, being classified under Rubber Goods, see para. 38, page 268.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

					·		
Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.(a)	Aust,
Number of factories	186	226	30	21	10	21	494
Number of persons employed	7,143	10,939	1,511	1,206	607	151	21,557
Salaries and wages paid £'000	4,856	7,270	863	841	382	98	14,310
Value of power, fuel, etc.,	1 1			i	l i		•
used £'000	83	114	12	14	8	2 i	233
Value of materials used £'000	6,661	12,055	1,335	1.098	521	142	21,812
Value of production £'000	7,244	10.291	1,051	1,266	487	141	20,480
Total value of output £'000	13,988	22,460	2,398	2,378	1,016	285	42,525
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,344	1,818	217	260	162	45	3,846
Value of plant and machi-	-,	-,			102		5,510
nery £'000	832	2,033	307	328	128	18	3,646
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1	,0.55	1	1 320	120		2,040
in use h.p.	4.673	9,348	898	945	495	126	16,485

Australia. Items. 1945-46. 1951-52. 1952-53. 1953-54. 1954-55., 1955-56. Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used ... 540 22,775 12,405 172 383 18,264 4,408 75 20,920 12,430 197 22,953 22,323 21,537 £'000 14,215 225 14,241 227 14,310 233 £'000 £'000 7,520 17.668 20,508 21.020 6,472 14,067 1,518 1,222 17,162 35,392 3,310 2,402 Value of production £'000 17,162 19,444 19,640 35,027 3,227 2,653 40,887 3,733 3,380 42,525 3,846 3,646 Total value of output £'000 40,177 £'000 3,491 3,152 16,679 Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p. 9,678 18,573 17,488 16,485

(ii) Quantity and Value of Production. The number and value of boots, shoes and slippers made in factories producing boots and shoes in each State are shown for 1955-56 in the following table. Particulars relating to the output of sand shoes, goloshes and gum, etc., boots of rubber are not included:—

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORIES: OUTPUT, 1955-56.

Particulars.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Boots, shoes and sandals Slippers	pairs £ pairs £				(a) 68,951	551,871 772,590 408,081 253,980	(a) (a) 	19,815,829 35,988,412 7,977,146 4,478,174

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

Preliminary figures for 1956-57 were—Boots, Shoes and Sandals, 21,234,000 pairs; and Slippers, 7,852,000 pairs.

⁽a) Includes details of boot and shoe repairing.

22. Flour-milling.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table shows the position of the flour-milling industry in each State for the year 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years:—

FLOUR-MILLING.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	51	35.		24	20	10	151
Number of persons employed	1,621	1,254	(a)	445	510	(a)	4,548
Salaries and wages paid. £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used	1,594	1,093	(a)	379	434	(a)	4,073
£'000	363	165	(a)	88	116	(a)	835
Value of materials used £'000	20,417	15.314	(a)	5,402	6,402	(a)	54,498
Value of production £'000	3,354	1,843	(a)	575	723	(a)	7,575
Total value of output £'000	24,134	17,322	(a)	6,065	7,241	(a)	62,908
Value of land and buildings £'000	2.013	1,230	(a)	291	789	(a)	5,211
Value of plant and machinery £'000	2,199	1,289	(a)	467	608	(a)	5,405
Horse-power of engines ordinarily		,	` `			, .	,
in use h.p.	17,790	14,394	(a)	4,129	5,689	(a)	47,786

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

Australia.

Items.			1938–39.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56
Number of factories Number of persons employed			172 3,783	162 4.681	158 4,892	157 4,602	151 4,528	151 4,548
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	896	3,466 730	3,884 866	3,847 847	3,851 805	4,073
Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used		£'000	231 10,573	45,576	51,373	53,946	54,436	835 54,498
Value of production Total value of output		£,000 £,000	2,091 12,895	7,313 53,619	8,296 60,535	8,134 62,927	7,311 62,552	7,575 62,908
Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery		£'000 £'000	2,091 1,814	3,606 4,106	3,912 4,531	4,260 4,921	4,533 5,060	5,211 5,405
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	in use	h.p.	27,795	41,824	44,781	52,545	46,566	47,786

⁽ii) Production of Flour and By-products. The production of flour by the mills in each State (including other than flour mills) for the years 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1956-57 was as follows:—

FLOUR-MILLING: PRODUCTION OF FLOUR. (a) (Tons of 2,000 lb.)

Yеаг.	 N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39	 547,162	436,829	84,314	146,262	138,583	19,582	1,372,732
1951-52	 578,686	559,224	124,703	206,856	223,936	27,745	1,721,150
1952-53	 543,693	592,465	132,839	201,685	227,269	28,349	1,726,300
1953-54	 603,575	473,842	138,524	164,907	197,654	30,556	1,609,058
1954-55	 586,549	455,906	157,904	143,840	178,851	29,969	1.553.019
1955-56	 571.084	454,628	169,793	154,327	193,490	27,983	1,571,305
1956-57 (b)	 608,443	500,329	169,114	165,986	184,860	28,834	1,657,566

⁽a) Includes wheatmeal for baking and sharps.

In addition, 610,000 tons (2,000 lb. per ton) of bran and pollard were produced in 1955-56 and 631,000 tons in 1956-57. The total quantity of wheat ground in flour mills was 72,329,000 bushels in 1955-56 and 76,844,000 bushels in 1956-57.

⁽b) Preliminary, subject to revision.

23. Bakeries.—Information regarding establishments in which the manufacture of bread, cakes, etc., was carried on is given in the table below. It should be noted, however, that the details refer only to establishments coming within the definition of a factory as explained at the beginning of this section. For that reason, the tables do not give complete details of the industry, as a large number of bakeries, etc. not coming within the definition are excluded. This is true of all other industries covered by the statistics of manufacturing production, but, in view of the omission of such a large number of establishments in this instance, special mention is deemed necessary.

BAKERIES (INCLUDING CAKES AND PASTRY).

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.(a)	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000	1,576 7,497 4,533 866 13,687	1,075 5,553 3,294 589 10,007	2,183 1,100 217	1,603 944 164	559 109	158 1,640 1,181 145 5,009	3,878 19,543 11,611 2,090
Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000	13,687 10,375 24,928 6,374 3,494	7,476 18,072 4,767 2,975	2,702 6,892 1,275	2,097 5,319 1,291	1,326 3,521	2,442 7,596 1,316	37,820 26,418 66,328 15,865 9,461
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	9,856	6,953	2,855	2,925	1,797	5,149	29,535

Australia.(a)

Items.			1938–39.	1951–52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used . Value of production . Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinaril	 y in us	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 se h.p.	1,958 11,715 1,993 306 6,651 4,509 11,466 4,960 1,478 10,855	3,347 18,332 8,571 1,486 26,451 18,624 46,561 10,789 5,082 22,248	3,534 18,405 9,368 1,694 29,672 21,788 53,154 12,145 6,073 23,792	3,687 18,758 9,954 1,805 32,829 23,107 57,741 13,617 7,158 26,462	3,800 19,125 10,648 1,902 35,899 23,582 61,383 14,352 8,373 27,815	3,878 19,543 11,611 2,090 37,820 26,418 66,328 15,865 9,461 29,535

⁽a) Includes confectionery in Tasmania.

24. Sugar-mills.—(i) General. Sugar-cane is grown in New South Wales and Queensland and particulars of area, yield, etc., are given in extended detail in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production.

The products of the sugar-mill are raw sugar and molasses, the former being sent to the refineries in different parts of Australia for further treatment. Particulars of cane crushed and sugar produced embodied in the following table refer to the quantities treated during the years ended 30th June, irrespective of the season in which the cane was grown; consequently the figures relating to cane crushed and sugar produced may differ slightly from those given in Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production, which relate to harvest years.

(ii) Details for States. The following table shows details of the operations of sugar mills in New South Wales and Queensland for the years 1938-39 and 1951-52 to 1955-56:—

	SU	UGAR-MI	LLS.			
Items.	1938-39.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.
	Nev	v Sоитн \	WALES.	<u>'</u>		
Number of factories Number of persons employed Cane crushed . tons Raw sugar produced (94 net titre) tons	3 212 337,038 45,106	3 176 321,388 41,060	3 138 125,714 14,272	3 156 263,249 34,004	3 187 222,313 26,301	3 152 284,539 36,028
	1	 Queenslai	1D.	<u> </u>		
Number of factories Number of persons employed Cane crushed tons Raw sugar produced (94 net titre) Sold to distilleries'000 gals Used as fodder Used as manure Run to waste Burnt as fuel Sold or used for other purposes'000 gals Total molasses disposed of'000 gals	33 4,419 5,432,193 775,064 8,276 4,237 3,293 3,749 3,749 232 20,286	31 5,612 5,005,172 704,341 12,557 5,900 5,484 37 1,005 324 25,307	31 6,495 6,841,536 934,614 15,774 5,887 7,499 76 934 426 30,596	31 7,358 8,751,063 1,220,383 23,323 5,486 11,466 168 183 516 41,142	31 7,272 9,864,304 1,301,245 23,167 5,753 10,501 233 1,079 473 41,206	31 7,044 8,616,163 1,135,685 22,772 5,285 10,637 185 1,519 588 40,986

- 25. Sugar-refining.—The establishment of the sugar-refining industry considerably antedates the establishment of the sugar-milling industry, the raw material operated on in the earlier years coming chiefly from Mauritius and the East. In 1955-56, there were two sugar refineries in Queensland and one each in New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia and Western Australia. The total quantity of raw sugar treated amounted to 503,268 tons for a yield of 482,660 tons of refined sugar.
- 26. Confectionery.—The figures for 1955-56 for each State and for Australia for a series of years are shown hereunder:—

CONFECTIONERY. 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	92 2,948 2,114 7,648 4,482 12,371 1,363 1,604	10,449 1,556	19 260 117 10 549 166 725 111 54	18 335 178 20 413 277 710 205 129	7 325 179 16 409 308 733 89 65	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	226 7,183 4,805 473 15,583 8,932 24,988 3,324 3,612 29,156
	A	USTRALI <i>A</i>	(b)				
Items.		1938–39.	1951-52	1952-53	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	148 7,256 1,041 107 3,102 2,418 5,627 1,423 1,364 16,154	250 7,361 4,006 371 11,997 7,801 20,169 2,428 2,704 26,887	256 6,873 4,084 436 12,554 7,910 20,900 2,510 2,872 26,002	249 6,976 4,382 444 13,857 8,307 22,608 2,650 3,039 28,763	238 7,069 4,516 447 14,917 8,320 23,684 2,964 3,368 27,374	226 7,183 4,805 15,583 8,932 24,988 3,324 3,612 29,156

⁽a) Not available for publication. Included with Bakeries.

⁽b) Excludes Tasmania.

27. Jam, Fruit and Vegetable Canning, Pickles, Sauces, Vinegar.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table shows particulars of factories included in this class for each State for 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years:—

JAM, FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CANNING, PICKLES, SAUCES, VINEGAR. 1955–56.

		1903-30).				
Items,	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of output Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in useh.p.	55 2,790 2,098 230 7,689 4,131 12,050 1,722 1,564 9,563	60 4,475 3,621 370 14,533 7,221 22,124 5,090 4,696 20,239	16 1,775 1,367 77 5,241 2,074 7,392 707 514 2,863	20 1,128 816 52 2,153 1,089 3,294 495 464 1,968	9 139 86 6 306 173 485 134 43	23 1,271 936 67 2,401 1,415 3,883 726 802 3,597	183 11,578 8,924 802 32,323 16,103 49,228 8,874 8,083 38,508
Items.		1938–39.	1951–52	. 1952-53	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 use h.p.	123 6,476 1,149 97 4,800 2,334 7,231 1,382 721 7,873	201 13,152 7,793 672 28,286 13,623 42,581 5,031 4,425 29,792	204 10,845 9,391 636 27,228 12,662 40,526 6,025 5,095 30,241	197 11,101 7,870 660 28,875 14,992 44,527 6,137 5,404 31,721	184 11,061 7,945 699 29,708 15,312 45,719 6,193 5,496 32,661	183 11,578 8,924 802 32,323 16,103 49,228 8,874 8,083 38,508

⁽ii) Production. During the 1939-45 War, production of jams increased greatly and an output of 171 million lb. was attained in 1943-44. Production afterwards decreased, but attained a new record of 198.5 million lb. in 1947-48. It dropped to 84.1 million lb. in 1955-56. Preliminary figures for 1956-57 show production as being 91.2 million lb.

The peak output of preserved fruit occurred in 1953-54 with 338.6 million lb. compared with the previous highest level of 256.1 million lb. attained in 1951-52. Production in 1955-56 was 304.3 million lb. and preliminary figures for 1956-57 show production as being 297.6 million lb.

There has also been a marked development in the production of canned vegetables. In 1938-39, output totalled 10.3 million lb. but, as a result of the war-time demand by the armed services, production reached the record level of 119.1 million lb. in 1944-45. However, it has since declined and in 1955-56 amounted to 77.8 million lb. Preliminary figures for 1956-57 show production as being 97.2 million lb.

The following table shows the total quantity and value of jams, pickles, sauces and other items manufactured in each State in 1955-56:—

JAMS, PRESERVED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES, PICKLES AND SAUCES: 1955-56.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Jams	22,970 41,122 48,201 276 31,124 2,314 51,534	33,000 127,984 229,135 166 31,071 1,065 339,272	11,473 80,255 11,092 1,990 (a) (a) (a)	6,111 31,070 9,112 256 1,573 1,208 32,114	(a) 8,199 208 (a) (a) 24,558	(a) 23,868 122,884 120 (a)	84,096 304,299 428,623 3,016 77,822 4,944 450,106
Tomato Paste, Puree, etc., '000 pints Tomato Juice '000 gals. Pickles '000 pints Chutney " " Sauces " " Soup (canned) " " Soup, Dry Mix '000 lb.	654 96 3,844 514 11,554 5,063 3,059	1,057 725 2,214 449 12,122 29,879 571	(a) 479 1,794 (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (2,128 (a) (a)	(a) (a) 128 (a) (a) (a) (a)	(a) (a)	1,934 1,209 7,721 1,592 28,668 35,316 3,771

⁽a) Not available for publication. Figures are included in the total for Australia. quantities made and used in the works producing them.

⁽b) Including

28. Bacon-curing.—(i) Details of Industry. The table hereunder shows particulars. of factories engaged in bacon-curing in each State for 1955-56 and for Australia for a series. of years :-

BACON-CURING. 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	31	15	9	13	4	10	82
Number of persons employed	663	776	1,189	420	267	99	3,414
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	569	666	878	374	184	83	2,754
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	81	75	83	58	. 33	9	339
Value of materials used £'000	5,175	4,469	6,124	2,310	2,104	632	20,814
Value of production £'000	1,352	1,091	1,698	467	209	180	4,997
Total value of output £'000	6,608	5,635	7,905	2,835	2,346	821	26,150
Value of land and buildings £'000	504	593	654	317	113	127	2,308
Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily	250	301	454	244	49	31	1,329
in use h.p.	2,113	3,014	4,578	1,946	878	490	13,019

Items.			1938–39.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953~54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used Value of production Total value of output Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarily	y in use	£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	76 2,047 480 77 3,768 865 4,710 750 357 9,389	83 2,838 1,895 251 16,269 3,907 20,427 1,356 724 10,700	85 2,994 2,225 292 18,836 4,026 23,154 1,635 917 11,636	85 2,975 2,270 298 19,448 4,410 24,156 1,737 955 11,685	84 3,201 2,517 322 18,318 5,715 24,355 1,956 1,100 11,791	82 3,414 2,754 339 20,814 4,997 26,150 2,308 1,329 13,019

⁽ii) Quantity of Production. The number of pigs cured and the quantity of bacon and ham and lard produced in factories in each State for 1955-56 are shown in the following table :-

BACON-CURING FACTORIES: PIGS CURED AND PRODUCTION, 1955-56.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Pigs killed for bacon and ham— For curing on own account For curing on commission Pork and green bacon used	206,798 10,381	152,608 1,991	240,608 836	70,125 818	} 88,214	33,161	{ 790,846 14,694
for— Curing on own account] !		
'000 lb.	1,569	2,773	(a)	724	(a)		5,939
Curing on commission							
'000 lb.	3,991		(a)	(a)	(a)	**	4,113
Sugar used ton	50	23	134	19	30	13	269
Finished bacon and ham made (b)—							
On own account '000 lb.	18,647	14,832	20,169	7,314	7,220	2,148	70,330
On commission ,,	4,711	239	204	92	17	48	5.311
Green bacon and ham ,,	(a)	1,628	546	543	774	(a)	4,353
Lard produced cwt.	3,196	6,832	20,484	4,452	6,113	1,369	42,446

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Includes smoked bacon and ham, cooked ham (not smoked) made for retail sale, and canned bacon and ham.

Bacon and ham and other pig products are dealt with more fully in Chapter XXIV.— Farmyard, Dairy and Bee Products.

29. Butter, Cheese and Condensed and Dried Milk .- (i) Details of Industry. The following table shows particulars of butter, cheese and condensed and dried milk factories in each State for 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND CONDENSED AND DRIED MILK. 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	77	130	85	42	18	23	375
Number of persons employed	2,542	5,443	1,675	815	292	352	11.119
Salaries and wages paid . £'000	2,128	5,035	1.275	600	230	300	9,568
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	712	1,522	266	115	65	61	2.741
Value of materials used . £'000	19,389	50,252	23,846	5,765	3,302	4,329	106.883
Value of production £'000	3,611	10,678	2,423	1,023	496	662	18,893
Total value of output £'000	23,712	62,452	26,535	6,903	3,863	5,052	128,517
Value of land and buildings £'000	3,212	5,161	1,673	628	227	287	11,188
Value of plant and machinery £'000	3,886	6,168	2,575	702	338	254	13,923
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1			1	1		,
in use h.p.	29,953	37,239	23,439	6,898	2,345	2,308	102,182

Australia.

Items.	1938–39.	1951–52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.
Number of factories	523	399	384	380	379	375
Number of persons employed	6,851	10,473	10,641	10,580	10,567	11,119
Salaries and wages paid £'000		7,186	8,098	8,416	8,680	9,568
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000		1,837	2,339	2,396	2,423	2,741
Value of materials used £'000		68,038	97,291	94,020	100,706	106,883~
Value of production £'000	3,543	12.535	14,350	15.914	15.394	18,893
Total value of output £'000	33.095	82,410	113,980	112,330	118,523	128,517
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,880	6,585	7,571	9,365	10,037	11,188
Value of plant and machinery £'000	3,067	8,569	10,250	12,083	12,553	13,923
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	1 '	ĺ	1	,		,
use h.p.		77,439	84,428	94,863	98,442	102,182

(ii) Quantity and Value of Production. The next table shows the quantities and values of butter, cheese and condensed milk produced and the quantities of milk used in their production during 1955-56. These details are restricted to factory production and therefore exclude farm output.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND CONDENSED MILK, ETC., FACTORIES: PRODUCTION, 1955-56.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Total.
	MA	TERIALS	Used.				
Whole Milk used in manufacture of Butter '000 gai. Cheese Condensed, Dried and other Milk	184,285 7,405	422,116 29,757	215,992 16,884	35,449 27,467	33,461 (a)	46,304 (a)	937,607 83,790
Products '000 gal. Sugar ton	16,925 (a)	65,427 14,636	3,302 (a)	(a) 	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	91,721 17,014

PRODUCTION.

	Ton.	Ton.	Ton.	Ton.	Ton.	Ton.	Ton.
Butter	41,066	90,608	48,189	8,562	7,404	9,962	205,791
Cheese (Green Weight)	3,379	13,996	7,579	12,633	763	331	38,681
Condensed Milk (Sweetened and			1				
Unsweetened)	(a)	40,824			(a)	٠. ا	44,360
Concentrated—				1			
Whole Milk	(a)	(a)	(a)	1	(a)	(a)	13,856
Skim Milk	(a)	(a)	(a)		(a)		2,322
Powdered Full Cream Milk-	(-)	()	,,		()		-,
Spray	اء دا	10,809	17 .			ر ا	16,481
Poller	> (a) <	280	(a)	(a)	•••	· · · < /	730
Infants' and Invalids' Foods (in-	ا دا	200				4	750
cluding Malted Milk and Milk	1						
C (T a -4 - 2 - 1)	(-)	(4)				(-)	13 061
	(a)	(a)		••	• •	(a)	12,861
Powdered Skim Milk—						ا۔	
Spray	8,207	12,908	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a) {	21,362
Roller	2,885	6,068				(w) \	9,530
Buttermilk and Whey Powder	648	2,754	1,298	(a)	(a)	1	4,990
Casein	(a)	(a)	(a)				9,367
Ice Cream Mix—	''	• •					•
Powder	(a)	(a)		(a)	(a)	}	488
Liquid	(a) (a)	(a)	(a)				2,832
Processed Cheese, Cheese Paste and	(")	,,	(3)	• •			~,052
Cheese Spreads(b)	(a)	(a)	(a)			i	13,892
	, (a) ,	(4)	, (4)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	13,032

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) The cheese used in the manufacture of these products is included in Cheese (Green Weight) made as shown above.

The butter, cheese and condensed milk industries are dealt with more fully in Chapter XXIV.—Farmyard, Dairy and Bee Products.

30. Meat and Fish Preserving.—The industries included in this group are engaged chiefly in the freezing and preserving of meat. Works have been established at the seaports for the purpose of handling beef, lamb and mutton for export, and insulated space for the carriage of chilled and frozen produce is provided by shipping companies trading between Australia and other parts of the world. The substitution of chilled for frozen meat exported is referred to in Chapter XXIII.—Pastoral Production. In recent years, there has been considerable expansion in the canning of meat and fish.

MEAT AND FISH PRESERVING. 1955-56.

Items. N.S.W. Vic. Q'land. S. Aust. W. Aust. Tae Aust. Number of factories Number of persons employed
Salaries and wages paid £'000
Value of power, fuel, etc , used £'000
Value of materials used . £'000 6,659 1 136 165 535 715 230 1,015 80 757 21 280 081 628 209 Value of production £'000 Total value of output Value of land and buildings £'000 142 Value of plant and machinery £'000 169 Horse-power of engines ordinarily

in use h.p.	1,846	19,	454 1,0	70 6,71	7 347	33,086
	Aus	TRALIA.			·	
Items.	1938-39.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955–56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of pland and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	32 4,093 1,180 134 6,351 1,601 8,086 1,966 1,325	87 7,386 5,222 33,828 8,751 43,321 3,990 2,623 34,510	6,820 972 47,637 12,126 60,735	106 9,113 7,395 1,015 46,671 11,374 59,060 4,500 2,826 31,810	114 9,432 8,327 1,110 46,642 12,182 59,934 5,403 3,409 35,600	8,704

Particulars of the quantities and values of beef, mutton and lamb preserved by cold process exported from Australia over a series of years will be found in Chapter XXIII.—Pastoral Production.

31. Breweries.—(i) Details of Industry. The following table gives particulars of breweries in each State for the year 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years. It should be noted, however, that the data shown are not strictly comparable throughout, owing to the inability or failure of some breweries to furnish a separate return for each branch of activity. Consequently the figures for some States include details of employment, wages, output, etc., not connected with the brewing of beer, although associated with it. These extraneous activities include cooperage, malt works, aerated waters, etc.

BREWERIES. 1955-56.

			··				
Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	8	6	6	3	3		28
Number of persons employed	1,918	2,651	844	(a)	(a)	(a)	6,835
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,972	2,596	692		(a)	(a)	6,588
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	532	357	177	(a)	(a)	(a)	1,396
Value of materials used . £'000	8.418	7,543	1,922	(a)	(a)	(a)	22,437
Value of production £'000	5,544	3,936	2,101	(a)	(a)	(a)	15,224
Total value of output (b) £'000	14,494	11,836	4,200	(a)	(a)	(a)	39,057
Value of land and buildings £'000	2,999	2,573	2,570	(a)	(a)	(a)	10,099
Value of plant and machinery £'000	4,365	3,448	1,841	(a)	(a)	(a)	12,917
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1 1		-			` '	•
in use h.p.	17,176	11,654	7,290	(a)	(a)	(a)	44,908

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Excludes Excise Duty.

BREWERIES—continued.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56.
Number of factories	34	31	32	31	30	28
Number of persons employed	3,698	5,914	5,904	6,193	6,791	6,835
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,215	4,564	5,030	5,325	6.272	6,588
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'006		1,145	1,388	1,366	1,369	1,396
Value of materials used £'000		11,739	16,452	19,975	20,810	22,437
Value of production £'000		10,298	11,458	13,048	14,855	15,224
Total value of output(a) £'006		23,182	29,298	34,389	37,034	39,057
Value of land and buildings £'000		5,715	6,480	7,256	8.307	10,099
Value of plant and machinery £'000		4,832	5,870	7,681	10,295	12,917
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in		,,,,,,	.,	1 .,	,	,,
use h.p		30,181	32,754	38,803	42,359	44,908

(a) Excludes Excise Duty.

(ii) Production, Consumption, Materials Used. The quantity of ale, beer and stout brewed fell from 73.7 million gallons in 1928-29 to 49.8 million gallons in 1931-32, but thereafter increased each year to 109.2 million gallons in 1941-42. Under the Control of Liquor Order which operated between March, 1942 and March, 1946, the production of beer was restricted and consequently annual output remained static at about 100 million gallons from 1942-43 to 1944-45. Thereafter production increased, and in 1956-57 amounted to over 220 million gallons.

The average annual consumption of ale, beer and stout prior to the economic depression of the early thirties exceeded 11 gallons per head of the population: it dropped to 7.32 gallons in 1931-32, increased to 13.76 gallons in 1941-42 and declined again to about 13 gallons during the period of control. The consumption per head had increased to 22.88 gallons by 1956-57.

The table below shows the quantities of materials used and the quantity and value of ale, beer (excluding waste beer) and stout brewed in each State during 1955-56:—

BREWERIES: MATERIALS USED AND PRODUCTION, 1955-56.

	Part	iculars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
				MATERIA	ALS USED		·		
Malt Hops Sugar	::	'000 bus. '000 lb. ton	2,547 2,168 21,911	2,161 1,214 13,191		(a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a)	(a) (a) (a)	6,820 4,887 46,289
		ALE, BEE	R AND STO	UT BREW	ED (EXC	LUDING V	VASTE BEE	R).	
Quanti Value ('000 gals. £'000	93,297	68,510 11,729	22,933 4,178		(a) (a)	(a) (a)	227,496 38,528

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Excludes Excise Duty.

32. Wineries and Distilleries.—The following table shows particulars of the operations of Wineries and Distilleries for each State during 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years.

WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	28	29	5	71	22		155
Number of persons employed	215	333	172	1,122	66,		1,908
Salaries and wages paid £'000	206	265	147		32		1,532
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	97	80	72	116	3.		368
Value of materials used . £'000	865	671	357	3,048	133		5,074
Value of production £'000	538	574	292	1.389	97'		2,890
Total value of output £'000	1,500	1,325	721	4,553	233		8,332
Value of land and buildings £'000	426	310	721 122	1,325	71		2,254
Value of plant and machinery £'000	415	274	357		48		2,099
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	1			•	1		
in use h.p.	1,437	2,435	590	6,370	327		11,159

WINERIES AND DISTILLERIES-continued.

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955-56.
Number of factories		158	167	164	158	155
Number of persons employed		2,277	2,021	1,981	2,022	1,908
Salaries and wages paid £'000	246	1,416	1,431	1,475	1,506	1,908 1,532
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	58	383	333	365	387	368
Value of materials used £'000		7,076	5,464	5,721	4,885	5,074
Value of production £'000	811	3,118	3,198	3,254	2,846	2,890
Total value of output £'000	2,290	10,577	8,995	9,340	8.118	8,332
Value of land and buildings £'000		1,920	2,104	2,284	2,312	2,254
Value of plant and machinery £'000	916	1,774	1.913	2,108	2,170	2,099
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in		.,	, , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	
use h.p		11,038	10,995	11,275	11,054	11,159

33. Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes.—Particulars of establishments in which the manufacture of tobacco, cigars or cigarettes was carried on during 1955-56 are shown below for each State and for Australia for a series of years. There are no such factories in South Australia or Tasmania.

TOBACCO, CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

1955-56.

Items.			N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	W. Aust.	Aust.
Number of factories			14	12	5	2	33
Number of persons employed			2,371	2,125	(a)	(a)	4,622
Salaries and wages paid		£'000	1.972	1,678	(a)	(a)	3,728
Value of power, fuel, etc., used		£'000	74	50	(a)	(a)	128
Value of materials used		£'000	17.374	13,613	. (a)	(a)	31,227
Value of production		£'000	4.763	4,394	(a)	(a)	9,244
Total value of output(b)		£'000	22,211	18,057	(a)	(a)	40,599
Value of land and buildings		£'000	581	1,064	(a)	(a)	1,867
Value of plant and machinery		£'000	1,110	1,450	(a)	(a)	2,784
Horse-power of engines ordinaril	v in t		7,228	3,083	(a)	(a)	10,778

Australia.

Items.	1938-39.	1951-52.	1952–53.	1953–54.	1954-55.	1955–56.
Number of factories	30	36	37	36	34	33
Number of persons employed	5,544	4,971	4,704	4,757	4,707	4,622
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1,096	2,932	3,204	3,417	3,516	3,728
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	34	126	144	151	158	128
Value of materials used £'000	7,081	19,419	22,416	26,835	28,825	31,227
Value of production £'000	2,685	5,206	7,078	8,341	9,745	9,244
Total value of output(b) £'000	9,800	24,751	29,638	35,327	38,728	40,599
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,042	1,598	1,741	1,822	1,504	1,867
Value of plant and machinery £'000	943	1,284	1,458	1,917	2,190	2,784
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in						
use h.p.	4,610	5,862	6,028	6,919	8,466	10,778
Leaf used—						
Australian (stemmed) '000 lb.	4,489	3,664	4,222	4,866	4,482	5,204
Imported (stemmed) '000 lb.	16,011	26,131	28,410	33,076	36,053	37,399
Tobacco made '000 lb.	16,305	21,615	22,334	23,400	21,466	18,836
Cigars made '000 lb.	238	175	129	143	151	132
Cigarettes made '000 lb.	6,731	11,749	13,879	18,303	22,859	27,162

⁽a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) Excludes Excise Duty.

For many years the production of locally-grown leaf was comparatively small, and manufacturers were dependent on imported leaf for the supply of their raw materials. Increased import duties stimulated local production, and the quantity of Australian leaf used by manufacturers rose from 1.2 million lb. in 1929–30 to over 3 million lb. in 1930–31. During the 1939–45 War, about 4.7 million lb. of Australian-grown leaf was used annually, and the 1955–56 usage was 5.2 million lb. For further information see Chapter XXII.—Agricultural Production.

Imports of tobacco during 1955-56 comprised—manufactured tobacco, 276,374 lb.; cigars, 54,414 lb.; cigarettes, 971,436 lb.; unmanufactured tobacco, 45,814,570 lb. and in 1956-57 were 236,314 lb., 256,170 lb., 464,076 lb. and 40,765,547 lb. respectively.

34. Sawmills, etc.—The most important industry in Class X. is sawmilling. Because of difficulties associated with the classifying of sawmills into forest and town mills, they have been combined in the following table, together with plywood and veneer mills.

SAWMILLS AND PLYWOOD AND VENEER MILLS.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,065 10,855 7,997 633 22,438 14,409 37,480 4,041 4,633	640 7,949 6,159 444 14,601 10,546 25,591 2,548 3,536	11,563 9,783 21,671	2,283 1,808 80 6,984 3,172 10,236	3,367 274 5,707 5,642 11,623 1,051	355 2,743 2,010 182 4,325 3,490 7,997 603 2,050	3,025 37,102 27,086 1,938 65,618 47,042 114,598 11,136 16,201
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	116,152	85,360	79,091	19,948	37,430	33,022	371,003

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938-39.	1951–52.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955-56.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Value of land and buildings L'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000	1,639 19,056 3,626 225 8,441 5,762 14,428 2,029 2,777		34,541 21,367 1,547 46,585	1 639 53,908 39,799 95,346	3,033 36,631 25,530 1,805 61,073 45,319 108,197 10,321 14,896	1,938 65,618 47,042 114,598 11,136
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	89,843	310,387	332,736	336,951	359,786	371,003

The sawmill output of native timber, which declined from 740 million super. feet in 1925–26 to the abnormally low figure of 237 million super. feet during the depth of the depression, recovered to 717 million super. feet in 1938–39 and by 1956–57 had risen to 1,434 million super. feet. Further reference is made to the sawmilling industry in Chapter XXV.—Forestry.

35. Cabinet and Furniture Making and Upholstery.—These industries constitute the principal manufactures in Class XI. The following table shows particulars for each State in 1955-56:—

CABINET AND FURNITURE MAKING AND UPHOLSTERY, 1955-56.

Items	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000 Value of production £'000	547 5,348 4,210 117 7,161 6,482	527 4,555 3,303 72 4,805 5,476	238 2,350 1,369 32 2,299 2,090	1,481 1,036 28 1,737 1,548	1,102 679 18 1,157 1,084	60 414 243 5 311 384	1,642 15,250 10,840 272 17,470 17,064
Total value of output £'000 Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	13,760 2,510 737 14,755	10,353 2,331 735 15,303	4,421 745 323 7,087	3,313 509 263 5,000	529 181	700 175 53 1,402	34,806 6,799 2,292 46,957

36. Printing Works.—Printing and bookbinding rank high in importance among the industries of Australia, and in 1955-56 afforded employment for 38,899 employees, and paid £32,694,000 in salaries and wages, while the value of output amounted to £105,857,000. The first table below gives particulars of establishments engaged in general printing in each

State for 1955-56. These establishments include those engaged in lithographic printing, bookbinding, paper ruling and linotyping and Government printing works. Establishments producing newspapers and periodicals are shown separately in the second table to follow:—

GOVERNMENT AND GENERAL PRINTING WORKS, 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust	Tas.	Total.
Number of factories	549	516 8,707	103	-87	71	21	1,347
Number of persons employed	9,989	8,707	2,245	1,649	1,366	597	24,453
Salaries and wages paid £'000	8,280 265	7,043 182	1,507 37	1,227 30		438	19,421 551
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used £'000	12,082	9,191	1.594		1,083	501	25,792
Value of production £'000	14,061	11,506		1,889	1,682	649	32,075
Total value of output . £'000	26,408	20,879	3,919			1,159	58,418
Value of land and buildings £'000	4,631	4,852	797	621	554	260	11,715
Value of plant and machinery £'000	5,324	5,490	886	951	648	261	13,560
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	15;672	12,867	2,395	2,040	1,858	835	35 667

NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS, 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000 Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production £'000 Total value of output . £'000	183 6,412 5,909 248 10,192 10,740 21,180	112 3,508 3,393 118 7,049 5,676 12,843	59 2,209 1,769 69 2,680 3,051 5,800	34 1,170 1,098 34 1,962 1,974 3,970	23 738 698 36 1,292 1,441 2,769	5 409 406 6 316 555 877 217	416 14,446 13,273 511 23,491 23,437 47,439
Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machinery £'000 Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	5,644 4,871 17,783	1,372 2,854 10,406	1,444	680	747	120 692	9,414 10,716 40,305

37. Paper Making.—Although the paper manufacturing industry has been established in Australia for many years, it was not until the manufacture of paper pulp from indigenous timber commenced in 1938-39 that any marked development occurred.

Plants producing pulp from eucalypt timber are operating in Victoria and Tasmania, whilst in South Australia pulp is being produced from locally-grown softwoods. The production of pulp rose from 6,000 tons in 1938–39 to 88,000 tons in 1946–47. It remained at about this level until 1949–50 but has since increased steadily to a total of 186,000 tons in 1955–56.

The number of factories operating in 1955-56 comprised four in New South Wales, seven in Victoria, one in Queensland, South Australia, and Western Australia and three in Tasmania. In Tasmania, newsprint, writing and printing papers are produced, and in the other States wrappings, other papers and boards. Particulars for this industry are shown in the following table.

PAPER MAKING, INCLUDING PULP MILLS: AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953–54.	1954–55.	1955–56. (a)
Number of factories Number of persons employed Salaries and wages paid . £'000 Value of power, fuel, etc., used Value of materials used . £'000 Value of production . £'000 Total value of output . £'000 Value of land and buildings Value of plant and machinery Horse-power of engines ordinarili use h.p.	1,961 467 201 1,096 1,005 2,302 850 1,713 31,548	16 7,237 5,852 1,610 14,558 12,623 28,791 6,820 12,961 112,469	17 6,441 5,338 1,649 12,637 11,085 25,371 7,324 15,263	18 7,179 6,130 2,048 15,198 15,451 32,697 8,106 16,810	20 7,611 7,095 2,560 17,474 18,294 38,328 8,255 18,050 157,948	17 7,480 7,813 2,735 18,963 17,330 39,028 9,312 18,640

⁽a) Excludes several establishments ,previously included, engaged in processing but not manufacturing paper.

^{38.} Rubber Goods.—The following table shows particulars of this industry for each State during 1955-56 but excludes establishments engaged primarily in the retreading and repairing of tyres.

RUBBER GOODS, 1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust
Number of factories Number of persons employed	40 6,405	54 6,122	12 1,261	655	(a) 2	(a) 1	117 14,480
Salaries and wages paid £'000	6,189	5,819	944	640] (a)]	(a)	13,616
Value of power, fuel, etc., used £'000	853	816	97	63	(a)	(a)	1,831
Value of materials used £ 000	17,878	16,170	3,341	899	(a)	(a)	38,329
Value of production £'000 Total value of output £'000	8.057 26,788	10,267 27,253	1 850 5,288	1,006 1,968	(a) (a)	(a) (a)	21,211 61,371
Value of land and buildings £'000 Value of plant and machi-	2,253	2,949	448	125	(a)	(a)	5,841
nery £'000	2,232	4,405	298	204	(a)	(a)	7,156
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in use h.p.	45,021	50,882	7,842	2,805	(a)	(a)	106,720

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.

39. Electric Light and Power Works.—(i) Details of Industry. The increased demand for electrical energy has been responsible for considerable development in electric light and power works during recent years. For further information on this subject see Chapter VIII.—Electric Power Generation and Distribution. Particulars of the industry for each State during the year 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years are shown below:—

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS.

1955-56

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	78.	57	57	42	90	8	332
Number of persons employed	5,348	3,007	1,513	(a)	949	(a)·	12,111
Salaries and wages paid . £'000'	5,622	3,315	1,287	(a)	1,000	(a)· (a)·	12,497
Value of power, fuel, etc.,			1		',		
used' £'000	15,477	9,737	5,405	(a)	3,302	(a) (a) (a)	37,479 [,]
Value of materials used £'000	1,693	341	1,416	(a) (a)	368	(a)	4,090
Value of production £'000	20,707	11,397	2,982	(a)	2,664	(a)	43,219
Total value of output £'000	37,877	21,475	9,803	(a)	6,334	(a).	84,788
Value of land and buildings £'000	18,336	12,845	7,592	(a) (a)	1,838	(a)	73,688
Value of plant and machi-	· '	•	1		1 1		
nery £'000	46,338	49,071	24,658	(a).	10,469	(a)	158,377
Generators installed Kilowatt					1 " [
capacity '000 kW	1,661	989	483.	(a)	261	(a)	4,140

ΑU	ST	RAI	JIA.

Items.		1938-39.	1951-52.	1952-53.	1953-54.	1954-55.	1955-56.
Number of factories		395	331	349	351	351	332
Number of persons employed		6,508	10.381	10.891	11,395	11,927	12,111
Salaries and wages paid	£'000	1.977	8,178	9,675	10,308	11,457	12,497
Value of power, fuel, etc., used	£'000	3,239	28,724	32,205	35,083	36,548	37,479
Value of materials used	£2000	530	3.481	3.296	4,800	4,170	4,090
Value of production	£'000:	8,714	18,065	24.582	30,098	37,568	43,219
Total value of output	£'000	12,483	50,270	60.083	69,981	78,286	84,788
Value of land and buildings	£'000	8,388	21,641	29,531	47,369	60,120	73,688
Value of plant and machinery	£'000	27,751	66,630	94,169	122,773	146,273	158,377

(a) Not available for publication: figures are included in the total for Australia.

Particulars of the types of engines and generators installed in Electric Light and Power Works and their rated horse-power are given on page 217.

(ii) Production. The increase in the production of electric light and power in each of the States since 1938-39 is shown in the following table:—

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER WORKS: ELECTRICITY PRODUCED. (Million kWh.)

Year.		N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
1938-39		1,948	1,223	387	256	307	567	4,688
1949-50		3,758	2,706	972	594	417	1 062	9 509
1951-52		4,628	2,964	1,242	788	530	1,145	11,297
1952-53		4 868	3,193	1,349	822	569	1.244	12,045
1953-54		5,450	3,693	1,511	955	627	1.471	13,707
1954-55		5.951	4,152	1,658	1,119	703	1,589	15,172
1955-56		6,505	4,628	1,786	1,204	753	1,794	16.670
1956-57(a)		6,993	4,991	2,032	1,356	786	2,216	18,374

(a) Preliminary-subject to revision.

40. Gas-works.—(i) Details of Industry. Gas-works are in operation in the majority of important towns in Australia. The following table shows particulars of gas-works in each State for the year 1955-56 and for Australia for a series of years:—

GAS-WORKS.

1955-56.

Items.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Number of factories	38	32	16	3	4		95
Number of persons employed	1,472	1,529	401	(a)	191	(a)	4,087
Salaries and wages paid £'000	1.592	1,580	321	(a)	173	(a)	4,148
Value of power, fuel, etc.,]	•	ì	1	!]		
used £'000	1.979	135	35	(a)	105	(a)	2,297
Value of materials used £'000	6,188	5,882	1,011	(a)	640	(a)	15,350
Value of production £'000	4 9 1 0	2,805	767	(a)	280	(a)	9,272
Total value of output £'000	13.077	8,822	1,813	(a)	1.025	(a)	26,919
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,376	659	308	(a)	144	(a)	2,748
Value of plant and machinery £'000	6,115	7,357	1,727	(a)	1,580	(a)	19,828
Horse-power of engines ordinarily	-,		1	` ′	1 1	``'	
in use h.p.	25,283	10,836	2,276	(a)	1,212	(a)	42,082

AUSTRALIA.

Items.	1938–39.	1951–52.	1952–53.	1953-54.	1954–55.	1955–56
Number of factories	107	100	99	98	97	95
Number of persons employed	2,931	4,042	4,199	4,141	4,103	4,087
Salaries and wages paid £'000	785	3,207	3,553	3,767	3,882	4,148
Value of power, fuel, light, etc.,	1	1	! '	· ·	1	,
used £'000	251	1,777	2,080	2,244	2,291	2,297
Value of materials used £'000	1.872	13,401	15,576	15,249	15,187	15,350
Value of production £'000	2.694	7,165	8.473	8,121	9,103	9,272
Total value of output £'000	4.817	22,343	26,129	25,614	26,581	26,919
Value of land and buildings £'000	1,463	2,186	2,342	2,416	2,488	2,748
Value of plant and machinery £ 000	7,498	13,846	15,962	17,235	19,134	19,828
Horse-power of engines ordinarily in	1	, ,		,		,
use h.p.	17,905	28,427	29,514	30,055	33,389	42,082

- (a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia.
- (ii) Coal Used and Production. The following table shows details for 1955-56:-

GAS-WORKS: COAL USED AND PRODUCTION, 1955-56.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tas.	Aust.
Coal used '000 tons Gas produced million cubic ft. Gas sold Coke produced (b) '000 tons	947	657	200	(a)	56	(a)	2,031
	21,984	14,468	3,055	(a)	1,471	(a)	44,578
	18,841	12,394	2,676	(a)	1,270	(a)	38,361
	482	344	84	(a)	22	(a)	1,031

(a) Not available for publication; figures are included in the total for Australia. (b) In addition, 2,058,426 tons of metallurgical coke were made in Coke Works in 1955-56.

Since 1938-39, when the output of gas was 21 thousand million cubic feet, production has increased each year and reached nearly 47 thousand million cubic feet in 1956-57.